

His Worship the Mayor Councillors CITY OF MARION

NOTICE OF URBAN PLANNING COMMITTEE MEETING

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the provisions under Section 83 of the Local Government Act 1999 that a General Council meeting will be held

Tuesday 5 April 2016

Commencing at 6.30pm

In Committee Room 1

Council Administration Centre

245 Sturt Road, Sturt

A copy of the Agenda for this meeting is attached in accordance with Section 83 of the Act.

Meetings of the Council are open to the public and interested members of this community are welcome to attend. Access to Committee Room 2 is via the main entrance to the Administration building on Sturt Road, Sturt.

Adrian Skull

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

31 March 2016

CITY OF MARION
URBAN PLANNING COMMITTEE AGENDA
FOR THE MEETING TO BE HELD ON
TUESDAY 5 APRIL 2016
COMMENCING AT 6.30 PM
COMMITTEE ROOM 1 & 2
245 STURT ROAD, STURT



1. OPEN MEETING

2. KAURNA ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We acknowledge the Kaurna people, the traditional custodians of this land and pay our respects to their elders past and present.

3. MEMBER'S DECLARATION OF INTEREST (if any)

4. CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES

Confirmation of the Minutes for the Urban Planning Committee held on
2 February 2016

5. BUSINESS ARISING

Nil

6. PRESENTATION

Nil

7. REPORTS

7.1	Development Plan Amendment Status Update UPC050416R7.1	9
7.2	Morphettville Racecourse UPC050416R7.2	13
7.3	Hammerhead Development UPC050416R7.3	14
7.4	Housing Diversity DPA	17

8. CONFIDENTIAL ITEMS

Nil

9. ANY OTHER BUSINESS

10. MEETING CLOSURE

The Urban Planning Committee meeting shall conclude on or before 9.30 pm unless there is a specific motion adopted at the meeting to continue beyond that time.

11. NEXT MEETING

The next meeting of the Urban Planning Committee is scheduled to be held on:

Time: 6:30pm Date: 7 June 2016

Venue: Committee Room 1

MINUTES OF THE URBAN PLANNING COMMITTEE HELD AT ADMINISTRATION CENTRE 245 STURT ROAD, STURT ON TUESDAY 2 FEBRUARY 2016



PRESENT

Elected Members

Councillor Nathan Prior (Chair) Councillor Ian Crossland Councillor Jerome Appleby

His Worship the Mayor Kris Hanna (from 8:20 pm)

Independent Member

Mr Bryan Moulds

In Attendance

Ms Abby Dickson General Manager City Development

Mr Steve Hooper Manager Development & Regulatory Services

Ms Rhiannon Hardy Policy Planner

Mr David Melhuish Senior Policy Planner

1. OPEN MEETING

The meeting commenced at 6:32pm.

2. KAURNA ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We begin by acknowledging the Kaurna people, the traditional custodians of this land and pay our respects to their elders past and present.

3. MEMBERS DECLARATION OF INTEREST

The Chairman asked if any Member wished to disclose an interest in relation to any item being considered at the meeting.

No interests were disclosed.

4. CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES

Nil

5. BUSINESS ARISING

Nil

6. PRESENTATION

6.1 Overview of the City of Marion

Presentation on the overview of the City of Marion was provided by Ms Dickson.

7. REPORTS

7.1 Terms of Reference and Overview of Skills

Reference No: UPC020216R7.1

Each of the Committee members provided an overview of their skills and experience.

Moved Councillor Crossland, Seconded Councillor Appleby that the Urban Planning Committee:

- 1. Note the Terms of Reference identified at Appendix 1 to the report.
- 2. Note the overview of skills provided by each of the Committee Members.

Carried Unanimously

7.2 Work Plan 2016

Reference No: UPC020216R7.2

The Committee discussed the option of holding the next Urban Planning Committee meeting at Tonsley.

Action: The Committee requested that Administration check whether a venue is available at Tonsley to hold the next meetings of the Urban Planning Committee and Strategy Committee.

Moved Councillor Appleby, Seconded Mr Moulds that the Urban Planning Committee:

1. Notes the proposed work program for 2016 identified at Appendix 1 to the report.

Carried Unanimously

7.3 Development Plan Amendment Status Update Report Reference: UPC020216R7.3

Mr Hooper addressed the Committee to provide an upda te of Development Plan Amendments.

Action: The Committee requested that Administration seek clarification from the Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure (DPTI) whether Mr Bryan Moulds may attend the upcoming briefing at the Elected Member Forum.

Moved Councillor Crossland, Seconded Councillor Appleby that:

- 1. The Urban Planning Committee notes the status of Ministerial and Council Development Plan Amendments.
- 2. Administration seek clarification from the Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure (DPTI) whether Mr Bryan Moulds may attend the upcoming briefing at the Elected Member Forum.

Carried Unanimously

7.4 Housing Diversity Development Plan Amendment (DPA) Update Report Reference: UPC020216R7.4

Ms Hardy, Mr Hooper and Mr Melhuish addressed the Committee in relation to the status of the Housing Diversity DPA.

The Chair invited questions and comments and the following matters were raised:

- The following areas should be included on the checklist for density assessment:
 - Demographic diversity
 - Modelling future demographics
 - o Include neighbouring suburbs
- The Committee discussed whether older dwelling stock adjacent the tram line should be up-zoned.
- Concern was raised regarding density of 60 dwellings per hectare within 800 metres of Regional/District Centres adjacent trainlines. Desire to protect inner suburbs from infill development.
- Table should highlight key parameters for limitations (character of housing) and opportunities (proximity to transport).
- The checklist could include the following criteria to capture suitability for preservation:
 - Streetscaping
 - Street trees
 - Setbacks
 - o Pre 1940s housing
- Want to avoid missing opportunities for high density development immediately adjacent public transport/arterial roads.

- Map of Council area was provided to Committee members illustrating areas targeted for increased/decreased densities.
- Concern regarding capacity of roads to cater for medium/high density development.
 Future investigations should include capacity of roads and traffic engineering advice for areas targeted for medium/high density.

Action: Administration staff to amend checklists as per the discussions of the Committee. Checklists/information to be emailed to Committee members prior to the next Committee meeting

Moved Councillor Crossland, Seconded Mr Moulds that the Urban Planning Committee:

- 1. Reviewed the draft checklist template and methodology prepared by Administration staff and advised of amendments as identified in the discussion above.
- 2. Provided input on the future direction and investigations to be undertaken as part of the Housing Diversity DPA.
- Note the concerns/issues raised during the debate, and that this information shall be forwarded via email correspondence to Committee members. The information shall be provided at the next Urban Planning Committee to be held on 5 April 2016 for consideration by the Committee.

8:20 pm Mayor Kris Hanna entered the meeting

Carried Unanimously

7.5 Community/Recreation Development Plan Amendment - Statement of Intent Report Reference: UPC020216R7.5

The Committee discussed this item and concern was raised regarding the inclusion of areas that have not ordinarily been used for organised recreational activities, namely:

- Cove Sports and Community Club areas at fringe of precinct (barren land)
- Northern end of Marion Leisure and Fitness Centre

Action: The boundaries surrounding the Cove Sports and Community Club and Marion Leisure and Fitness Centre shall be refined to exclude areas that have not ordinarily been used for organised recreational activities.

Action: Administration to consult with the relevant Ward Councillors regarding the Community/Recreation DPA Statement of Intent (SOI).

Action: Subject to the above 2 actions, prepare report to Council seeking endorsement of the Community/Recreation DPA Statement of Intent (SOI).

Moved Councillor Crossland, Seconded Councillor Appleby that:

1. The Urban Planning Committee recommends that Council endorses the Community/Recreation DPA Statement of Intent (SOI) and seeks that the SOI be

forwarded to the Minister for consideration, subject to consultation with the relevant Ward Councillors.

2. The boundaries surrounding Cove Sports and Community Club and Marion Leisure and Fitness Centre be refined in accordance with the concerns raised.

Carried Unanimously

8. CONFIDENTIAL ITEMS

Nil

9. ANY OTHER BUSINESS

Nil

10. MEETING CLOSURE

The meeting was declared closed at 8:40 pm.

11. NEXT MEETING

The next meeting of the Urban Planning Committee is scheduled to be held on:

Time: 6:30 pm
Date: 5 April 2016
Venue: To be advised

CHAIRPERSON

/

CITY OF MARION URBAN PLANNING COMMITTEE MEETING 5 APRIL 2016

Originating Officer: David Melhuish, Senior Policy Planner

Manager: Steve Hooper, Manager Development & Regulatory

Services

General Manager: Abby Dickson, General Manager City Development

Subject: Development Plan Amendment Status Update

Report Reference: UPC050416R1

REPORT OBJECTIVES/SUMMARY

To update the Committee on the status of current and proposed Ministerial and Council initiated Development Plan Amendments.

RECOMMENDATIONS (1)

DUE DATES

That the Urban Planning Committee:

1. Notes the status of Ministerial and Council Development Plan 5 April 2016 Amendments.

DISCUSSION

The following table outlines the Development Plan Amendments that are in progress and their current status, together with the two new Development Plan Amendments proposed for 2016.

Ministerial Initiated Development Plan Amendments:

Development Plan Amendment	Purpose	Status
Existing Activity Centres Policy Review	Amend all Development Plans in Greater Adelaide Region (except City of Adelaide) with the aim of ensuring more	Council submission on DPA endorsed at 13 October 2015 General Council Meeting.
	consistent assessment processes, procedures and requirements are in place, particularly for shops, offices	Public Hearing held 4 November 2015 Awaiting Minister's decision

	and consulting rooms in areas intended to be a focus for those activities.	
Main South Road/Darlington Area Ministerial Development Plan Amendment	DPA affects Cities of Marion, Mitcham & Onkaparinga. DPA proposes to support delivery of zoning improvements to enable integrated land use and transport outcomes from the \$620 million government investment in the Darlington Upgrade Project, including: • Reviewing policy applying to Sturt Triangle; • Providing for increased density around Tonsley and Clovelly Park Stations • Amend existing policy for residential areas at Tonsley.	Department provided a briefing to Council on proposed policy framework at Elected Members Forum on 16 February 2016. The DPA is currently being compiled by DPTI No further input/feedback has been requested of Council at the time of writing

Council-Initiated Development Plan Amendments:

Development Plan Amendment	Purpose	Status
Castle Plaza Activity Centre Development Plan Amendment	The DPA proposes to create a Mixed Use Zone facilitating the redevelopment and expansion of the existing shopping centre into a more intensely developed, compact and vibrant "mixed use activity centre" with a focus on integration with public transport together with the provision for higher density housing.	Endorsed by Council at its meeting on 19 January 2016 as being suitable for Ministerial Authorisation subject to the endorsement of a report written by an accredited site contamination auditor, which confirms the suitability of the subject site for the intended uses outlined in the DPA. Three (3) separate 'site contamination audit reports' relating to Audit Areas 1, 2 & 3 have been provided to Council and the Minister, stating that these areas are suitable for a restricted range of uses — including medium to high density residential, with minimal access to the soil, subject to restrictions, conditions and recommendations.

		A report on the contamination audit will be considered at Council on 12 April 2016
Seacliff Park Residential & Activity Centre Development Plan Amendment (Cities of Marion & Holdfast Bay)	The DPA proposes to create a Suburban Neighbourhood zone to facilitate the appropriate development of an approximately 8.34 hectare site informally referred to as "Cement Hill" including a neighbourhood activity centre and medium density residential development.	Approved by Minister for public consultation August 2015. There are ongoing negotiations regarding the Cement Hill development and some of the details are still being finalised. Public Consultation will commence once these negotiations are finalised.
Recreation/Community Use Development Plan Amendment	The proposed DPA involves rezoning a number of the larger recreation facilities and community centres to Community Zone. This zone/policy area more appropriately supports the forms of development envisaged for the facilities in question.	A Statement of Intent (SOI) for the DPA was considered by the Committee at the 2 February meeting. The Committee sought the following Actions: The boundaries surrounding the Cove Sports and Community Club and Marion Leisure and Fitness Centre shall be refined to exclude areas that have not ordinarily been used for organised recreational activities. Administration to consult with the relevant Ward Councillors regarding the DPA SOI. Subject to the above 2 actions, prepare report to Council seeking endorsement of the DPA SOI. Amendments were undertaken to the DPA. Council on 22 March 2016 endorsed that Council: Endorses the Community / Recreation DPA Statement of Intent (SOI). Includes Glade Crescent Reserve in the Statement of Intent. Forwards the SOI to the Minister for consideration.

Housing Diversity DPA

DPA which reviews the residential densities permitted in the existing Policy Areas of the Residential Zone. It is intended that the review will identify residential areas falling into the following two categories:

- Areas where the original pattern of housing is still intact, and which are not located in proximity to public transport or activity centres, where further infill development can be curtailed.
- Areas which are in proximity to public transport and activity centres, where density guidelines can be amended to facilitate increased housing density.

Administration prepared a draft checklist template for the suburb of South Plympton, for information purposes only. This checklist template would be applied to each suburb to assess the suitability of the identified areas for either increased or decreased densities.

Administration sought guidance from the Committee Members as to whether the methodology employed in the checklist template was considered appropriate.

Checklists were considered by the Committee at the 2 February meeting. The Committee sought the following Actions:

- Administration staff to amend checklists as per the discussions of the Committee.
- Checklists/information to be emailed to Committee members prior to the next Committee meeting.

Refer to Agenda Item R7.4

CITY OF MARION URBAN PLANNING COMMITTEE MEETING 5 APRIL 2016

Originating Officer: David Melhuish, Senior Policy Planner

Manager: Steve Hooper, Manager Development & Regulatory

Services

General Manager: Abby Dickson, General Manager City Development

Subject: Morphettville Racecourse

Report Reference: UPC050416R2

INTRODUCTION

Geoff Bone on behalf of the South Australian Jockey Association (SAJC) is to make a presentation at the Elected Members' Forum held on 5 April 2016 on the potential future development of the northern section of the Morphettville Racecourse.

RECOMMENDATIONS (2)

DUE DATES

That the Urban Planning Committee:

1. Notes the presentation by Geoff Bone on behalf of the SAJC at the Elected Members' Forum held on 5 April 2016. April 2016

2. Seeks that Administration prepare a report to Council advising of the presentation and possible amendments required to the Development Plan.

April/May 2016

DISCUSSION

Geoff Bone on behalf of the South Australian Jockey Association (SAJC) is to make a presentation at the Elected Members' Forum held on 5 April 2016 on the potential future development of the northern section of the Morphettville Racecourse. The development will involve land located in both the City of Marion and the City of West Torrens, which would require amendments to the Development Plans of both Councils.

Further input is sought from the Urban Planning Committee to inform the development of a report for Council's consideration.

Report Reference: UPC050416R2 Bluepoint file number: 3.71.7.15

CITY OF MARION URBAN PLANNING COMMITTEE MEETING 5 APRIL 2016

Originating Officer: David Melhuish, Senior Policy Planner

Manager: Steve Hooper, Manager Development & Regulatory

Services

General Manager: Abby Dickson, General Manager City Development

Subject: Hammerhead Development

Report Reference: UPC050416R3

INTRODUCTION

Council's Development Assessment Panel has requested that Council introduce a new policy that prevents or restricts hammerhead development within the Council area.

RECOMMENDATIONS (1)

DUE DATES

That the Urban Planning Committee:

1. Recommends that following Ministerial support for the Housing Diversity DPA, Council administration undertake detailed consideration of hammerhead development as part of the investigation process for that DPA.

April 2016

BACKGROUND

At the 3 February 2016 meeting, Council's Development Assessment Panel suggested that Council consider introducing a new Development Plan policy that:

- prevents or restricts hammerhead development on ex isting residential allotments, to maintain the attractiveness of the streetscape and minimise driveways onto public roads
- supports amalgamation of existing allotments to enable more comprehensive and orderly development.

DISCUSSION

Hammerhead development is a legitimate form of dwelling layout within most residential policy areas in Council's Development Plan. It is a form of development that is often sought if the applicant wishes to retain an existing dwelling and proposes a second dwelling to the rear, or proposes two dwellings on an all otment that is not wide enough for two dwellings alongside each other.

By the very nature/design of hammerhead development, even though the relevant policy criteria are being met, there can be an impact beyond the site, particularly regarding streetscapes, driveway location and rear yard character. This is a situation that has been recognised for some time by both Marion and a number of other Councils. It is noted that

West Torrens Council, as part of a recent 'Housing Diversity DPA', has put restrictions on hammerhead development in a few of its residential policy areas, particularly low density and character areas.

Marion's 'Housing Diversity DPA' provides a good opportunity to review the policy relating to hammerhead development. Following Ministerial support for the 'Statement of Intent' Council administration can undertake more detailed consideration of the issue.

Appendices:

Appendix 1: Extract from DAP Minutes - 3 February 2016

Report Reference: UPC050416R3 Bluepoint file number: 3.71.7.11

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DAP030216

OTHER BUSINESS

- 3.1 Appeals update
- 3.2 Policy Observations

The Panel suggest that Council consider Development Plan policy that prevents or restricts hammerhead development on existing residential allotments, to maintain the attractiveness of the streetscape and minimise driveways onto public roads, and instead introduces policy that supports amalgamation of existing allotments for more comprehensive, orderly development.

4. CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES

The minutes of this meeting held Wednesday 3 February 2016 taken as read and confirmed this third day of February 2016.

5. CLOSURE

MEETING DECLARED CLOSED AT 7.37PM

Gavin Lloyd-Jønes Presiding Member

CITY OF MARION URBAN PLANNING COMMITTEE MEETING 5 APRIL 2016

Originating Officer: Rhiannon Hardy, Policy Planner

Manager: Steve Hooper, Manager Development & Regulatory

Services

General Manager: Abby Dickson, General Manager City Development

Subject: Housing Diversity Development Plan Amendment (DPA)

Report Reference: UPC050416R4

REPORT OBJECTIVES/SUMMARY

This report presents Committee Members with Administration staff's investigations of each suburb in the City of Marion in relation to whether identified areas satisfy the criteria for:

- a) Potential reduced housing density
- b) Potential increased housing diversity.

Committee Members should review the suburb analyses and advise whether the areas recommended by Administration staff are appropriate to proceed with as a basis for the forthcoming Statement of Intent (SOI).

RECOMMENDATIONS (2)

DUE DATES

That the Urban Planning Committee:

1. Review the 20 suburb checklists (Appendices 3-22) prepared by Administration staff and confirm whether the areas identified on the map labelled "Staff's Recommendation" (summarised in Appendix 1 and illustrated in Appendix 2) are appropriate to inform the forthcoming Statement of Intent (SOI).

April 2016

2. Recommends that Council resolve to write to the Minister for Planning to seek clarification on whether the proposed Housing Diversity DPA is consistent with the proposed directions of the revised 30 Year Plan for Greater Adelaide and the forthcoming Planning, Development and Infrastructure Bill.

April 2016

BACKGROUND

At various forums throughout 2015, Council Members have discussed the development of a DPA which reviews the residential densities permitted in the existing Policy Areas of the Residential Zone. It is intended that the review will identify residential areas falling into the following two categories:

Report Reference: UPC050416R4 Bluepoint file number: 3.71.7.11

- 1. Areas where the original pattern of housing is still intact, and which are not located in proximity to public transport or activity centres, where further infill development can be curtailed.
- 2. Areas which are in proximity to public transport and activity centres, where density guidelines can be amended to facilitate increased housing diversity.

In November 2015, Elected Members participated in a preliminary workshop to identify areas suitable for a change in density in each suburb in the City of Marion. These areas have been plotted on mapping software by Administration staff, and will be available for viewing at this meeting of the Urban Planning Committee.

DISCUSSION

Suburb Analyses

Based on feedback from the Urban Planning Committee Members at the last meeting on 2 February 2016, Administration staff has prepared a suburb analysis for all suburbs within the City of Marion (excluding Mitchell Park, Bedford Park and Clovelly Park, which will be the subject of a future Ministerial DPA for the Main South Road/Darlington Upgrade).

Each suburb analysis details the areas identified for potential increased housing diversity, reduced housing density or no policy change by Elected Members in the Elected Members Forum held in November 2015. The analysis subsequently considers a number of relevant factors, including:

- Dwelling age
- Capital to site value ratio
- Proximity to activity centres and public transport
- Proximity to public open space
- Current dwelling and population density
- Key demographic information
- Heritage items
- Topography
- Recent development activity
- · Relevant policies of adjoining council areas
- Streetscape characteristics.

The checklists incorporate a map titled "Proximity to public transport stations and activity centres". In response to the feedback received at the previous meeting of the Urban Planning Committee, and further email correspondence from Committee Members, the catchment areas surrounding activity centres and public transport stations has been halved from that recommended by the 30 Year Plan for Greater Adelaide. Accordingly, the maps illustrate the following halved catchment areas:

- 400 metres from District, Regional and Neighbourhood Centre Zones
- 400 metres from train and train stations
- 200 metres from high frequency bus routes stops (i.e. bus stops on arterial roads)
- 200 metres from Local Centre Zones.

Based on all information in the suburb analysis, a recommendation is offered as to whether the identified increased housing diversity or reduced housing density is feasible. A map is provided at the end of each analysis which illustrates staff's recommendation of the potential areas for increased housing diversity, reduced housing density, or no policy change.

It is requested that the Urban Planning Committee review each suburb analysis and advise whether the areas identified on the map labelled "Staff's Recommendation" (contained in

Report Reference: UPC050416R4 Bluepoint file number: 3.71.7.11

Appendix 2, and summarised in Appendix 1) are appropriate to inform the forthcoming Statement of Intent (SOI).

Letter to Minister

The State Government is currently reviewing *The 30-Year Plan for Greater Adelaide*, which is part of the South Australian Planning Strategy. The update will focus on infill and renewal and jobs growth, distribute revised population and dwelling targets, update land and housing supply assumptions, and set locations and directions for "next generation" of infill and medium density housing.

The State Government has also prepared a Planning, Development and Infrastructure Bill, which will become the Planning, Development and Infrastructure Act 2015, will replace the Development Act 1993. Significant changes are proposed to be made to the planning system as a consequence of the Bill.

Given the relevance of these upcoming legislative changes, it is staff's view that Council should write to the Minister for Planning to seek advice whether Council's proposed Housing Diversity DPA is consistent with the State Government's future directions. It is considered appropriate to request such information at this stage of the DPA (prior to preparing and submitting a Statement of Intent (SOI)) in order to ensure that the information and directions within the SOI are relevant to and consistent with future State legislation.

A draft letter to the Minister for Planning is contained in Appendix 23.

APPENDICES

Appendix 1: Summary of suburb recommendations

Appendix 2: Maps of areas identified/recommended for increased housing diversity and

reduced housing density:

a) Elected Members Forum November 2015

b) Administration staff March 2016

Appendix 3: Suburb Analysis for Ascot Park

Appendix 4: Suburb Analysis for Darlington/Seacombe Heights

Appendix 5: Suburb Analysis for Dover Gardens
Appendix 6: Suburb Analysis for Edwardstown
Appendix 7: Suburb Analysis for Glandore
Appendix 8: Suburb Analysis for Glengowrie
Appendix 9: Suburb Analysis for Hallett Cove

Appendix 10: Suburb Analysis for Marino
Appendix 11: Suburb Analysis for Marino
Appendix 12: Suburb Analysis for Morphe

Appendix 12: Suburb Analysis for Morphettville
Appendix 13: Suburb Analysis for Oaklands Park
Appendix 14: Suburb Analysis for Park Holme

Appendix 15: Suburb Analysis for Plympton Park
Appendix 16: Suburb Analysis for Seacombe Gardens

Appendix 17: Suburb Analysis for Seaview Downs/Seacliff Park

Appendix 18: Suburb Analysis for Sheidow Park Appendix 19: Suburb Analysis for South Plympton

Appendix 20: Suburb Analysis for Sturt

Appendix 21: Suburb Analysis for Trott Park/O'Halloran Hill

Appendix 22: Suburb Analysis for Warradale Appendix 23: Letter to the Minister for Planning

Report Reference: UPC050416R4 Bluepoint file number: 3.71.7.11

Appendix 1: Summary of Suburb Recommendations (Appendices 3-22)

Suburb	Recommendation			
	In relation to the reduced housing density area, that:	In relation to the increased housing diversity area, that:		
Ascot Park	 a) The locality is reduced on the eastern and western sides to allow for higher density housing adjacent transit corridors; b) The locality is increased to the north to encompass certain properties on Wolseley Terrace (that are outside of the train station catchment area); and c) Further investigations are undertaken of the remaining central area to determine whether it displays sufficient characteristics to warrant character preservation and/or different density criteria. 	The locality is decreased to exclude: a) central areas which are not in proximity to public transport/centres b) commercial areas fronting Marion and Daws Road. It is recommended that the locality is increased to include the triangular portion of land in the south-western corner of the suburb, immediately adjacent to the Neighbourhood Centre Zone.		
Darlington/Seacombe Heights	Locality 1 is excluded from consideration and density controls remain as per the current Hills Policy Area 11. Locality 2 is reduced in size to exclude areas south of Truscott Avenue.	Locality 3 is reduced in size to exclude areas south of James Street.		
Dover Gardens	N/A	The locality is increased in size to include: a) A catchment area of approximately 200 metres from bus stops along the arterial roads. b) A catchment area of approximately 400 metres from the Regional Centre Zone. It is recommended that the site of the former Dover Gardens Primary School is excluded from the locality.		
Edwardstown	Locality 1 is reduced to exclude the existing Residential Character Policy Area 17, as this area is to remain as Residential Character Policy Area 17. Locality 2 is suitable to proceed as proposed for Residential Character zoning, as identified in the Draft Residential Character DPA from 2013.	Locality 3 is suitable for increased densities, and is maintained as proposed. Locality 4 is reduced in size to remove the southern portion of the locality.		
Glandore	a) The existing Residential Character Policy Area 17 is excluded from the locality (to remain as Residential Character Policy Area 17); and b) The remaining locality is rezoned to be included within the Residential Character Policy Area 17.	The locality is modified to exclude those properties fronting South Road that are located in the Commercial Zone.		

Glengowrie	It is recommended that further investigations be undertaken to determine appropriate forms of housing and minimum allotment sizes for the remainder of the suburb.	It is recommended that a strip 200 metres wide on the western side of Morphett Road and on the eastern side of Diagonal Road be considered for densities of 35 dwellings per hectare (with due consideration of the need for a transition adjacent to properties within Holdfast Bay Council).
Hallett Cove	N/A	Locality 1 (Hallett Cove East) is reduced in size to include only areas surrounding Hallett Cove Railway Station and District Centre. Locality 2 (Hallett Cove Coastal) is reduced in size to include only areas within 400 metres of the Hallett Cove Railway Station and Hallett Cove Beach Railway Station. Frontage widths in the Southern Policy Area 18 are subject to review.
Marino	N/A	The locality is reduced in size to include only areas within 400 metres of the Marino and Marino Rocks Railway Stations (excluding areas south-east of Ravine Street and Barula Road due to severe land gradient).
Marion	 A new policy area is introduced in the "Marion Historic Village" area which recognises the historic past of the area and promotes a high street/village character along the northern end of Finniss Street. Areas from the proposed southern boundary down to Norfolk Road be included in within the locality. Further investigations be undertaken to determine appropriate forms of development/housing for the locality at lower densities than currently allowed by the Development Plan. 	 Council undertake further investigations into the future directions of the area north of the rail corridor, comprising existing Residential Character Area 17 (Oaklands Estate), to ensure the most appropriate form of development for the area, whilst maintaining elements of the garden/landscape character. That part of the locality south of the rail corridor is extended southward to Orkney Road to allow higher density development to occur at approx. 35 dwellings/hectare. Council consider rezoning localities 3 and 4 to allow higher density development to occur at approx. 35 dwellings/hectare.
Morphettville	 Locality 1: The western section of the locality within 200m of Morphett Road be rezoned for densities of 35 dwellings/hectare Properties within 200m of Morphett Road north of Locality 1, up to Bray Street, be considered for densities of 35 dwellings/hectare The remainder of the properties within Locality 1 retain existing zoning and densities Locality 2 retain existing zoning and densities. 	Locality 2 retain existing zoning and densities.

Oaklands Park	Locality 1 is excluded from consideration for decreased densities and be considered for potential increased housing diversity. Locality 2: • The locality be reduced in size to include only the northern eastern portion south of the rail corridor. • The centrally-located eastern portion remains in the current Northern Policy Area 13 • The south-western portion is included in the increased housing diversity area.	Locality 3 is increased in size in order to: a) Include areas located within 400 metres (5 minutes walking distance) of the Regional Centre Zone (to achieve 60 du/ha, therefore a new infill precinct would be appropriate such as the Urban Corridor Zone); b) Include areas located within 400 metres (5 minutes walking distance) of Oaklands Railway Station (to achieve 35 du/ha, therefore potential zoning as Regeneration Policy Area 16); c) Exclude the area north of Shearing Street, as this area is not within 400 metres of the railway station or Regional Centre, and is already zoned Medium Density Policy Area 12 (approx. 26 du/ha); d) Exclude the area east of Carlton Street, as it is not located in proximity to activity centres or public transport stations. e) Exclude the area comprising Selway and Kearnes roads as this area is in proximity to the railway station warranting 35 du/ha, but is already zoned Regeneration Policy Area 16 (approx. 32 du/ha).
Park Holme	The locality is maintained for a reduction in density policies. The density guidelines of the Northern Policy Area 13 (approx. 22 dwellings/hectare) are considered appropriate for this area.	The eastern and southern portions of the suburb that are generally located within 200 metres of Marion Road and Oaklands Road are appropriate for increased housing diversity.
Plympton Park	Locality 1 is excluded from consideration for reduced housing density, and is instead considered for increased housing diversity policies. Locality 2 is maintained for reduced housing density as a Residential Character Policy Area. Locality 3 is modified to exclude: • 3 row dwellings on the southern extremity of the locality • 2 semi-detached dwellings on Tennyson Avenue • The eastern portion of the locality located in close proximity to Marion Road • The north-western portion of the locality which is located within 400 metres of the tram station, and which has recently been granted approval for redevelopment of 1-3 Browning Avenue. It is recommended that further investigations are undertaken of the remaining area to determine whether the locality maintains sufficient character value to warrant preservation and/or different density criteria.	The northern and eastern portions of the suburb are identified for increased housing diversity policies.

Seacombe Gardens	N/A	Locality 1 is increased in size to the south to capture areas located within 400 metres of the Regional Centre Zone. Locality 2 is increased in size, in order to: a) Provide a 200 metre catchment (2-3 minutes walking distance) from Seacombe Road; and b) Incorporate properties adjacent Morphett Road.
Seaview Downs/Seacliff Park	N/A	Locality 1 (Seaview Downs) is reduced in size to exclude areas south of Gawler Street, on the eastern side of the locality. Locality 2 (Seacliff Park) not be considered for increased housing diversity and dwelling densities remain as per the current Hills Policy Area 11.
Sheidow Park	Locality 1 is excluded from consideration and maintained as Worthing Mine Policy Area 20.	The locality is excluded from the increased housing diversity area, but that frontage widths in the Southern Policy Area 18 are subject to review.
South Plympton	Further investigations are undertaken to determine whether Locality 1 maintains sufficient character value to warrant preservation and/or different density criteria. Locality 2 is modified to exclude the portion closest to Marion Road, and that further investigations are undertaken of the remaining area to determine whether it displays sufficient characteristics to warrant character preservation and/or different density criteria. Locality 3 is excluded from consideration.	Locality 4 is reduced in size to include only the northern and western portions of the suburb.
Sturt	The locality is excluded from consideration for decreased density, and instead is identified for increased housing diversity.	The locality is increased in size to include: a) Areas within 400 metres of the Regional Centre Zone b) Areas within 100-200 metres of high frequency bus routes along Diagonal, Sturt, Marion and Seacombe Roads.
Trott Park/O'Halloran Hill	N/A	The locality is excluded from increased housing diversity and remains within the current Southern Policy Area 18.

Warradale

Locality 1:

- Further investigations be undertaken to determine whether land within 200 metres of Morphett Road and Diagonal Road are suitable for increased densities of up to 35 dwellings/hectare.
- The remainder of the locality is retained for potential reduced housing density, and that further investigations are undertaken to determine whether dwellings/streetscapes maintain sufficient value/amenity to warrant preservation and/or different density criteria.

Locality 2:

- Land within 200 metres of Diagonal Road and 400 metres of the rail station be considered for rezoning to allow for increased housing diversity, with density up to 35 du/ha.
- The remainder of the locality is retained for potential reduced housing density, and that further investigations are undertaken to determine whether dwellings/streetscapes maintain sufficient value/amenity to warrant preservation and/or different density criteria.

Locality 3:

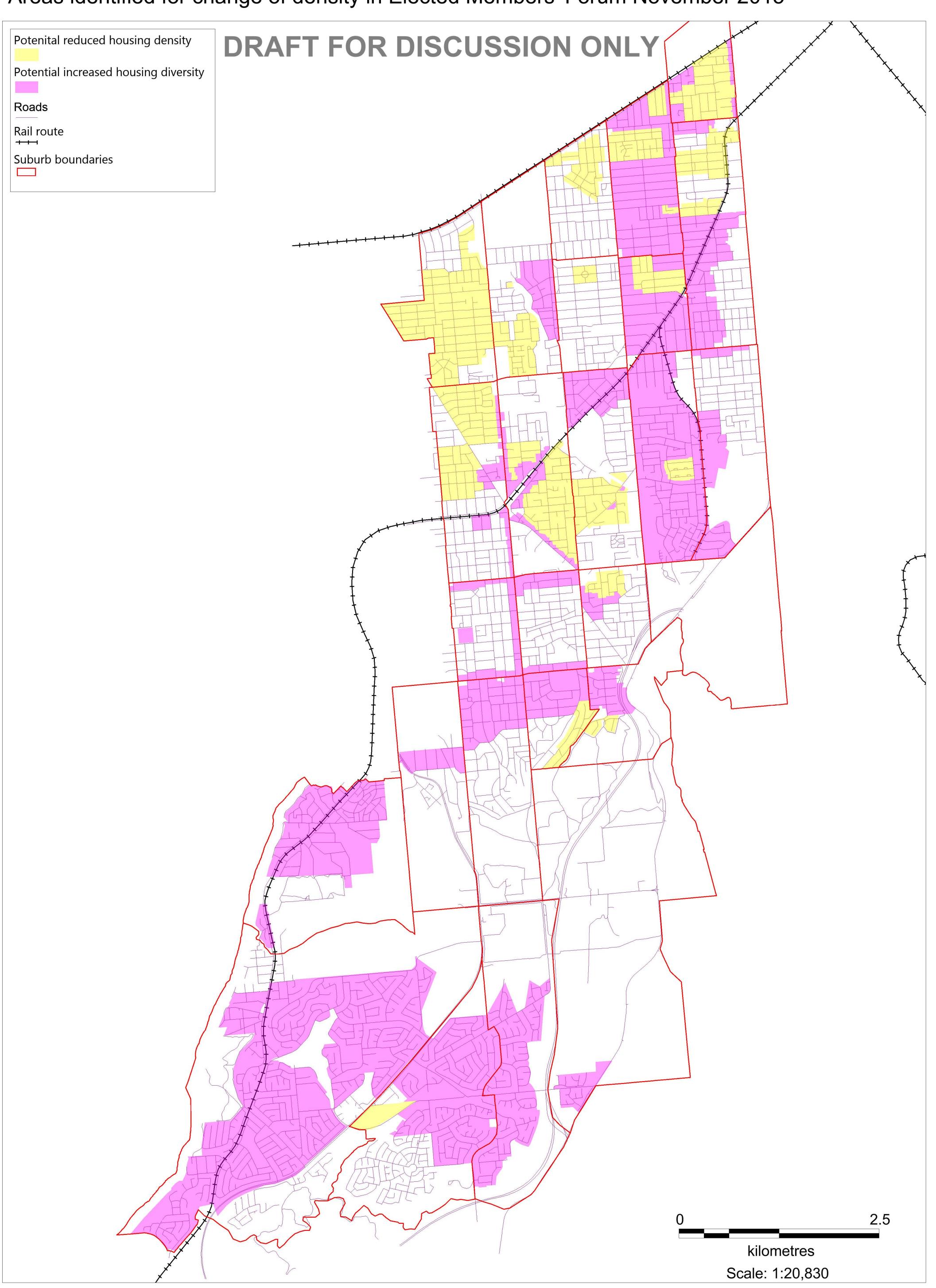
- The southern section of the locality be extended to include an area bounded by Egmont in the north, the rail line in the south and the Council boundary to the west.
- This extended area allow for increased densities of up to 35 du/ha.
- The northern section fronting Morphett Road be rezoned to allow for increased densities of up to 35 du/ha.
- Further investigations be undertaken to ascertain the appropriate allotment depth (may be dependent on whether area is to be rezoned 'Urban Corridor' – seeking taller/higher densities, or up-zoned to a medium density form of development).

Locality 4:

- The locality is extended to include the entire area between the rail line, Sturt Road, Morphett Road and the Council boundary to the east.
- That part of the locality within 400 metres of Morphett Road allow for increased densities up to 60 du/ha.
- The remainder of the locality allow for increased densities up to 35 du/ha.

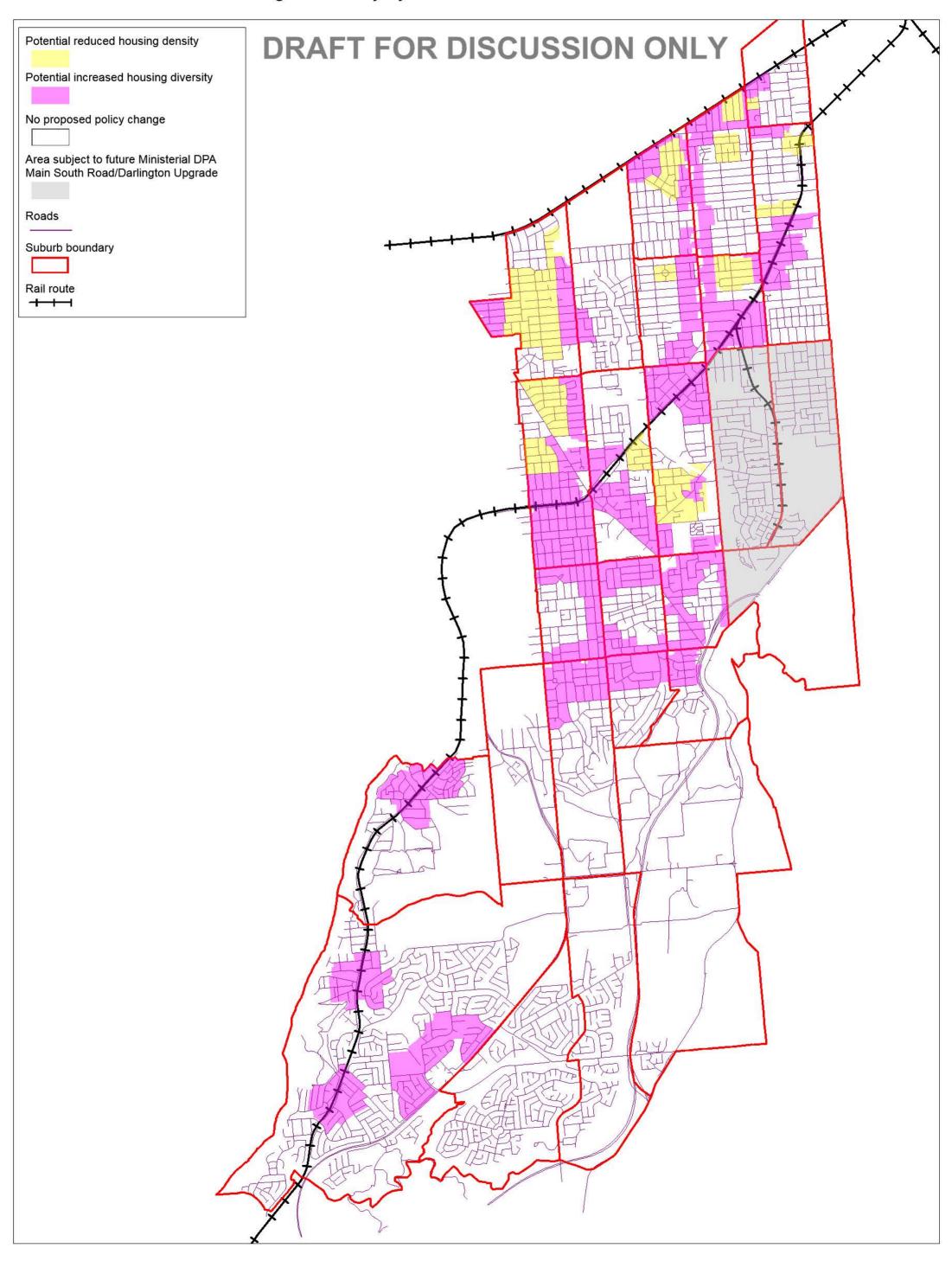
Areas Identified by Elected Members

Areas identified for change of density in Elected Members' Forum November 2015



Areas recommended by Administration staff

Areas recommended for change of density by Administration staff - March 2016



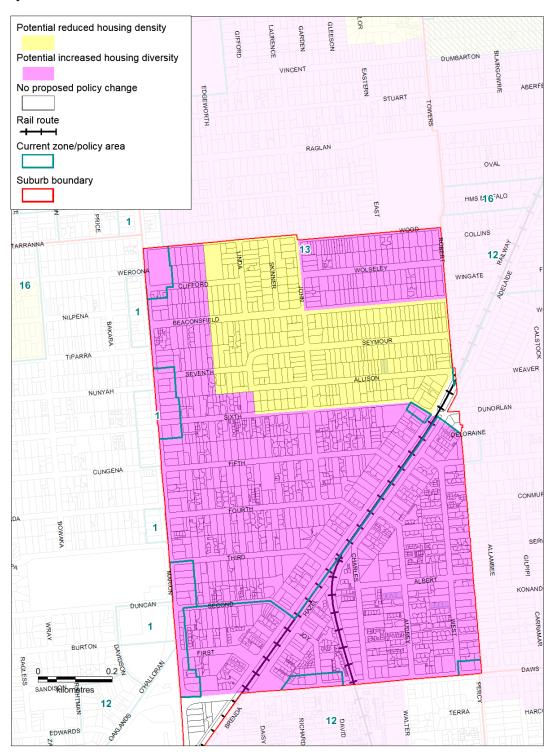


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307 properties identified for potential reduced housing density 1854 properties identified for potential increased housing diversity

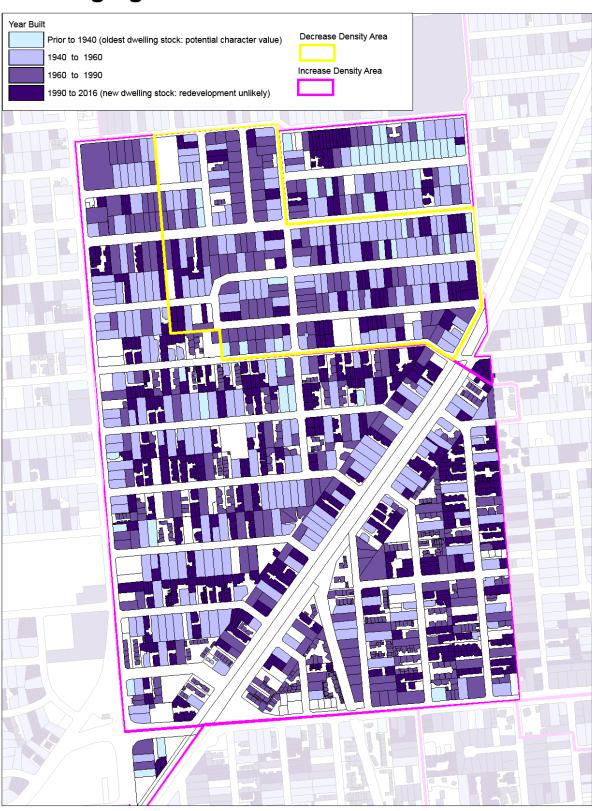
Areas identified for change of density

by Elected Members in November 2015



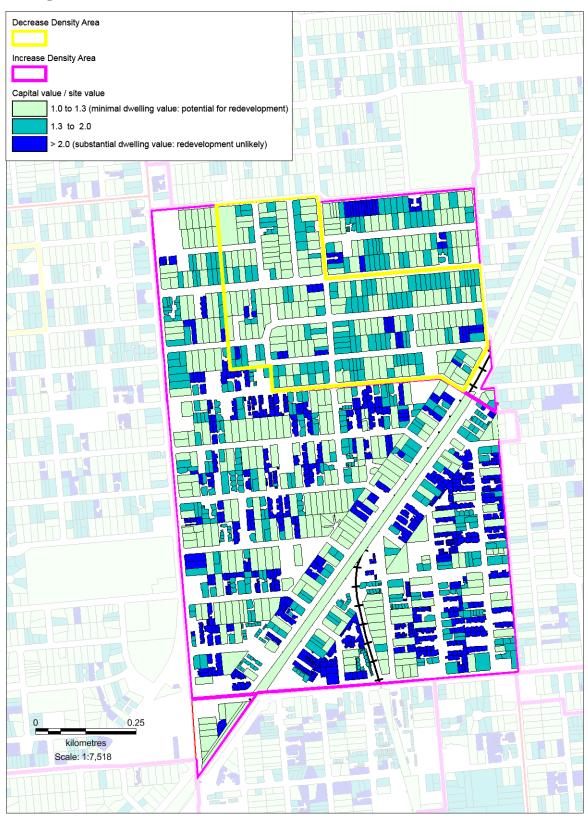


Dwelling Age

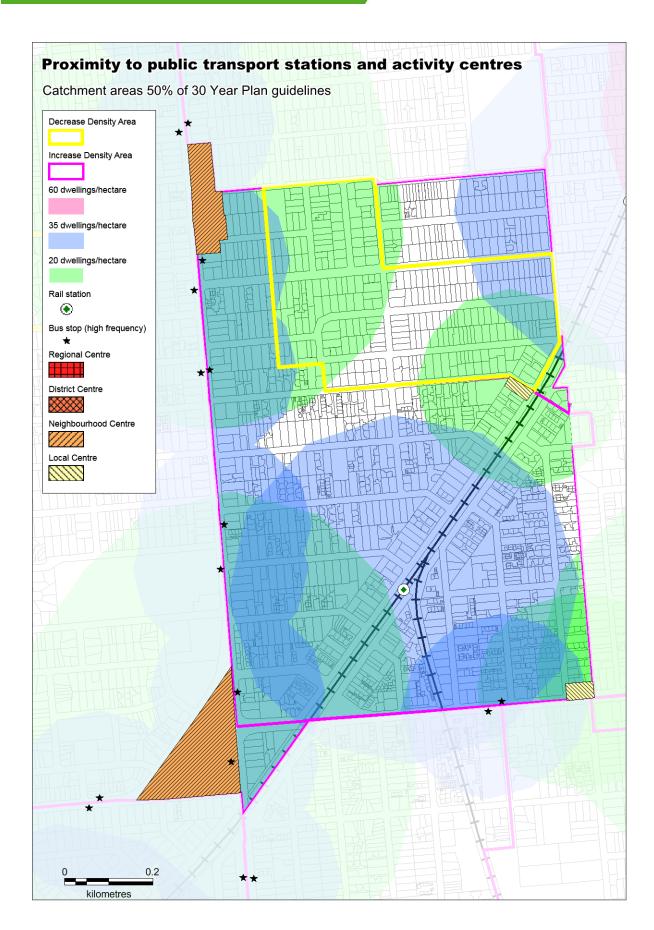




Capital value / site value ratio

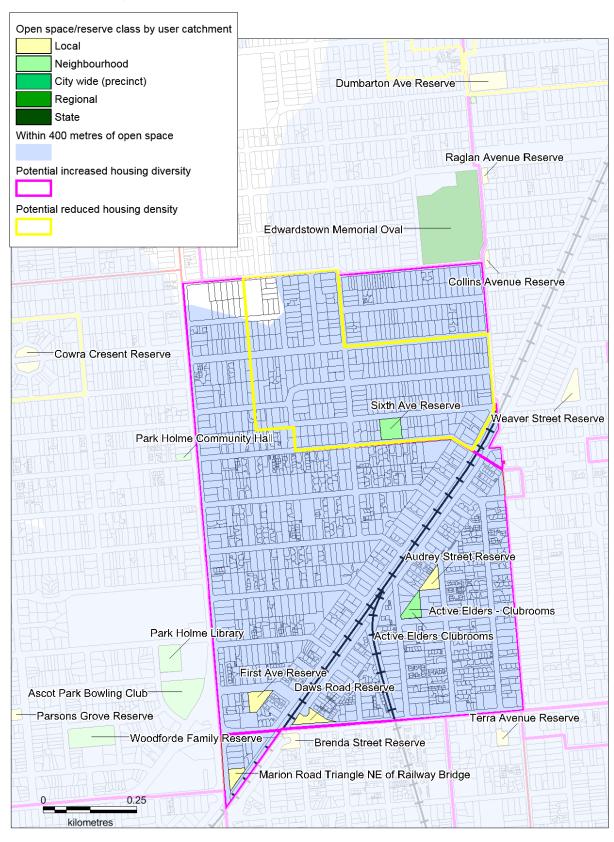








Proximity to public open space





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Suburb			
Suburb size		100.6 hectares 1577 dwellings (in 2016) 2996 residents (in 2011)	
Current density		15.7 dwellings per hectare 29.8 persons per hectare	
Current Policy Areas		Northern Policy Area 13 (north-west of trainline) Medium Density Policy Area 12 (south of trainline)	
Demographic trends (2011)	Age	Higher proportion of "young workforce", lower proportion of people in the younger age groups (0 to 17 years) as well as a lower proportion of people in the older age groups (60+ years).	
	Households	Higher proportion of dwellings with 2 bedrooms or less, and a lower proportion of dwellings with 4 or more bedrooms.	
Topography		< 1:10, negligible gradient	
Recent development activity (residential)		1600 1500 1550 1550 1532 1538 1,548 1516 1464 1441 1400 1350 1350 1450 1350 1450	
		Jun-10 Oct-11 Jun-11 Jun-11 Oct-11 Feb-12 Jun-13 Oct-13 Feb-14 Jun-14 Oct-14 Feb-15 Jun-15 Oct-15	

Potential reduced housing density (yellow)		
Locality commentary		The locality is located in the northern part of the suburb, including Linda, Skinner, Beaconsfield, Seymour, Alison and Sixth streets.
Current Policy Area		Northern Policy Area 13 (approx. 21 dwellings/hectare)
Locality size		21.9 hectares, containing 307 properties
Current density		14.0 dwellings per hectare
transport and activity dwellings/hectare due to proximity to bus/train stops. Centre centres locality (approx.) suitable for 20 dwellings/hectare due to proximity to bus/train stops.		Eastern and western edges of locality (approx. 10%) suitable for 35 dwellings/hectare due to proximity to bus/train stops. Central 60% of locality (approx.) suitable for 20 dwellings/hectare due to proximity to local and neighbourhood centres.
Approximate age of	< 1940	4% (11 properties)
dwelling stock	1940-1960	34% (105 properties)
	1960 – 1990	32% (98 properties)
	> 1990	25% (79 properties)
	Other	5% (data not available)
	Summary	2/3 of properties constructed between 1940 and 1990 1/4 of properties constructed after 1990
Capital to site value	1.0 – 1.3	51% (158 properties)
ratio	1.3 – 2.0	39% (120 properties)
	> 2.0	7% (21 properties)
	Other	3% (data not available)
	Summary	Majority of locality maintains ratio below 1.3, indicating that dwelling stock is of relatively poor value compared to land value.
Streetscape characteristics		



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dwellings constructed after 1990).

Recommendation

Only 4% of dwellings in the locality were constructed prior to 1940, and therefore the built form does not maintain "character" housing qualities. This being said, the original pattern of development is preserved in certain areas. The central area of the locality is not in close proximity to transport/centres and therefore could be considered for further restriction in density controls. The eastern and western edges of the locality are in proximity to bus/train stops, and therefore warrant densities up to 35 dwellings/hectare.

It is considered appropriate to increase the locality to encompass properties on Wolseley Terrace, as a number of these properties represent original dwelling stock constructed prior to 1940.

It is recommended that:

- a) the locality is reduced on the eastern and western sides to allow for higher density housing adjacent transit corridors;
- the locality is increased to the north to encompass certain properties on Wolseley Terrace (that are outside of the train station catchment area); and
- c) further investigations are undertaken of the remaining central area to determine whether it displays sufficient characteristics to warrant character preservation and/or different density criteria.

to proximity to train stations (within 400 metres) and bus stops (200 metres). Parts of the central area of the locality are suitable for 20 dwellings/hectare, but this density reflects

ocality		The locality comprises the remainder of the suburb.
commentary Current Policy		Medium Density Policy Area 12 (south of train line: 26 du/ha)
Areas		Northern Policy Area 13 (north of train line: 21 du/ha)
Locality size		76.7 hectares, containing 1854 properties
Current density		24.2 dwellings per hectare
Proximity to public transport and activity centres		Approximately 70% of the locality is suitable for 35 dwellings/hectare due to proximity to bus stops (200 metres) and train stations (400 metres). Central areas are suitable for 20 du/ha due to proximity to centres, however this density already reflects the current zoning as Policy Areas 12/13.
Approximate age of	< 1940	2% (35 properties)
dwelling stock	1940 – 1960	12% (216 properties)
	1960 – 1990	31% (575 properties)
	> 1990	32% (602 properties)
	Other	23% (data not available)
	Summary	Approximately 1/3 of properties constructed between 1960-90, and another 1/3 constructed after 1990.
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	16% (295 properties)
	1.3 – 2.0	26% (486 properties)
	> 2.0	44% (810 properties)
	Other	14% (data not available)
	Summary	Relatively high capital value indicates that there has already been a significant extent of redevelopment in the locality.

the current zoning, so no further up-zoning is required.

It is recommended that the locality is decreased to exclude:



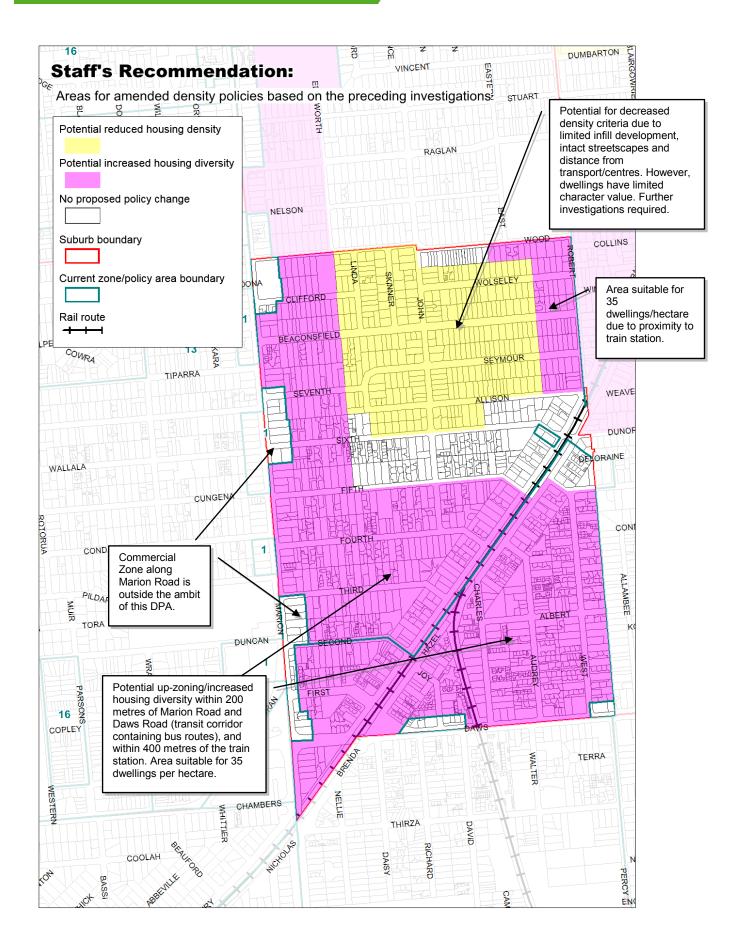
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- a) central areas which are not in proximity to public transport/centresb) commercial areas fronting Marion and Daws Road.

It is recommended that the locality is increased to include the triangular portion of land in the south-western corner of the suburb, immediately adjacent to the Neighbourhood Centre Zone.



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Darlington & Seacombe Heights

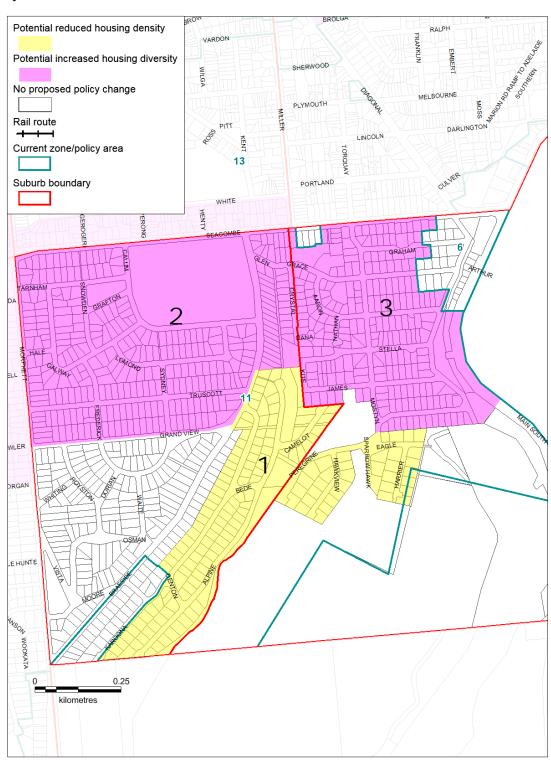


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163 properties identified for potential reduced housing density 541 properties identified for potential increased housing diversity

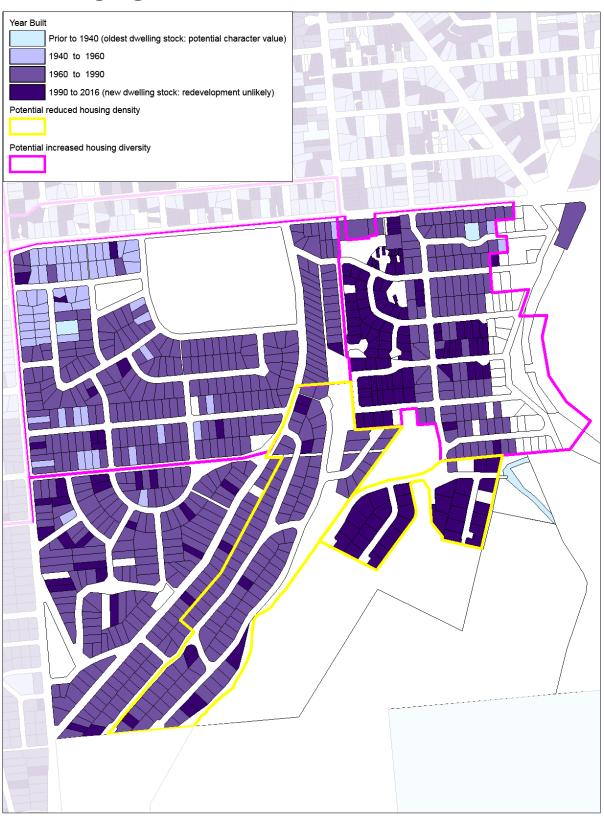
Areas identified for change of density

by Elected Members in November 2015



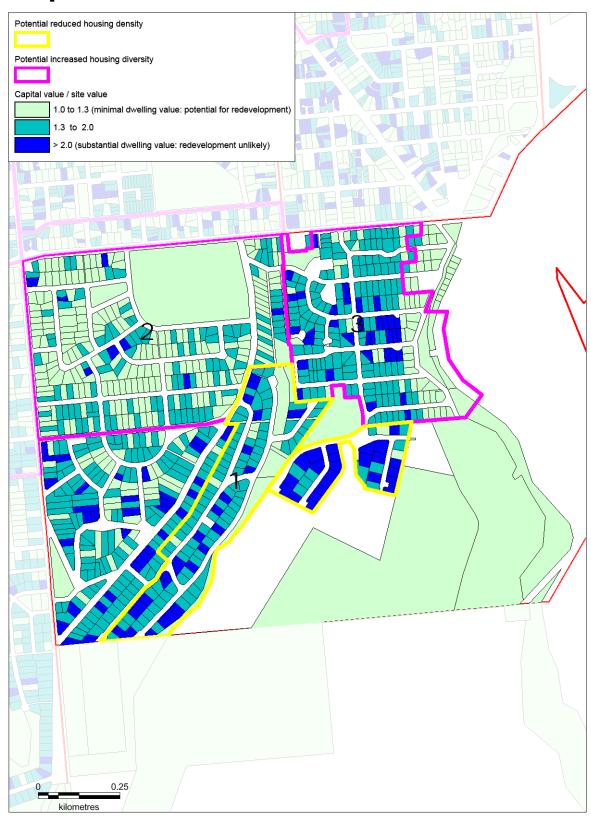


Dwelling Age

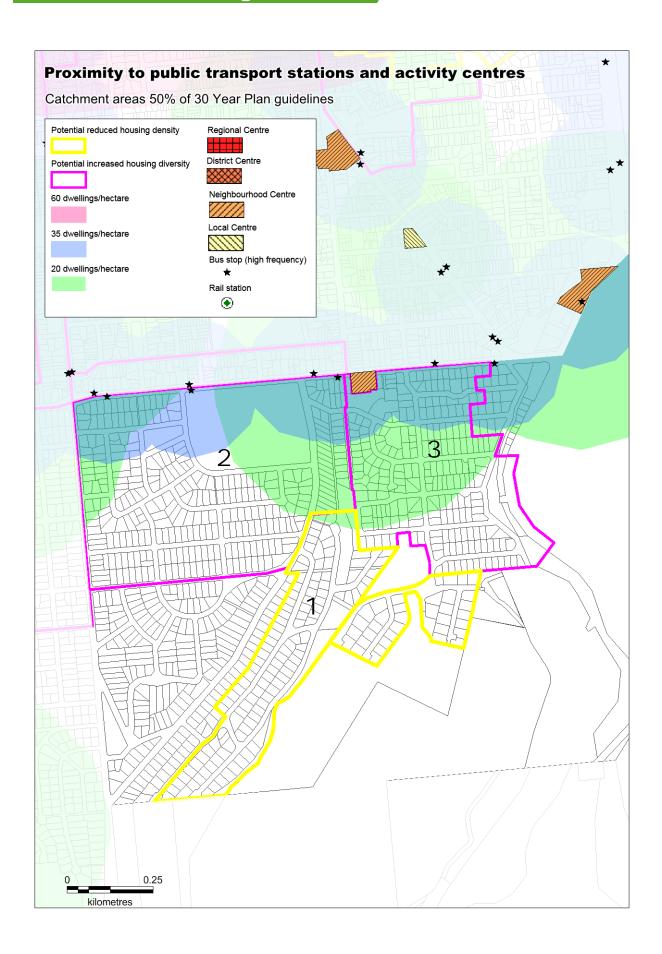




Capital value / site value ratio

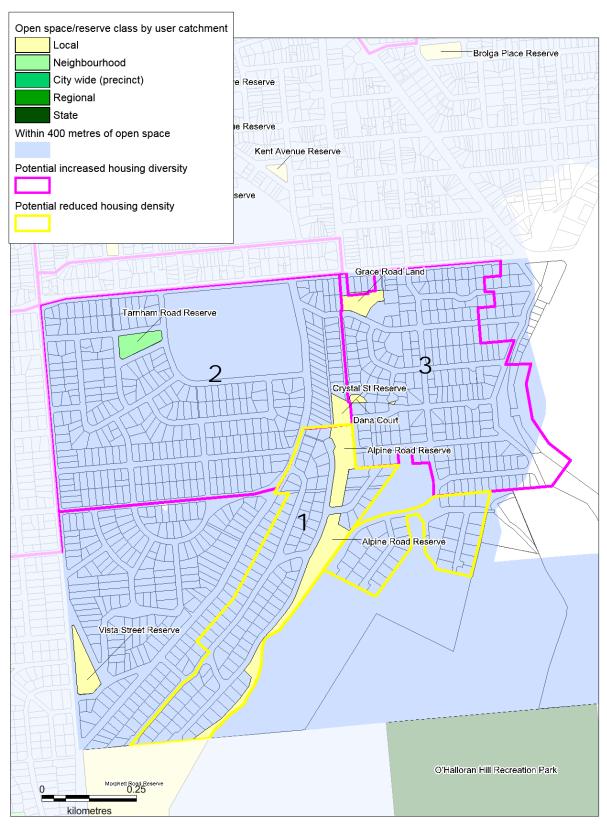






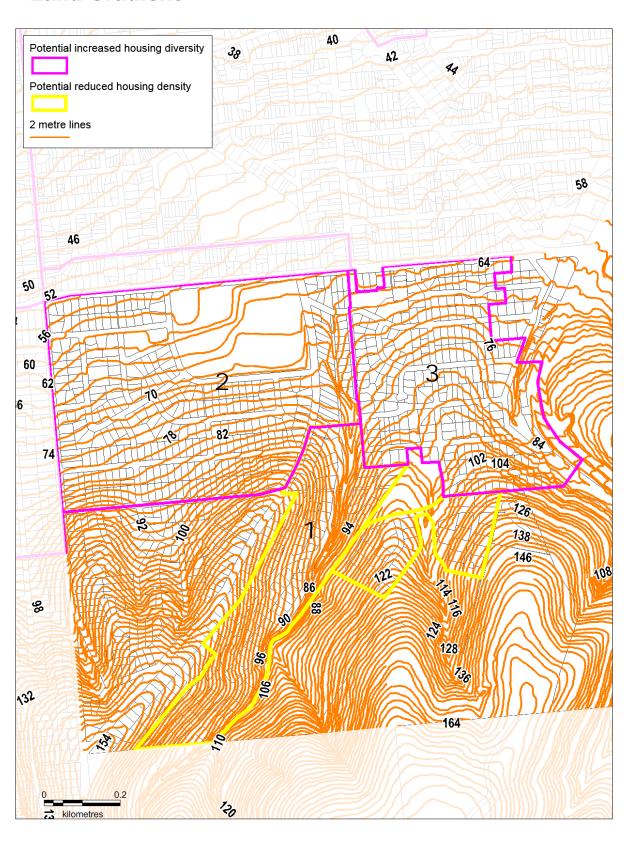


Proximity to public open space





Land Gradient

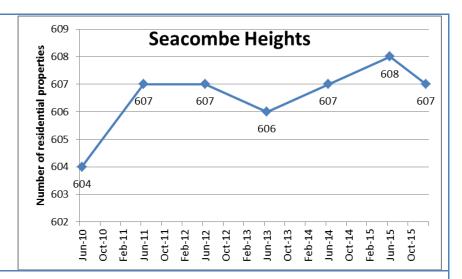




Suburb					
Suburb size		Darlington: 143.1 hectares, containing 229 dwellings Seacombe Heights: 84.1 hectares, containing 607 dwellings 2084 residents in 2011 (combined total)			
Current density	Gross residential density Darlington: 1.6 dwellings/hectare (due to large amount of open space and area in City of Onkaparinga) Seacombe Heights: 7.2 dwellings/hectare				
	Population density	11.9 persons/hectare (in 2011)			
Demographic trends (2011)	Age	Darlington - Seacombe Heights had a higher proportion of pre- schoolers and a higher proportion of persons at post retirement age than City of Marion in 2011.			
	Households	 The major differences between the number of bedrooms per dwelling of Darlington - Seacombe Heights and City of Marion were: A larger percentage of 4 bedroom dwellings (24.9% compared to 15.9%) A larger percentage of 3 bedroom dwellings (60.1% compared to 53.7%) A smaller percentage of 2 bedroom dwellings (5.0% compared to 20.8%) 			
Heritage Items	Local	-			
_	State	-			
Topography		The suburbs have a steep gradient in the southern areas.			
Movement barriers/constraints		Steep land gradient in southern areas.			
Recent development activity		230 228 228 228 229 229 220 220 2218 220 214 214 214 214 214 215 214 216 214 216 217 217 217 217 217 217 217 217 217 217			
		Jun-10 Oct-11 Jun-11 Jun-15 Jun-16 Jun-17 Jun-17 Jun-17 Jun-11 Jun-11 Oct-17 Oct-17 Oct-17 Oct-17 Oct-17 Oct-17 Oct-17 Oct-17 Jun-17 Ju			



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Adjoining council areas

City of
Onkaparinga:
Residential
Zone
comprises the
eastern portion
of Darlington

Comparison of Minimum Site Dimensions

City of Marion: Hills Policy Area 11 City of Onkaparinga: Residential Zone

Dwelling Type	Site Area Marion	Site Area Onkas	Frontage Marion	Frontage Onkas
Detached	700-1100	300	18-20	9
Semi-detached	Not permitted	300	Not permitted	8
Group dwelling	700-1100	250	24-26	18
Residential flat building	Not permitted	250	Not permitted	18
Row dwelling	Not permitted	210	Not permitted	7

Locality 1: Potential reduced housing density area (yellow)

Locality commentary	•	omprises the southern portions of both suburbs, including Alpine	
	and Karoona	streets in Seacombe Heights and Eagle Rise and Peregrine Court	
	in Darlington.		
Current Policy Areas	Hills Policy Ar	ea 11	
Locality size	22.8 hectares	, containing 163 properties	
Current density	7.1 dwellings/	hectare	
Topography	< 1:10		
	1:10 – 1:5		
	> 1:5	The east-to-west gradient across Alpine/Karoona roads is approximately 20% or 1:5.	
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	The locality is	not located in proximity of activity centres or public transport.	
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	0%	
	1940-1960	0%	
	1960 – 1990	64% (105 properties)	
	> 1990	26% (43 properties)	
	Other	10% (data not available)	
	Summary	Approximately 2/3 of locality was constructed between 1960-1990, and a further 1/4 constructed post-1990.	
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	11% (18 properties)	
	1.3 - 2.0	58% (95 properties)	
	> 2.0	30% (49 properties)	



	Other	1% (data not available)
	Summary	Minor potential for redevelopment, as only 11% of properties have a low capital to site value ratio.
Streetscape characteristics	Low density	streetscape character with consistent setbacks.
Discussion / Recommendation		s not located in proximity to activity centres or public transport. The it is relatively new and maintains minimal potential for further ent.
		gradient of the locality, combined with separation from activity transit routes, precludes development at higher densities.
	this area give	s not considered necessary to further decrease density controls in en that it is presently zoned Hills Policy Area 11, which envisages density of approximately 7 dwellings/hectare.
	This current the locality.	level of density is considered appropriate for the characteristics of
		nended that the locality is excluded from consideration and trols remain as per the current Hills Policy Area 11.
Locality 2: Potential incre	ased housin	g diversity area (pink)
Locality commentary		located south of Seacombe Road, and encompasses properties be Road to Grandview Drive.
Current Policy Areas	Hills Policy Are	ea 11
Locality size	42 hectares, c	ontaining 308 properties
Current density	7.3 dwellings/hectare (du/ha)	
Topography	metres, result	ses by approximately 34 metres north-south over a distance of 570 ing in an average gradient of 6% or 1:16. However, the southern ocality are steeper than the northern areas.
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	along Seacom	100-200 metres of the locality is located in proximity of bus routes be Road, warranting 35 du/ha. The eastern portion of the locality is 400 metres of a Neighbourhood Centre Zone, warranting density of
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	0% (1 property)
	1940-1960	19% (58 properties)
	1960 – 1990	74% (228 properties)
	> 1990 Other	4% (11 properties)
	Summary	3% (data not available) 3/4 of dwellings constructed between 1960-1990
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	61% (189 properties)
Supriar to site value ratio	1.3 - 2.0	35% (109 properties)
	> 2.0	3% (8 properties)
	Other	1% (data not available)
	Summary	Significant potential for redevelopment, as 62% of properties have a ratio under 1.3, indicating minimal dwelling value and high site value.
Discussion / Recommendation	and 1990, with age of dwelling	ne subject locality were predominantly constructed between 1960 in limited examples of recent development. Due to the considerable g stock, there is a high proportion of dwellings with low capital to site which indicates that this area is prime for redevelopment.



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The northern portion of the locality is located within walking distance of bus routes along Seacombe Road, and therefore is recommended for densities of 35 du/ha by the *30 Year Plan*. The eastern and western portions of the locality are located within walking distance of Neighbourhood Centre Zones, and therefore are recommended for densities of 20 du/ha.

The locality maintains an overall moderate gradient of approximately 6% (1:16). This gradient would still allow for redevelopment, but perhaps at a slightly reduced density than recommended by the *30 Year Plan* in order to account for appropriate site/dwelling designs to minimise amenity impacts on adjacent land (i.e. privacy, overshadowing, earthworks).

The area south of Truscott Avenue maintains a steeper gradient which may make redevelopment at higher densities problematic. Given that the southern portion of the locality is not located within convenient walking distance of centres and public transport, it is not considered appropriate for inclusion within the increased housing diversity area.

It is recommended that the locality is reduced in size to exclude areas south of Truscott Avenue.

Locality commentary	The locality includes the majority of Darlington between Seacombe Road and		
	Ridgecrest A		
Current Policy Areas	Hills Policy A	rea 11	
Locality size	25.5 hectares	s, containing 233 properties	
Current density	9.1 dwellings	hectare	
Proximity to public transport	The northern	part of the locality is located within walking distance of bus routes	
and activity centres		nbe Road. Approximately 60% of the locality is located within 400 Neighbourhood Centre Zone	
Topography		ses by approximately 46 metres north-south over a distance of 610	
	metres, resulting in an average gradient of 7.5% or 1:13. However, the southern		
		ocality are steeper than the northern areas.	
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	0% (1 property)	
	1940-1960	1% (2 properties)	
	1960 – 1990	45% (105 properties)	
	> 1990	47% (110 properties)	
	Other	7% (data not available)	
	Summary	Approximately ½ of dwellings were constructed between 1960-90, and a further ½ constructed after 1990.	
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	22% (51 properties)	
	1.3 - 2.0	62% (144 properties)	
	> 2.0	15% (36 properties)	
	Other	1% (data not available)	
	Summary	22% of dwellings maintain a ratio less than 1.3, indicating low	
		capital to site value and potential for redevelopment. Most	
		dwellings (62%) fall within a median range of 1.3-2.0.	
Discussion /	Annroximatel	y half of the dwellings in the subject locality were constructed	
Recommendation		of the dwellings in the subject locality were constructed after 1990. Due	
1.000ionadion	to this substantial extent of recent development, capital to site value ratios are		
		n, with only 22% of the locality maintaining a ratio less than 1.3	
	, ,	opensity for redevelopment in the near future).	



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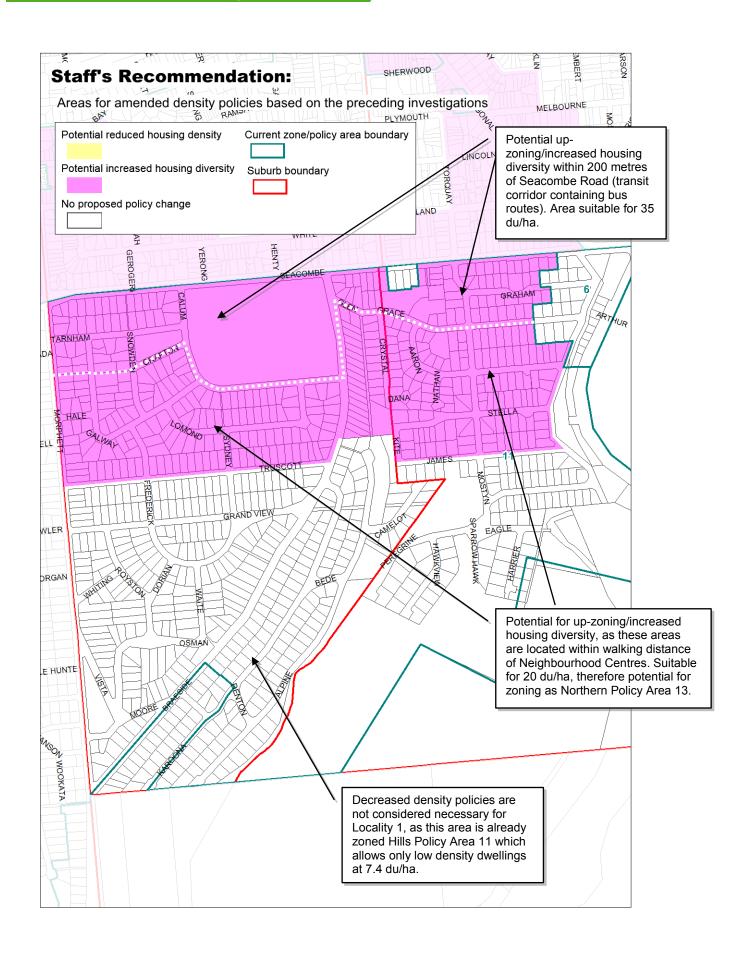
The northern portion of the locality is located within walking distance (200 metres) of bus routes along Seacombe Road, and therefore is recommended for densities of 35 du/ha by the *30 Year Plan.* Further, over half of the locality is located within 400 metres of the Neighbourhood Centre Zone, and is therefore recommended for densities of 20 du/ha.

The locality maintains an overall moderate gradient of approximately 7.5% (1:13). This gradient would still allow for redevelopment, but perhaps at a slightly reduced density than recommended by the *30 Year Plan* in order to account for appropriate site/dwelling designs to minimise amenity impacts on adjacent land (i.e. privacy, overshadowing, earthworks).

The area south of James Street maintains a steeper gradient which may make redevelopment at higher densities problematic. Given that the southern portion of the locality is not located within convenient walking distance of centres and public transport, it is not considered appropriate for inclusion within the increased housing diversity area.

It is recommended that the locality is reduced in size to exclude areas south of James Street.





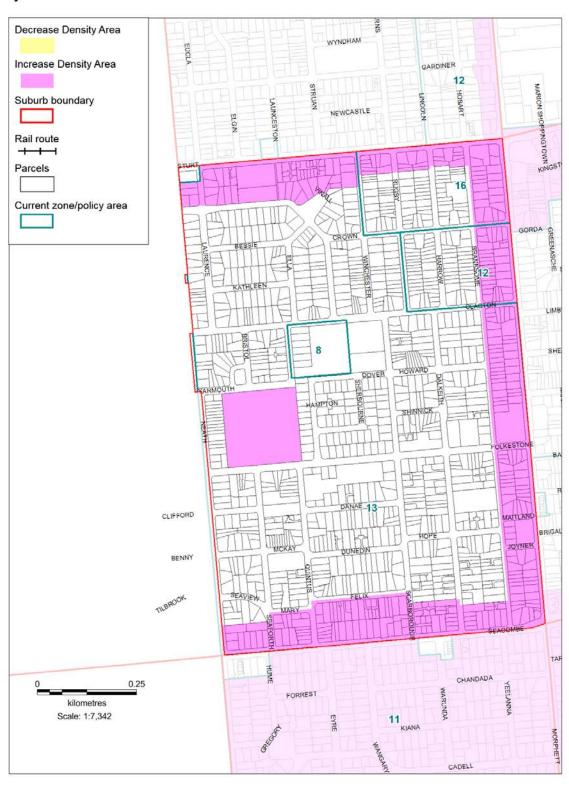


APPENDIX 5

344 properties identified for potential increased housing diversity

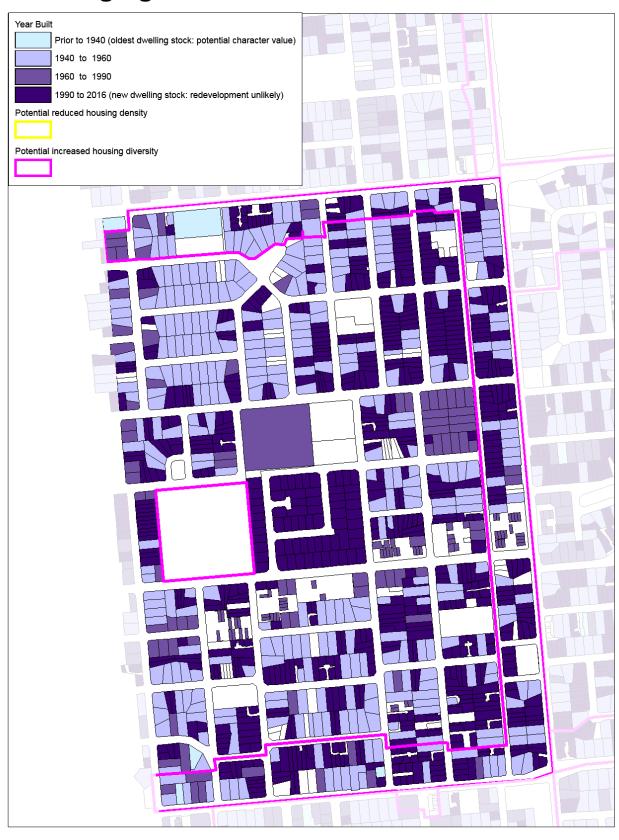
Areas identified for change of density

by Elected Members in November 2015



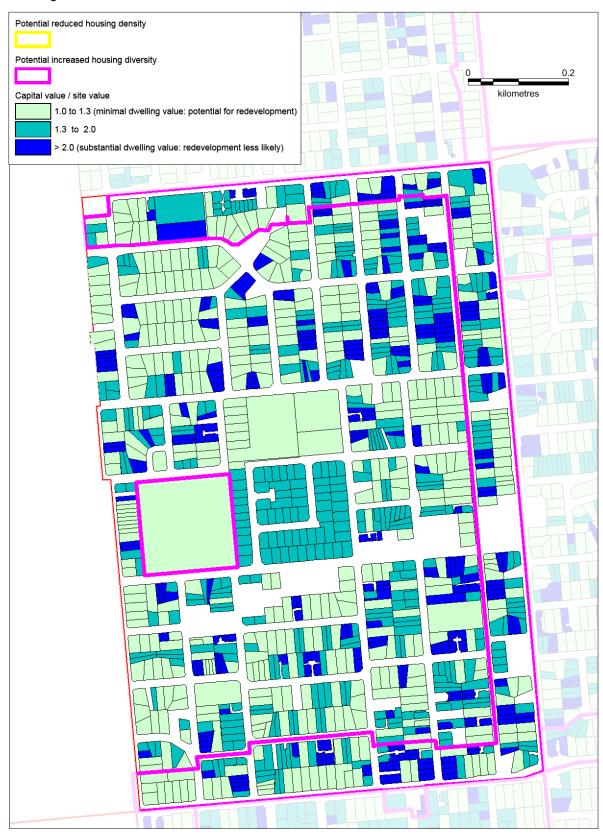


Dwelling Age

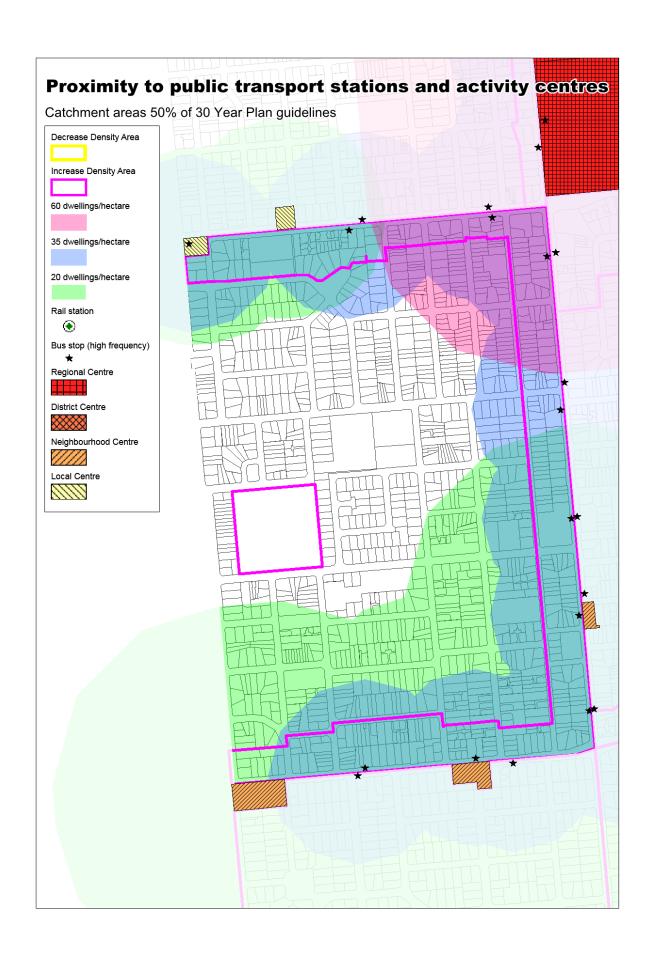




Capital value / site value ratio

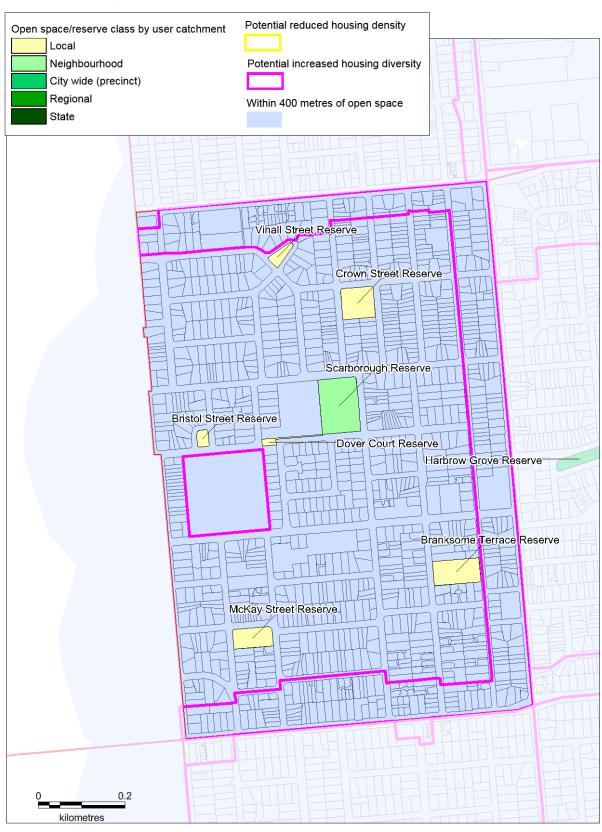








Proximity to public open space

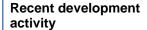


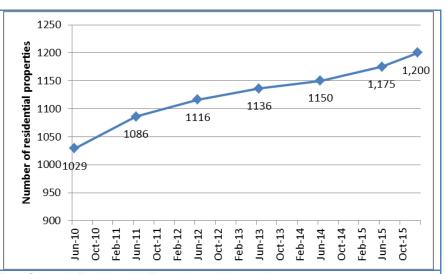


Suburb			
Suburb			
Suburb size			100 hectares
			1200 dwellings (in 2016) (1291 properties)
			2579 residents (in 2011)
Current density	Gross	residential	12.0 dwellings/hectare
•	densi		
		ation density	25.8 persons/hectare
Demographic trends	Age		Similar proportion of pre-schoolers and a lower proportion of
(2011)			persons at post retirement age.
	House	eholds	Predominant dwelling type 3 bedrooms (64.3%)
Heritage Items	Local		-
	State		95-107 Sturt Road
Current Policy Areas			Predominantly Northern Policy Area 13, but includes Regeneration
			Policy Area 16 and Medium Density Policy Area 12 in the north-
			eastern corner of the suburb, and the Industry Zone: Winery Policy
			Area 8 on the Patritti Winery site.
Topography	< 1:10		Minor gradient throughout suburb
Movement			None identified
barriers/constraints			
Proximity to public trans	sport		astern corner of the suburb is located in proximity to the Regional
and activity centres			e, warranting densities of 35-60 dwellings/hectare (du/ha).
			n, eastern and southern portions of the locality, where located within
			of Sturt, Morphett and Seacombe Road, warrant densities of 35 du/ha
			mity to high frequency bus routes.
			n portion of the suburb is located within 400 metres of Neighbourhood
			es, warranting density of 20 du/ha, which is similar to the density
			by its current zoning as Northern Policy Area 13.
Age of dwelling stock		< 1940	0% (5 properties)
		1940-1960	28% (357 properties)
		1960 – 1990	14% (187 properties)
		> 1990	55% (710 properties)
		Other	3% (data not available)
		Summary	Majority of dwellings (55%) were constructed within the past 25
			years.
Capital to site value ratio)	1.0 – 1.3	37% (483 properties)
		1.3 - 2.0	35% (448 properties)
		> 2.0	23% (293 properties)
		Other	5% (data not available)
		Summary	Over 1/3 of properties in the suburb maintain high site value and
			low dwelling value, and are therefore prime for redevelopment.



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Adjoining council areas West: Holdfast Bay Council: Residential Zone (no policy area).

Comparison of Minimum Site Dimensions

City of Marion: Northern Policy Area 13 City of Holdfast Bay: Residential Zone

Dwelling Type	Site Area Marion	Site Area Holdfast	Frontage Marion	Frontage Holdfast
Detached	375	400	12	12
Semi-detached	320	350	9	12
Group dwelling	300	350	20	12
Residential flat building	300	350	20	12
Row dwelling	250	350	7	10

Potential increased housing diversity area (pink)

Locality commentary	The locality comprises:		
-	 a) strips of land, generally 100 metres wide, adjacent to Sturt Road 		
	(north), Morphett Road (east) and Seacombe Road (south).		
	b) The site of the former Dover Gardens Primary School.		
Current Policy Areas	Predominantly Northern Policy Area 13, but includes Regeneration Policy Area		
	16 and Medium I	Density Policy Area 12 in the north-eastern corner of the suburb.	
Locality size	27.6 hectares, co	ontaining 344 properties	
Current density	12.5 dwellings/he	ectare	
Proximity to public transport	The north-easter	n corner of the locality is suitable for 60 du/ha due to proximity	
and activity centres		Centre, while the remainder of the locality is suitable for 35 du/ha	
	due to proximity	to high frequency bus route stops along arterial roads.	
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	1% (3 properties)	
	1940-1960	25% (87 properties)	
	1960 – 1990	13% (45 properties)	
	> 1990	57% (195 properties)	
	Other	4% (data not available)	
	Summary	A majority of dwellings (57%) were constructed within the	
	Julillary	past 25 years.	
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	35% (119 properties)	
	1.3 - 2.0	31% (106 properties)	
	> 2.0	29% (100 properties)	
	Other	5% (data not available)	



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	Summary	Over 1/3 of properties in the suburb maintain high site value and low dwelling value, and are therefore prime for redevelopment.
Streetscape characteristics	The streets included in the locality do not maintain consistent characteristics, as they are dominated by the arterial road character.	

Recommendation

The locality does not maintain distinct character or established streetscape value, as 57% of dwellings were constructed post-1990. Despite this high level of recent development, 35% of properties maintain a low capital to site value ratio, indicating that there is potential for further redevelopment.

The north-eastern corner of the suburb is recommended for a gross density of 35-60 du/ha under the 30 Year Plan due to proximity to the Regional Centre Zone. This area is currently zoned Regeneration Policy Area 16 and Medium Density Policy Area 12, which envisages gross densities of approximately 33.5 and 26 du/ha, respectively. As such, there is scope to further increase density policies in this area.

The remainder of the area is located in proximity to high frequency bus routes along Sturt Road, Morphett Road and Seacombe Road. The 30 Year Plan therefore recommends these areas for density of 35 du/ha, where they are currently zoned at approximately 22 du/ha under the Northern Policy Area 13. As such, there is scope to increase density policies in these areas adjacent to the arterial roads. A catchment area of 200 metres from the arterial road is recommended, as this reflects half of the catchment area recommended by the 30 Year Plan, and is generally a 2-3 minute walk.

It is noted that Sturt Road is a higher order road than Morphett or Seacombe Road, and therefore lesser densities are recommended for those properties along the eastern and southern edges of the suburb.

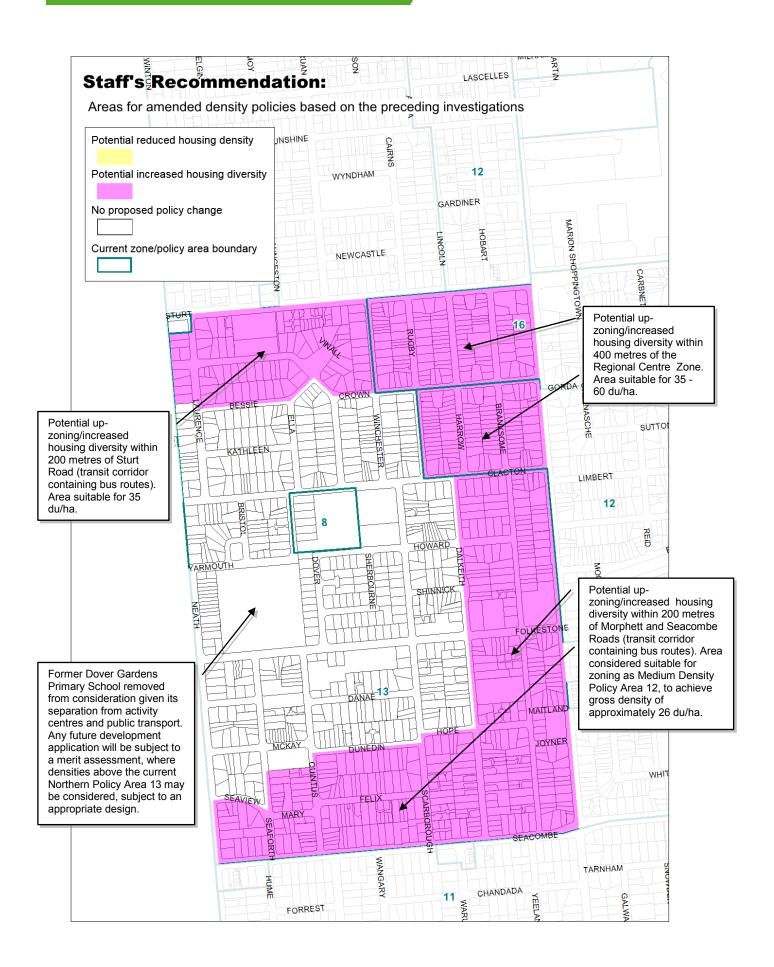
The site of the former Dover Gardens Primary School on Folkestone Road is not located within convenient walking distance of activity centres or public transport. However, it is acknowledged that the site may be suitable for densities exceeding 22 du/ha of the current Northern Policy Area 13 if the site is developed in a manner that achieves appropriate transition to adjoining areas and achieves good design outcomes. These matters would be assessed on merit at the time when a development application is lodged, and therefore rezoning of the land would not be mandatory for facilitation of higher density. For these reasons, it is considered that the potential for increased density on this site would be best dealt with as a merit assessment at the stage when a future development application is lodged; not as a policy change.

It is recommended that the locality is increased in size to include:

- a) A catchment area of approximately 200 metres from bus stops along the arterial roads.
- b) A catchment area of approximately 400 metres from the Regional Centre Zone.

It is recommended that the site of the former Dover Gardens Primary School is excluded from the locality.





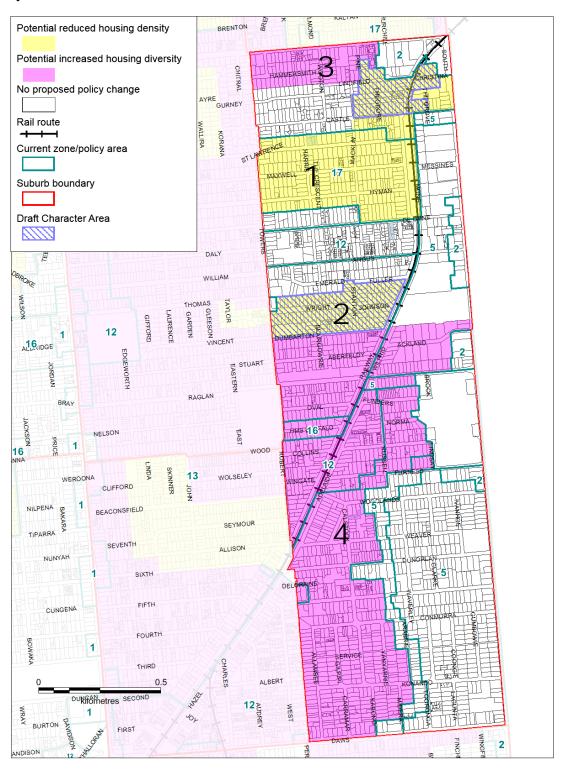


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462 properties identified for potential reduced housing density 1147 properties identified for potential increased housing diversity

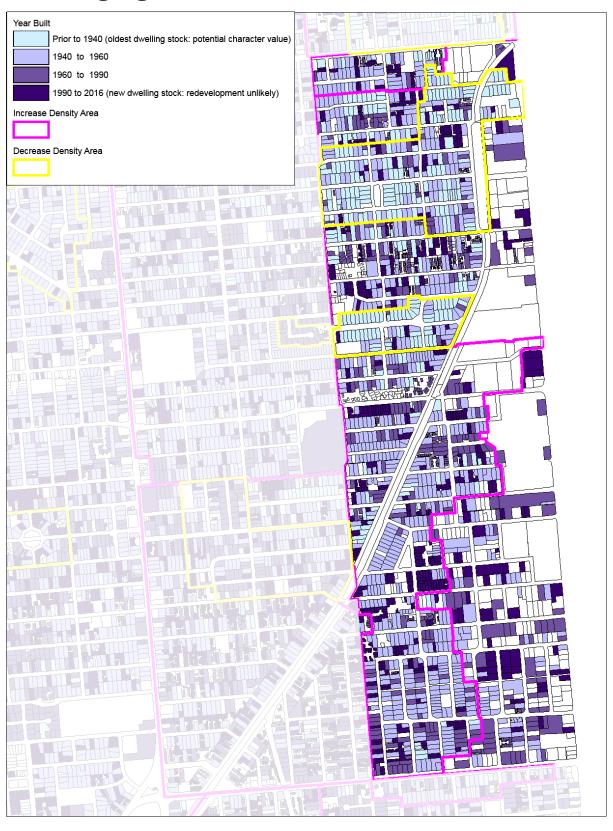
Areas identified for change of density

by Elected Members in November 2015



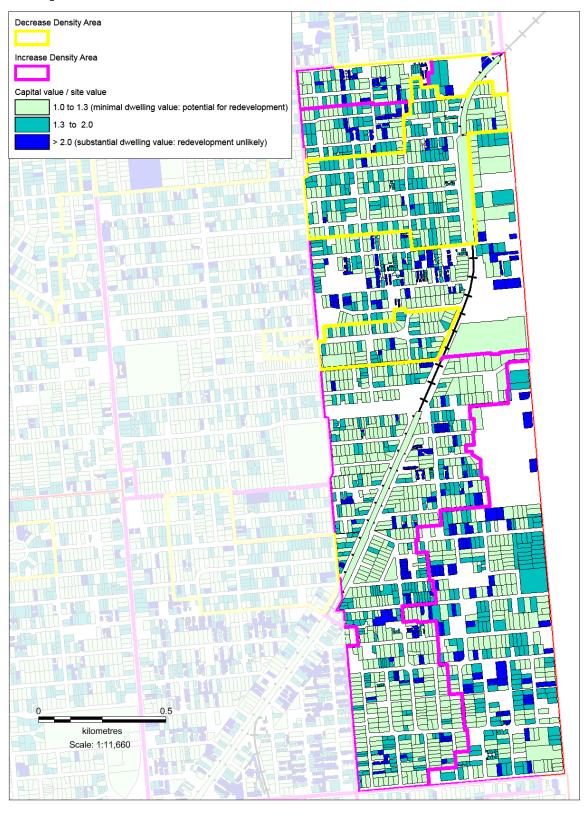


Dwelling Age

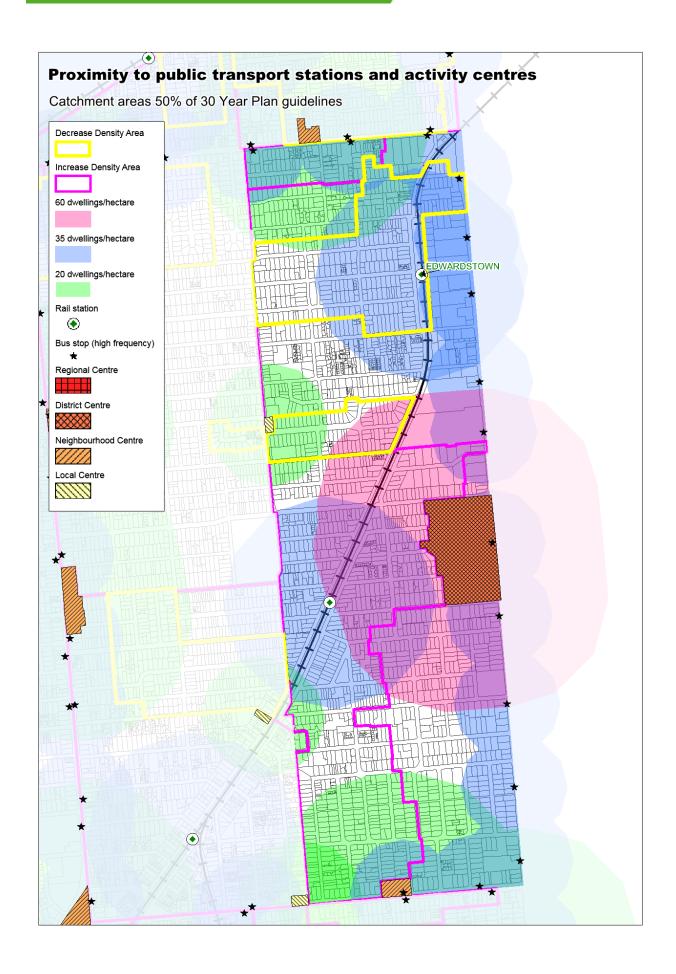




Capital value / site value ratio

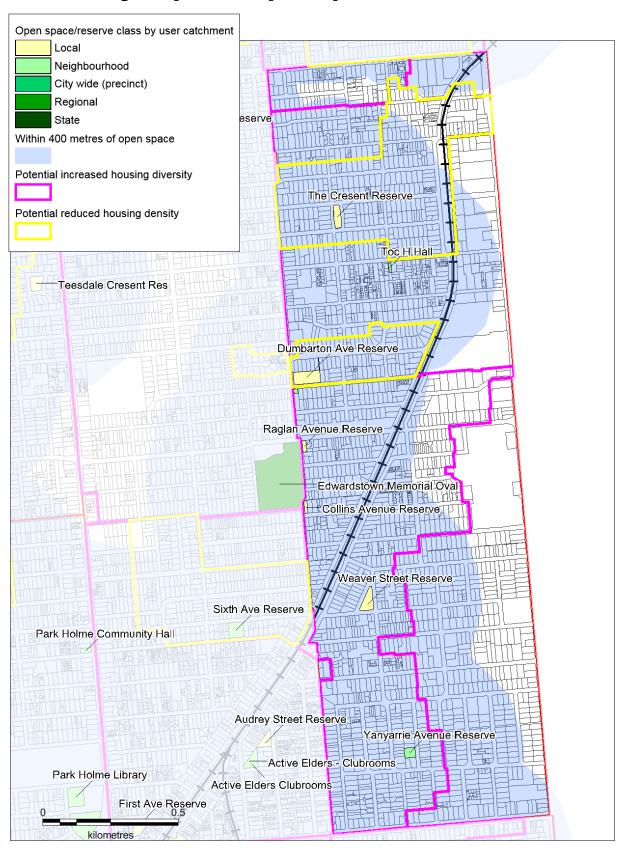








Proximity to public open space





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Suburb		
Suburb		
Suburb size		232 hectares, containing 1840 residential properties
Current density		7.9 dwellings per hectare
		Note: high proportion of industrial properties reduces residential density
Demographic	Age	Lower proportion of people in the younger age groups (0 to 17 years)
profile (2011)		as well as a lower proportion of people in the older age groups (60+ years).
	Household	Higher proportion of dwellings with 2 bedrooms or less, and a lower proportion of dwellings with 4 or more bedrooms.
Topography	< 1:10	Negligible gradient
Other movement barriers/constraints		Train line intercepts suburb
Heritage Places	Local	1 Castle Street Messines Avenue 1/ 57 Raglan Avenue 926-928 South Road 3 Wright Street
Recent development activity		Number 1860 1860 1860 1860 1860 1860 1860 1860 1880
Adjoining Council	Fast	Mitcham Council: Industry/Commerce Zone fronts the eastern side of

Adjoining Council East Areas

Mitcham Council: Industry/Commerce Zone fronts the eastern side of South Road, with the Residential (Central Plains) Zone beyond. Majority is Residential (Central Plains) Policy Area 8, but includes pockets of Policy Area 12, 13 and 14.

City of Mitcham: Residential (Central Plains) Policy Area 8 & Marion Council: Northern Policy Area 13			
Dwelling	Site Area: Mitcham	Site Area: Marion	
Detached	500*	375	
Semi-detached	425*	320	
Other	400*	250-300	

*where a total development site is greater than 2250 square metres and each boundary of the site is not less than 35 metres long, the land may be developed to a comprehensive scheme with site areas of not less than 325 square metres per dwelling, following a unified design including such elements as building bulk, roof-form, external materials and colours



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Locality 1: Potenti	al reduced	housing density (yellow)
Locality commentary		Locality includes the existing Residential Character Policy Area 17, the properties identified in the Draft Residential Character DPA conducted in 2013, and additional properties linking these two areas
Current Policy Areas		Northern Policy Area 13 Residential Character Policy Area 17
Locality size		30.1 hectares (containing 361 properties)
Current density		12.0 dwellings/hectare
Proximity to public transport stations and activity centres		Approximately 60% of the locality is located within 400 metres of Edwardstown railway station, warranting densities of 35 du/ha.
Approximate age of	< 1940	39% (142 properties)
dwelling stock	1940-1960	23% (84 properties)
	1960 - 90	16% (56 properties)
	> 1990	12% (45 properties)
	Other	10% (data not available)
	Summary	Majority of properties (39%) constructed prior to 1940, therefore the area maintains potential character value (reflected in existing and proposed Residential Character zoning).
Capital to site value	1.0 – 1.3	47% (168 properties)
ratio	1.3 – 2.0	44% (158 properties)
	> 2.0	4% (13 properties)
	Other	5% (data not available)
	Summary	Significant land value and minimal dwelling value, as only 4% of properties have a ratio exceeding 2.0
Recommendation	the proposed current Reside The proposed proximity to be as part of the areas linking tacceptable as	ures the existing Residential Character Policy Area 17, and also includes Character area. It is not considered necessary to lower the density of the ential Character Policy Area 17, as infill development is already restricted Character area warrants densities of 35 dwellings per hectare due to us/train services, but the Character status has already been investigated Residential (Character Policy Area 17) DPA. The inclusion of additional he existing and proposed Residential Character areas is considered it will achieve consistency.

Locality The locality comprises properties identified in the Draft Residential commentary Character DPA conducted in 2013, including Wright, Fuller and Johnson **Current Policy Areas** Northern Policy Area 13 Locality size 9.0 hectares (containing 101 properties) **Current density** 11.2 dwellings/hectare Proximity to public transport The south-eastern third of the locality is located within 400 metres of the stations and activity centres Castle Plaza District Centre, warranting densities at 60 dwellings/hectare. < 1940 Approximate age of 59% (60 properties)



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dwelling stock	1940-1960	25% (25 properties)
	1960 - 90	3% (3 properties)
	> 1990	12% (12 properties)
	Other	1% (data not available)
	Summary	59% of properties constructed prior to 1940, with a further $\frac{1}{4}$ of properties constructed between 1940-960, and therefore potential character value exists.
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	65% (66 properties)
	1.3 – 2.0	26% (26 properties)
	> 2.0	7% (7 properties)
	Other	2% (data not available)
	Summary	Significant land value and minimal dwelling value, as only 7% of properties have a ratio exceeding 2.0

Recommendation

Approximately 1/3 of Locality 2 warrants densities of 60 dwellings per hectare. However, the locality has been identified as a potential Residential Character area. The suitability of this area for Character status has already been investigated as part of the Residential Character DPA from 2013.

It is recommended that this locality is suitable to proceed as proposed for Residential Character zoning, as identified in the Draft Residential Character DPA from 2013.

Locality 3: Potential increased housing diversity (pink)					
Locality commentary		The locality comprises residential areas south of Cross Road			
Current Policy Areas		Predominantly Northern Policy Area 13			
Locality size		7.7 hectares, containing 159 properties			
Current density		20.6 dwellings/hectare			
Proximity to public transport stations and activity centres		Approximately 90% of the locality is located within 400 metres of bus stops on Cross Road, and is therefore suitable for densities of 35 dwellings/hectare.			
Approximate age of dwelling stock	< 1940	8% (12 properties)			
	1940-1960	27% (43 properties)			
	1960 - 90	30% (48 properties)			
	> 1990	17% (27 properties)			
	Other	18% (data not available)			
	Summary	Minor proportion of dwellings constructed prior to 1940, 57% of dwellings constructed between 1940 and 1990.			
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	28% (44 properties)			
	1.3 – 2.0	12% (19 properties)			
	> 2.0	51% (81 properties)			
	Other	9% (data not available)			
	Summary	Moderate suitability for redevelopment, as 28% of properties have minimal dwelling value at a ratio below 1.3			

Recommendation

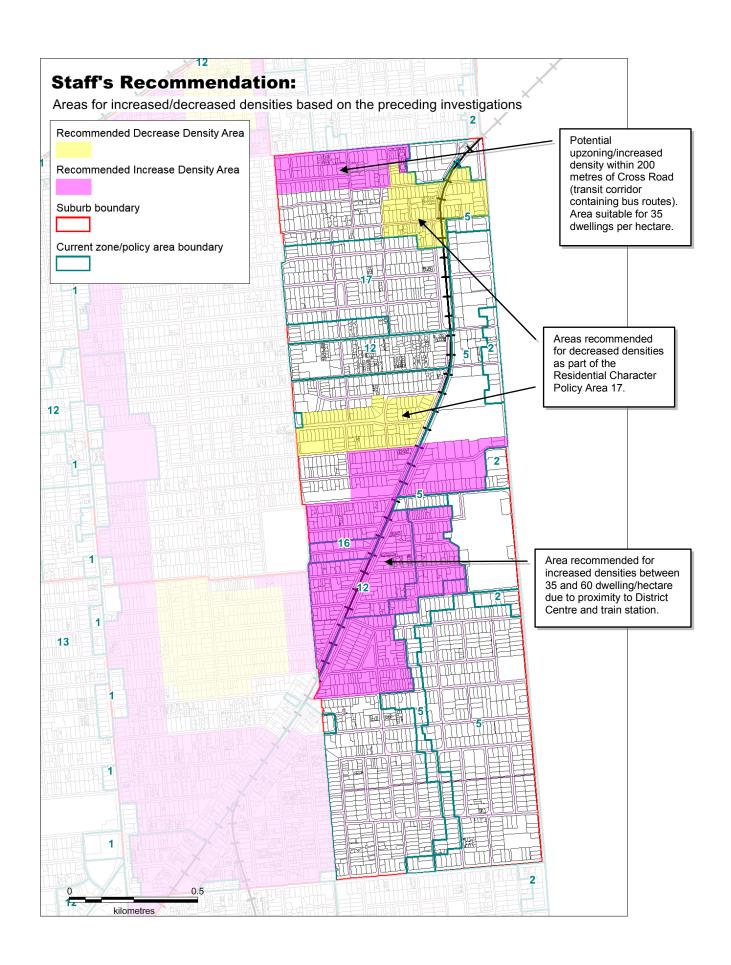
Locality 3 is considered appropriate for increased densities to 35 dwellings per hectare due to proximity to high frequency bus routes. The locality is currently zoned Northern Policy Area 13 which permits gross densities of 21.4 du/ha, and therefore there is scope for increased density criteria.

It is recommended that this locality is suitable for increased densities, and is maintained as proposed.



		housing diversity (pink)	
Locality commentary		The locality comprises residential areas west of the Industry Zone.	
Current Policy	Predominantly Northern Policy Area 13		
Areas		Medium Density Policy Area 12 and Regeneration Policy Area 16 adjacent Woodlands Railway Station	
Locality size		76.6 hectares, containing 988 properties	
Current density	12.9 dwellings/hectare		
Proximity to public transport stations and activity centres	The central portion of the locality is suitable for 60 dwellings/hectare, as it is located within 400 metres of Castle Plaza District Centre. The central-western portion of the area may be suitable for 35 dwellings/hectare as it is located near the train station. The southern portion of the locality is located within 200 metres of local centres, and is therefore suitable for 20 dwellings/hectare. This area is presently zoned Northern Policy Area 13, and therefore the recommended density already is similar to the present quidelines.		
Approximate age of dwelling stock	< 1940	4% (39 properties)	
	1940-1960	40% (395 properties)	
	1960 - 90	23% (232 properties)	
	> 1990	27% (266 properties)	
	Other	6% (data not available)	
	Summary	Majority of dwellings (40%) constructed between 1940-60.	
Capital to site value	1.0 – 1.3	53% (525 properties)	
ratio	1.3 – 2.0	28% (272 properties)	
	> 2.0	15% (146 properties)	
	Other	4% (data not available)	
	Summary	Majority of dwellings (53%) are suitable for redevelopment	
Recommendation	75% of Locality 4 is suitable for increased densities to 60 dwellings per hectare due to proximity to Castle Plaza Regional Centre, while the remaining 25% (southern portion) suitable for 35 dwellings per hectare. The southern portion of the locality is not considered suitable for increased density because its current zoning as Northern Policy Area 13 already achieves the recommended 20 dwellings/hectare. It is recommended that Locality 4 is reduced in size to remove the southern portion of the locality.		





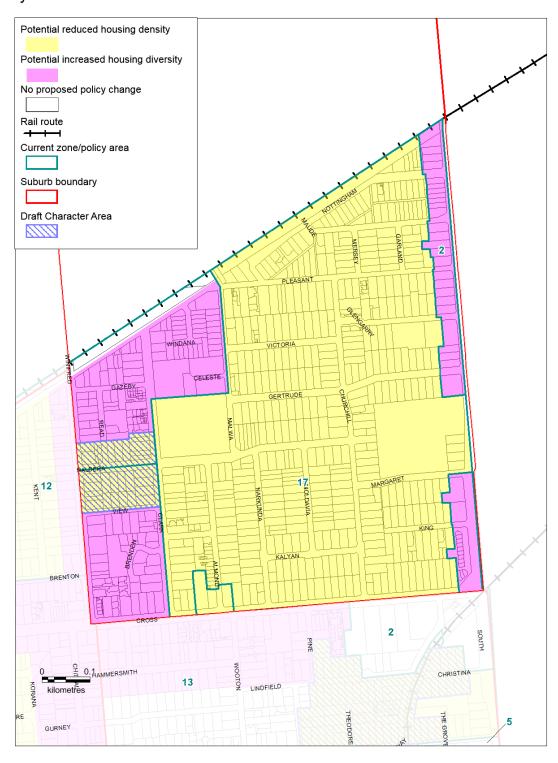
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Glandore

575 properties identified for potential reduced housing density 288 properties identified for potential increased housing diversity

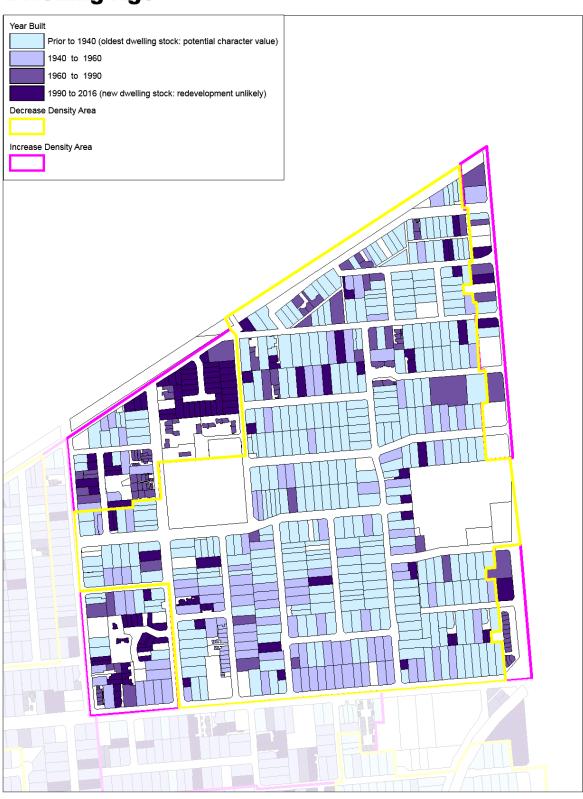
Areas identified for change of density

by Elected Members in November 2015



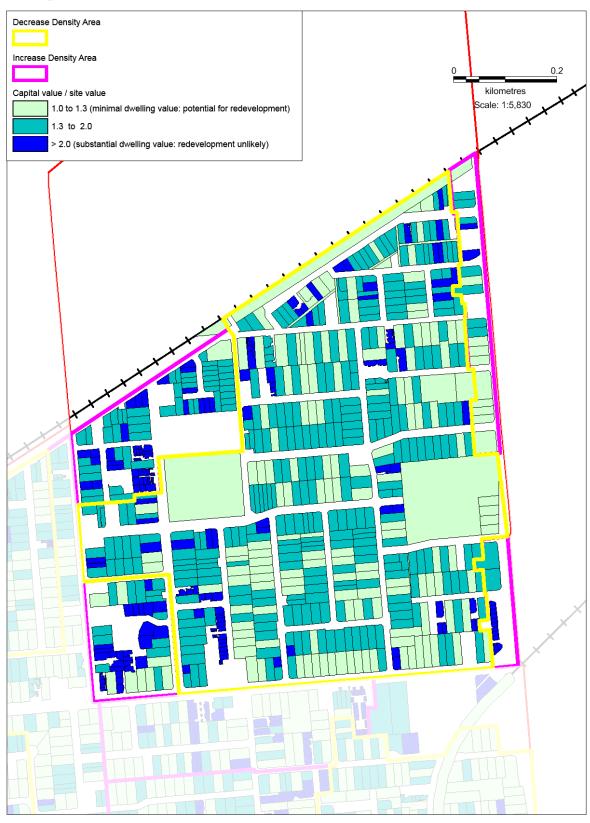


Dwelling Age

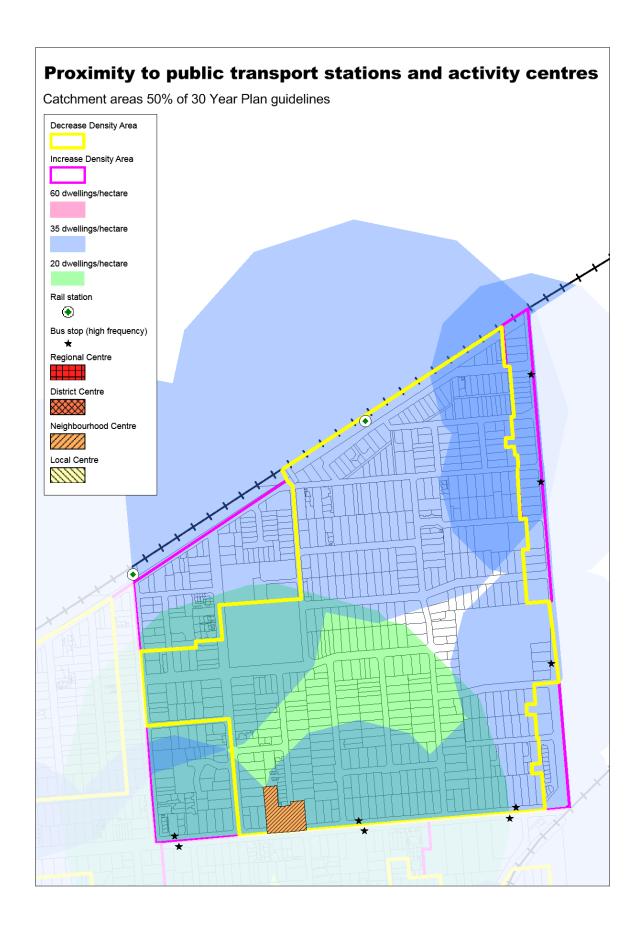




Capital value / site value ratio



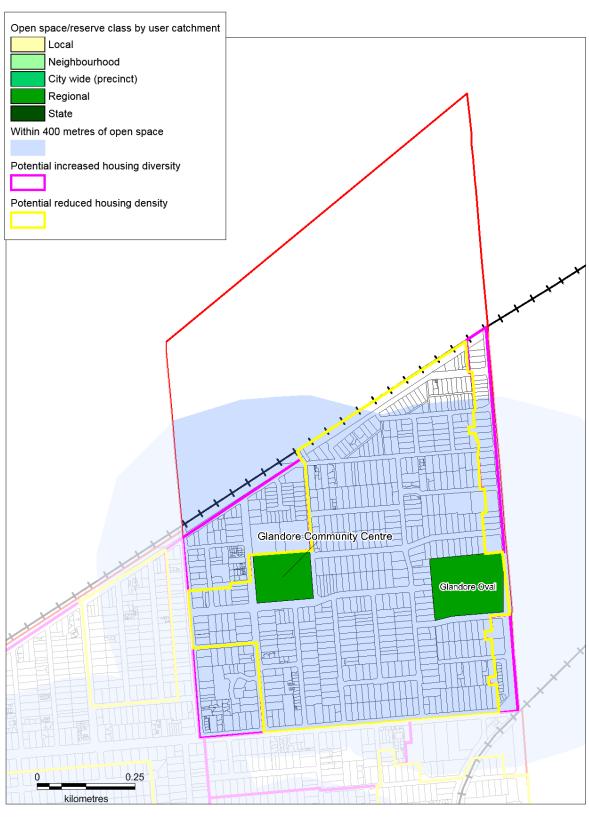






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March 2016

Proximity to public open space





Suburb		
Suburb size		62.5 hectares, containing 679 dwellings (the portion of Glandore suburb in Marion Council) 1646 residents in 2011
Current density	Gross residential density Population density	10.9 dwellings per hectare
Demographic trends (2011)	Age	26.3 persons/hectare Glandore had a lower proportion of pre-schoolers and a lower proportion of persons at post retirement age than City of Marion.
	Households	33% of households in Glandore contained only one person, compared with 30% in City of Marion, with the most dominant household size being 1 person per household.
Heritage Items	Local	3 Maud Street 5 Maud Street 5 Mersey Street 7 Mersey Street 50 Pleasant Avenue
	State	25A Naldera Street
Topography	< 1:10	Minor gradient throughout suburb
Movement		None identified
Recent development activity	nber of residential properties	678 679 676 674 675 674 676 674 676 677 677 678
		Jun-10 Oct-10 Jun-11 Jun-11 Oct-11 Feb-11 Jun-12 Oct-12 Jun-13 Feb-13 Feb-13 Jun-14 Oct-15 Jun-15
Adjoining council areas	minimum site dime	Torrens: Residential Zone: Glandore Character Policy Area 24. No nsions are prescribed, only that "The division of land should occure consistent with the existing pattern and scale of allotments."

Glandore



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Potential reduced housing	density area	(yellow)	
Locality commentary	The locality includes the remaining areas of the suburb, and primarily comprises the Residential Character Policy Area 17. It also includes portions of the Medium Density Policy Area 12 and Northern Policy Area 13 that are located on the western edge of the suburb (comprising Naldera Avenue and the northern side of View Street), which were identified in the Draft Residential Character DPA from 2013.		
Current Policy Areas	Northern Policy	aracter Policy Area 17 Area 13 y Policy Area 12	
Locality size		containing 575 properties	
Current density	12.0 dwellings	•	
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	Approximately	70% of the locality is located within 400 metres of the tram station of high frequency bus route stops, and therefore would be suitable	
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	58% (331 properties)	
-	1940-1960	19% (112 properties)	
	1960 – 1990	8% (44 properties)	
	> 1990	7% (41 properties)	
	Other	8% (data not available)	
	Summary	58% of dwellings were constructed prior to 1940, which suggest that the locality maintains character value	
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	28% (159 properties)	
	1.3 - 2.0	53% (302 properties)	
	> 2.0	16% (94 properties)	
	Other	3% (data not available)	
	Summary	Majority of dwellings (53%) have a median ratio between 1.3 and 2.0.	
Streetscape characteristics	Consistent street tree plantings along Naldera Avenue. Setbacks are largely intact, with limited examples of infill development.		
Discussion / Recommendation	policy area curr 1950s dwelling restrict redevelor. The remainder the Policy Area View Street. Th and therefore the appropriate in the	marily comprises the Residential Character Policy Area 17. This rently restricts infill development and seeks to preserve the precharacter. As such, it is not considered necessary to further opment in Policy Area 17. of the locality comprises a small portion of land encompassing as 12 and 13, including Naldera Avenue and the northern side of is locality is located in proximity to bus, train and tram stations, the 30 Year Plan would suggest that densities up to 35 du/ha are his locality. However, the locality maintains predominantly original constructed prior to 1950), with limited examples of	
	It is recommer a) The ex the loc b) The rei	As such, the character of this area warrants preservation, as by its identification in the Draft Residential Character DPA in 2013 anded that: isting Residential Character Policy Area 17 is excluded from ality (to remain as Residential Character Policy Area 17); and maining locality is rezoned to be included within the ential Character Policy Area 17.	

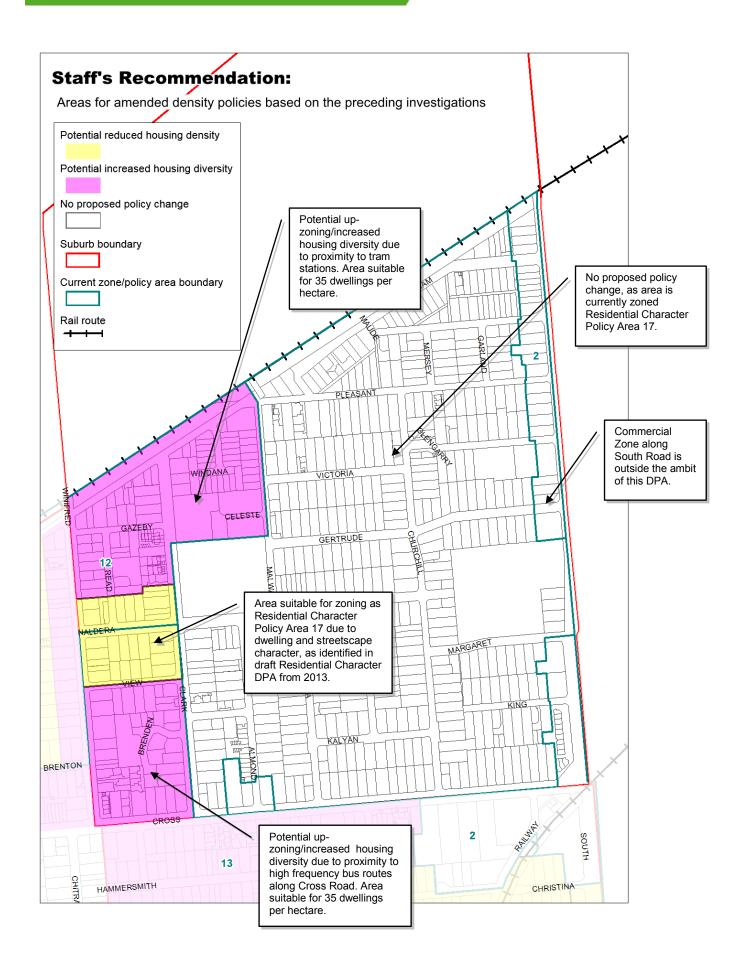
Glandore



Potential increased housi	ng diversity	area (pink)	
Locality commentary	The locality comprises land in the north-western and south-western corners of the		
,	suburb, and a strip of properties (predominantly commercial) fronting South Road.		
Current Policy Areas	Medium Density Policy Area 12		
·	Northern Poli		
Locality size	13.6 hectares	, containing 288 properties	
Current density	21.2 dwellings	s per hectare	
Proximity to public transport	100% of the le	ocality warrants densities of 35 dwellings/hectare due to proximity to	
and activity centres	public transpo	ort stations.	
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	9% (26 properties)	
	1940-1960	7% (19 properties)	
	1960 – 1990	35% (101 properties)	
	> 1990	32% (93 properties)	
	Other	17% (data not available)	
	C	Majority of dwellings constructed between 1960-present, and	
	Summary	therefore character value is limited.	
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	6% (18 properties)	
	1.3 - 2.0	25% (73 properties)	
	> 2.0	41% (117 properties)	
	Other	28% (data not available)	
	Summary	Minor proportion (6%) of properties have a ratio less than 1.3,	
		therefore potential for redevelopment is limited.	
Discussion / Recommendation	warrants dens Northern Polid densities of a	s located in convenient proximity to public transport, and therefore sities of 35 dwellings per hectare. The locality is currently zoned cy Area 13 and Medium Density Policy Area 12, which prescribe net pproximately 26 and 22 dwellings per hectare, respectively. As such, e to increase density policies in the subject locality.	
	It is acknowledged that 1/3 of dwellings in the locality were constructed in 25 years, which is reflected in relatively high capital to site value ratios. At the potential for further redevelopment may be curtailed by current dwelli values.		
	Zone should l	s facing South Road that are currently located in the Commercial be excluded from the locality, as this DPA relates only to residential sed use development in activity centres).	
	It is recommended that the locality is modified to exclude those propertie fronting South Road that are located in the Commercial Zone.		

Glandore





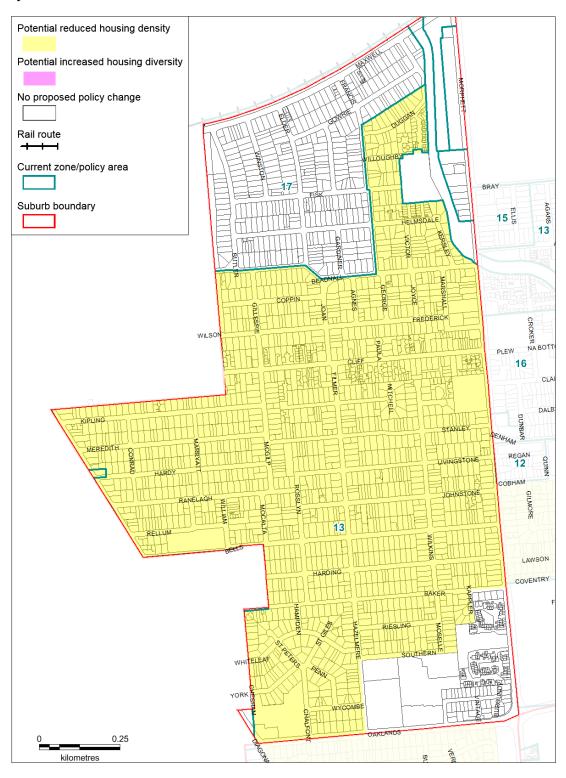


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1924 properties identified for potential reduced housing density

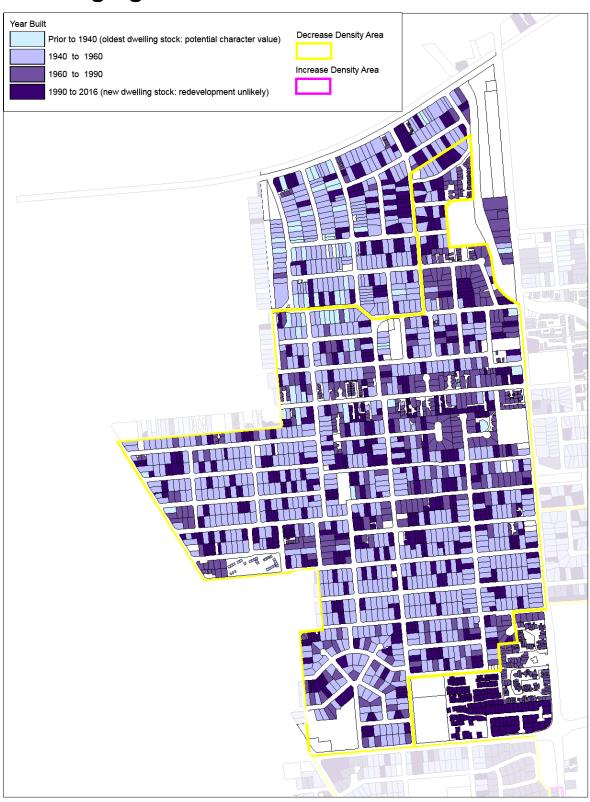
Areas identified for change of density

by Elected Members in November 2015



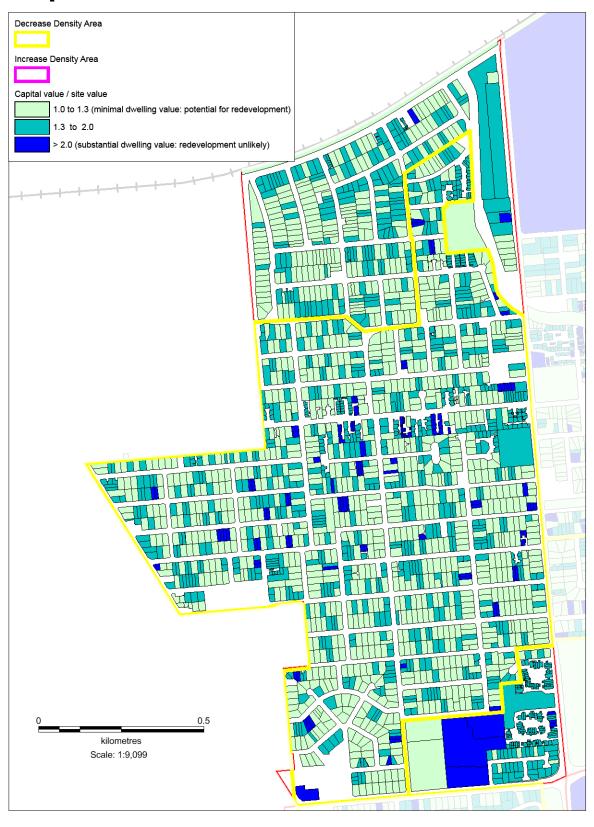


Dwelling Age

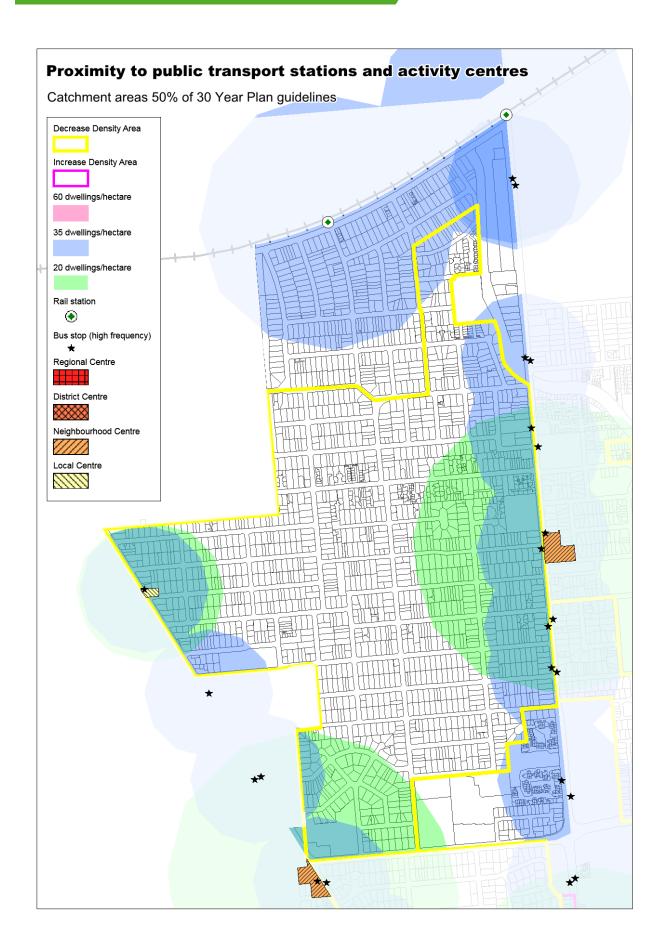




Capital value / site value ratio

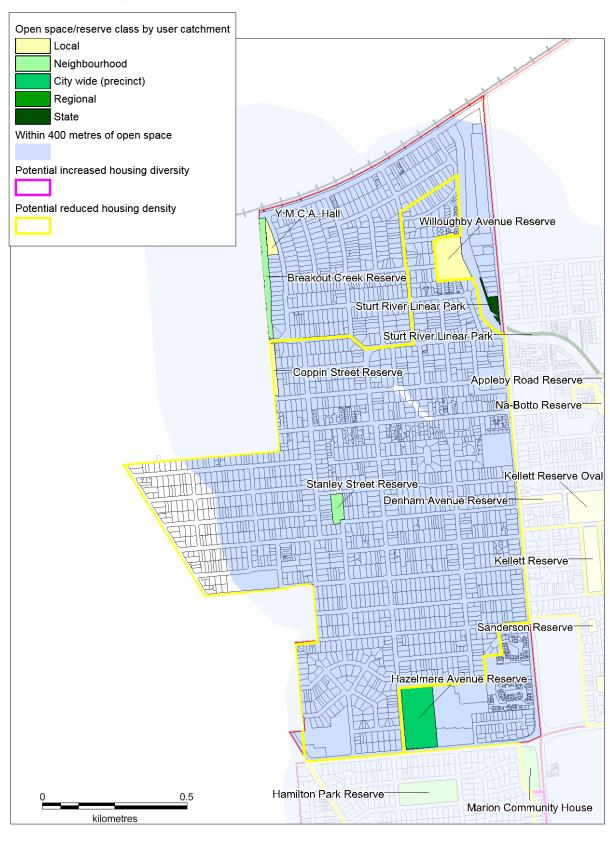








Proximity to public open space





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Suburb		
Suburb size		186.4 hectares, containing 2368 properties
Current density	Gross residential density	12.7 dwellings per hectare
	Population density	5026 persons @ 26.9persons/ha
Demographic trends (2011)	Age	Similar proportion of pre-schoolers and a higher proportion of persons at post retirement age.
(with comparison to City of Marion)	Households	Higher proportion of dwellings with 2 bedrooms or less, and a lower proportion of dwellings with 4 or more bedrooms. Largest growth in 3 bedroom dwellings 2006-2011.
Heritage Items	Local	-
	State	7/194 Morphett Road
Topography	< 1:10	Negligible gradient
Movement barriers/constraints		None identified
Recent development activity	22 22	2,368 2,368 2,368 2,343
Adjoining council areas	tram line). This a Northern Policy	Bay Council: Residential Character Zone (from Frederick Street to the one abuts Marion's Residential Character Policy Area 17, but also the Area 13. ay Council: Residential Zone, which is adjacent Marion's Northern

Comparison of Minimum Site Dimensions						
City of Marion: Residential Zone: Northern Policy Area 13 City of Holdfast Bay: Residential Zone						
Dwelling Type Site Area Holdfast Frontage Holdfast						
Detached	375	400	12	12		
Semi-detached	320	350	9	12		
Group dwelling	300	350	20	12		
Residential flat building	300	300 350 20 12				
Row dwelling	250	350	7	10		





Comparison of Minimum Site Dimensions

City of Marion: Residential Zone: Residential Character Policy Area 17 City of Holdfast Bay: Residential Character Zone: Policy Area 13 Streetscape Character (Brighton and Glenelg East)

Dwelling Type	Site Area	Site Area Holdfast	Frontage	Frontage Holdfast
Detached	420	600	15	14
Semi-detached	420	600	15	14

Potential reduced housing	density area	(yellow)		
Locality commentary	Predominantly covers entire suburb of Glengowrie apart from the north western sector which is currently zoned Residential Character Policy Area 17 (low density) and the south eastern sector comprising relatively recent residential redevelopment of a medium density.			
Current Policy Areas	Northern Policy	y Area 13		
-		ox. 21 dwellings/hectare)		
Locality size	132 hectares, o	containing 1924 properties		
Current density	14.6 dwellings/	/hectare		
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	Only a very small percentage of the locality is within 400m of the tramline (Much of Policy Area 17 is within close proximity). The eastern side of the suburb, within 200 metres of Morphett Road is well serviced by bus services. Neighbourhood Centres are located within 400m of a small proportion of the suburb on the eastern and south western boundaries. Approx. 50% of the central part of the suburb is not well serviced by transport or activity centres. (using 50%			
Age of dwelling stock	x 30 Year Plan			
Age of dwelling stock		1% (23 properties)		
	1940-1960	38% (737 properties)		
	1960 – 1990	25% (482 properties)		
	> 1990	30% (578 properties)		
	Summary	There appears to be a relatively even proportion of dwelling ages from 1940 to the present with over 60% being more than 25 years old		
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	49% (895 properties)		
-	1.3 - 2.0	44% (796 properties)		
	> 2.0	6% (114 properties)		
	Summary	Almost half of the properties in the locality have a ratio less than 1:1.3 which suggests a high potential for future re-development		
Streetscape characteristics	considerably th	nd maturity of street trees within each street varies quite nroughout the suburb. Streetscape character varies due to ore recent infill development and varied front setbacks.		
Discussion/Recommendation	old with a low of	tion of the housing stock in the suburb is between 50 and 75 years capital to site value (minimal dwelling value in comparison to the ng that it is primed for future redevelopment.		
	This area is currently zoned Northern Policy Area 13 which anticipates site of between 250m² and 375m². Assuming an average site area of 312m² the equates to a net density of 32 or a gross density of 21.4 dwellings per hea			
	Approximately 20% of the locality falls within 200 metres of high frequer routes along Morphett Road in the east and Diagonal road in the west. areas are recommended for density of 35 dwellings per hectare under the commended for density of 35 dwellings.			





Year Plan.

A smaller area warranting 20 dwellings per hectare is in proximity to the Neighbourhood Centres. This level of density is similar to the densities envisaged by the Northern Policy Area 13 under the current Development Plan.

Approximately half of the suburb falls outside of the catchment areas (using 50% of 30 Year Plan guidelines), so current policy relating to housing densities could be retained or amended to increase minimum site areas and restrict the form of dwellings considered appropriate; ie: detached and semi-detached dwellings.

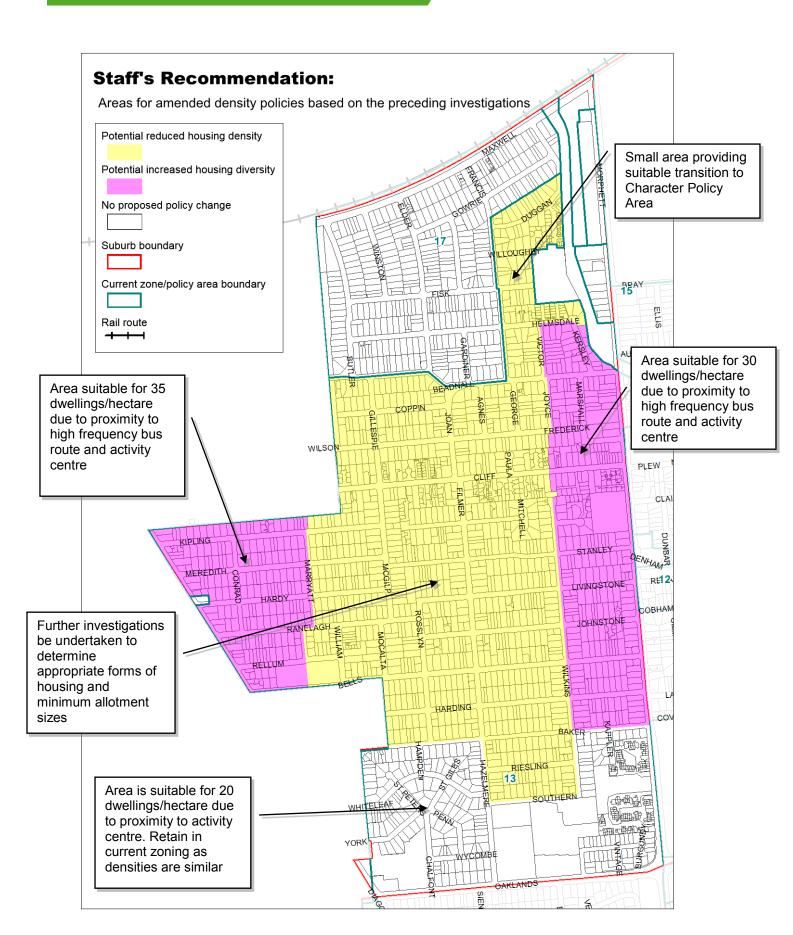
Much of the existing Character Policy Area 17 falls within the 30 Year Plan catchment area which seeks densities of 35 dwellings per hectare. This area forms part of Council's small stock of intact pre 1950's development so warrants protection from future infill.

It is recommended that a strip 200 metres wide on the western side of Morphett Road and on the eastern side of Diagonal Road be considered for densities of 35 dwellings per hectare (with due consideration of the need for a transition adjacent to properties within Holdfast Bay Council).

It is recommended that further investigations be undertaken to determine appropriate forms of housing and minimum allotment sizes for the remainder of the suburb.



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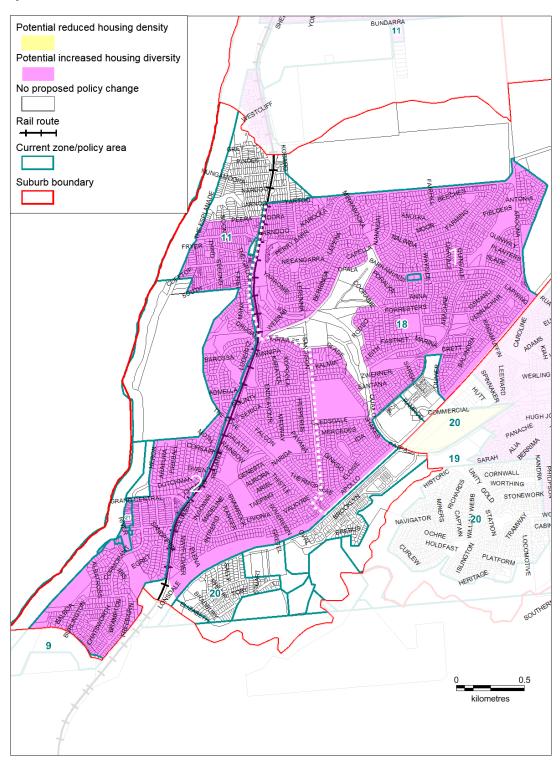


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2553 properties identified for potential increased housing diversity

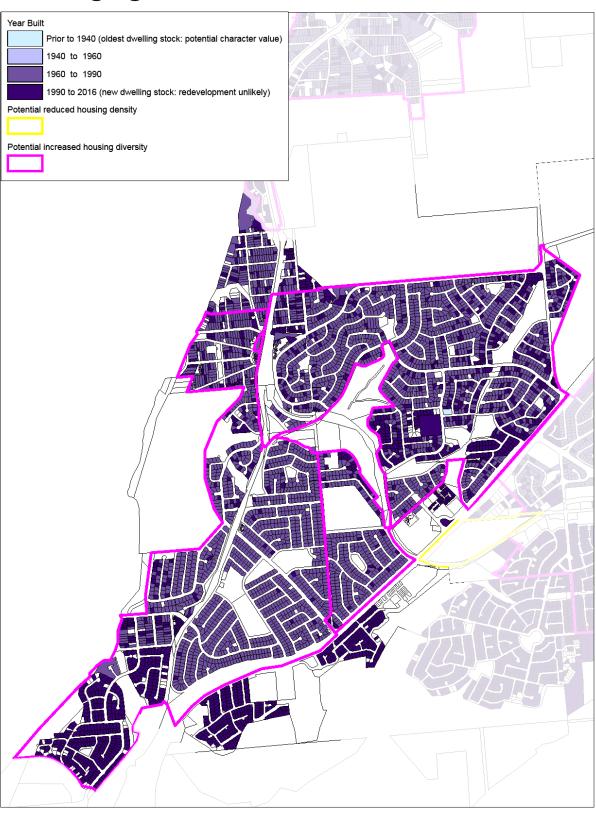
Areas identified for change of density

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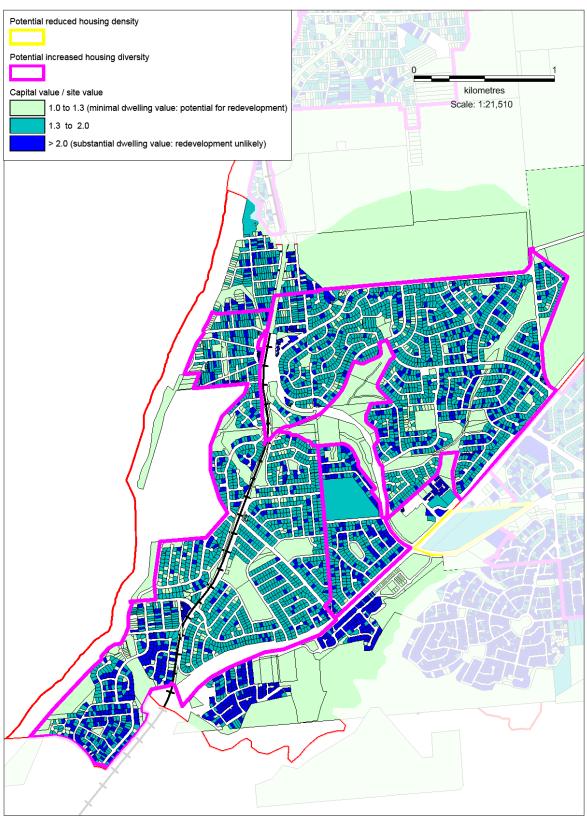


Dwelling Age

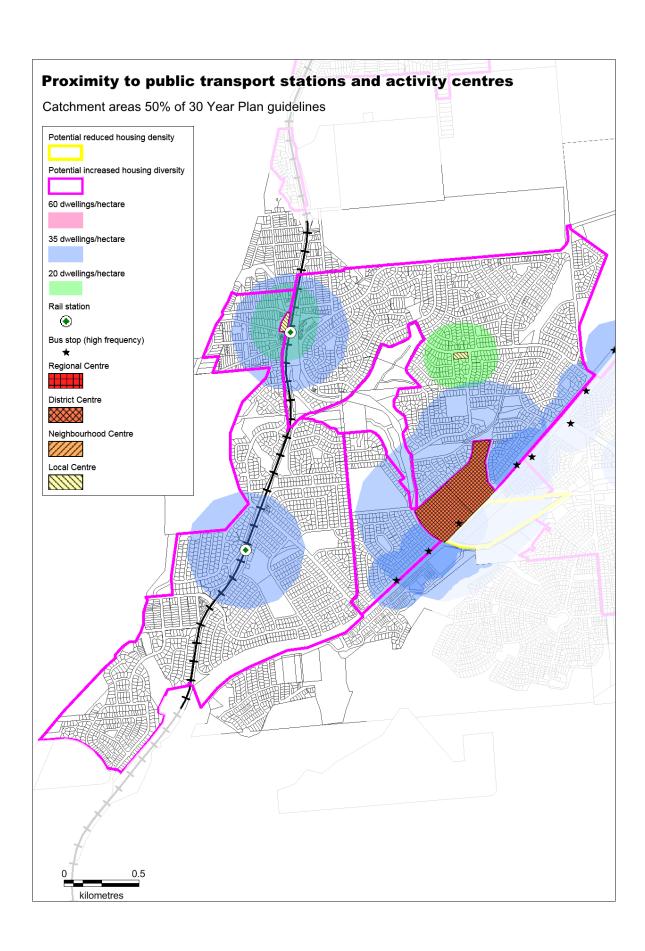




Capital value / site value ratio

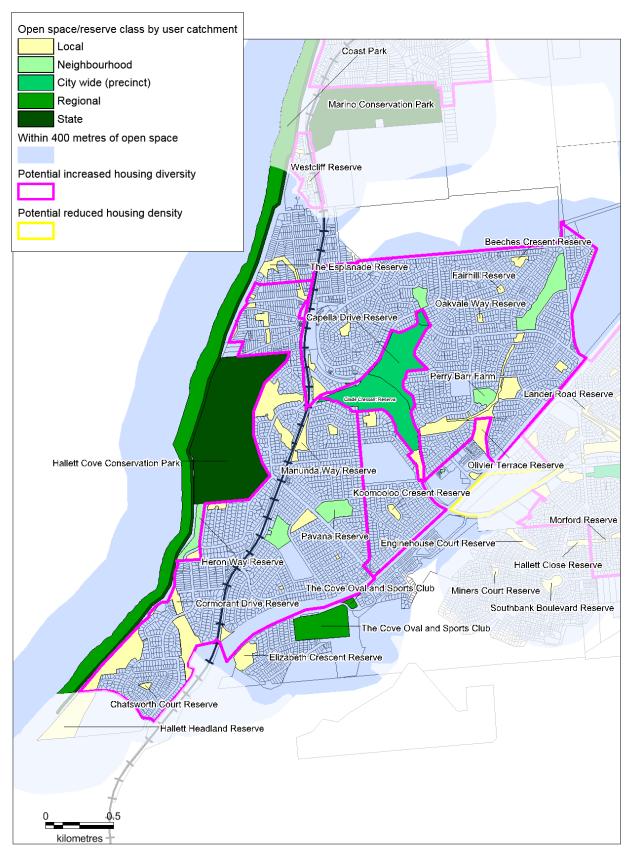






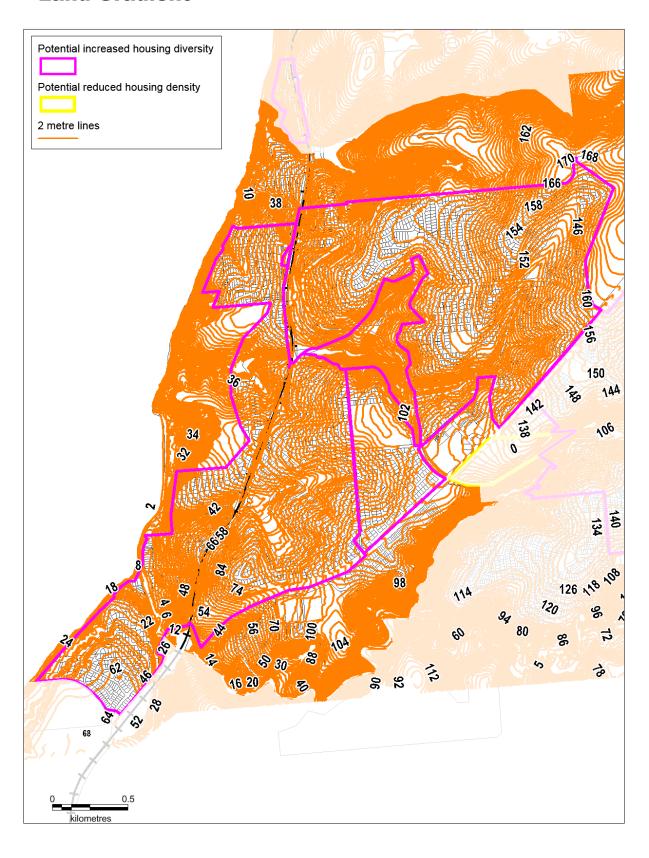


Proximity to public open space





Land Gradient





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Suburb				
Suburb size		949 hectares, containing 4813 dwellings		
Current density	Gross residential density	5.1 dwellings/hectare		
	Population density	12.8 persons/hectare		
Demographic trends (2011)	Age	Hallett Cove had a higher proportion of persons aged 35 to 69 thar City of Marion, but a lower proportion of young workforce (ages 25 to 34) and lower proportion of seniors (aged 70 and over).		
	Households	Average household size of 2.67 persons. 16% of households in Hallett Cove contained only one person, compared with 30% in City of Marion, with the most dominant household size being 2 persons per household.		
	Dwellings	Lower proportion of dwellings with 2 bedrooms or less (5.5% compared to 20.8% in CoM) and a higher proportion of dwellings with 4 or more bedrooms (32.3% compared to 15.9% in CoM).		
Heritage Items	Local	49 - 51 Vennachar Drive		
_	State	Clifftop Crescent (Hallett Cove Conservation Park) Lonsdale Highway (Worthing (Hallett) Mine Site)		
Topography		Steep gradient throughout suburb, rising from the coast and a steep gully runs through the suburb.		
Movement barriers/constraints		Train line intercepts suburb.		
Recent development activity		4850		
		4800		
		4750 4,784 4751		
	;	4700 4712		
	•	4650 4675 4675		
		4800 4750 4750 4751 4751 4697 4697 4697 4697 4697 4697 4697		
		4500		
		Jun-10 Oct-10 Jun-11 Jun-11 Jun-12 Jun-12 Jun-12 Jun-13 Oct-13 Feb-13 Feb-13 Jun-14 Jun-14 Oct-15 Jun-15		

Locality 1: Potential increased housing diversity area (east)

Locality commentary	The locality encompasses the eastern part of Hallett Cove (located east of the train line and Sandison Road). The locality includes the Hallett Cove Shopping Centre (District Centre) and Glade Crescent/Capella Drive Reserves.
Current Policy Areas	Southern Policy Area 18
Locality size	272 hectares, containing 2553 properties
Current density	9.4 dwellings/hectare (du/ha)
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	The south-eastern part of the locality is located in proximity to the Hallett Cove District Centre and bus routes along Lonsdale Road, which is recommended for density of 35 du/ha under the <i>30 Year Plan</i> . The western portion of the locality is



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	located near the Hallett Cove Railway Station, also warranting density of 35 du/ha			
	The centre of the locality features a local centre, warranting 20 du/ha.			
Topography		within 400 metres of the railway station and District Centre have a		
	considerable (gradient of approximately 10% or 1:10.		
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	0%		
	1940-1960	0%		
	1960 – 1990	70% (1738 properties)		
	> 1990	26% (643 properties)		
	Summary	3/4 of dwellings were constructed between 1960 and 1990, and		
	Summary	remaining ¼ of dwellings were constructed after 1990.		
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	7% (172 properties)		
	1.3 - 2.0	73% (1806 properties)		
	> 2.0	20% (507 properties)		
	Summary	Only 7% of Hallett Cove (East) is prime for redevelopment with		
		low dwelling to site value ratios.		

Discussion / Recommendation

Dwellings in the subject locality are of a relatively young age, as ¼ of properties were constructed within the past 25 years, and the remainder were constructed between 1960 and 1990. The dwelling stock is still in reasonably good condition, which is demonstrated by moderate capital to site value ratios. Only 7% of properties in the locality have low ratios (less than 1.3), which indicates that further redevelopment is currently unlikely.

The locality is currently zoned Southern Policy Area 18, which envisages an average gross density of 21 du/ha. This is important to note given that the current density of the locality is only 9.4 du/ha. This discrepancy is likely due to the following two factors:

- a) There is a high proportion of open space in the locality; and
- b) The relatively high capital to site value ratios naturally deter further development throughout the locality at the present stage.

It is important to acknowledge that, when dwelling values fall in the future, redevelopment at appropriate densities should be allowed to occur under the current zoning. However, it is noted that the prescribed frontage widths in Policy Area 18 are quite generous compared to the adjacent Residential Zone of Onkaparinga Council, and with other Policy Areas of the Marion Council. As such, whilst no increase in density is considered appropriate, frontage widths in the Southern Policy Area 18 should be reviewed as part of the proposed Housing Diversity DPA.

Approximately 1/3 of the locality is located within 400 metres of the District Centre and Hallett Cove Railway Station. The 30 Year Plan would suggest that these areas are suitable for gross densities of 35 du/ha. However, the steep land gradient surrounding these areas suggests that slightly lesser densities would be appropriate in order to ensure that new development on sloping land is appropriately designed to minimise amenity impacts on adjacent land (for example, to avoid unreasonable overshadowing, overshadowing, earthworks, etc).

It is not considered appropriate to include all properties located within 200 metres of Lonsdale Road considering that:

- Access to bus stops on the northern portion of Lonsdale Road is restricted by an embankment, with pedestrian access only provided adjacent the bend of Ragamuffin Drive
- b) Lonsdale Roads provides only infrequent bus stops, and operates as a high speed motorway rather than a main road with associated facilities/amenities.



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The central area of the locality is located within 200 metres of a local centre, warranting 20 du/ha. Given that this is similar to the current provisions of the Southern Policy Area 18, no further amendment to density policies is required for this area.

The remaining areas of the locality are not located in convenient proximity to public transport or activity centres, and therefore are not considered suitable for amended policies encouraging increased housing diversity.

It is recommended that:

- a) The locality is reduced in size to include only areas surrounding Hallett Cove Railway Station and District Centre.
- b) Frontage widths in the Southern Policy Area 18 are subject to review.

Locality commentary	The legality of	emprises the western half of Hallett Cove suburb, including areas		
Locality commentary	The locality comprises the western half of Hallett Cove suburb, including areas between the coast and west of the railway line/Sandison Road.			
Current Policy Areas	Hill Policy Area 11 and			
Current Folicy Areas		cy Area 18 (east of the railway line)		
Locality size				
	243.8 hectare	s, containing 2082 properties		
Current density	8.5 dwellings/	hectare (du/ha)		
Proximity to public transport	The Hallett Co	ove Railway Station is located in the northern part of the locality, and		
and activity centres		a local centre near the railway station. Areas within 400 metres of		
	the station are	e recommended for density of 35 du/ha under the 30 Year Plan.		
		ove Beach Railway Station is located in the southern part of the		
		urrounding properties are also recommended for 35 du/ha.		
Topography		maximum gradient within 400 metres of the Railway Stations is		
	approximately			
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	0%		
	1940-1960	0%		
	1960 – 1990	68% (1394 properties)		
	> 1990	26% (524 properties)		
	Summary	$\frac{1}{4}$ of dwellings constructed after 1990, remaining $\frac{3}{4}$ constructed between 1960 and 1990.		
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	12% (239 properties)		
	1.3 - 2.0	66% (1358 properties)		
	> 2.0	22% (447 properties)		
	Summary	Only 12% the locality is prime for redevelopment with low		
		dwelling to site value ratios.		
Discussion /	Dwellings in th	ne subject locality are of a relatively young age, as ¼ of properties		
Recommendation	were constructed within the past 25 years, and the remainder were constructed			
	between 1960 and 1990. The dwelling stock is still in reasonably good condition,			
	which is demonstrated by moderate capital to site value ratios. Only 12% of			
	properties in the locality have low ratios (less than 1.3), which indicates that			
	further redevelopment is currently unlikely.			
	The levelity is assumed to see all Coutherns Delley Asset 40 and 1995 Dell.			
	The locality is currently zoned Southern Policy Area 18 and Hills Policy Area 11,			
	which envisage average gross densities of 21 du/ha and 7 du/ha, respectively. The current density of the locality is 8.5 du/ha, which slightly exceeds that			
		the Hills Policy Area 11.		
	Approximately	/ 1/4 of the locality is located within 400 metres of railway stations.		



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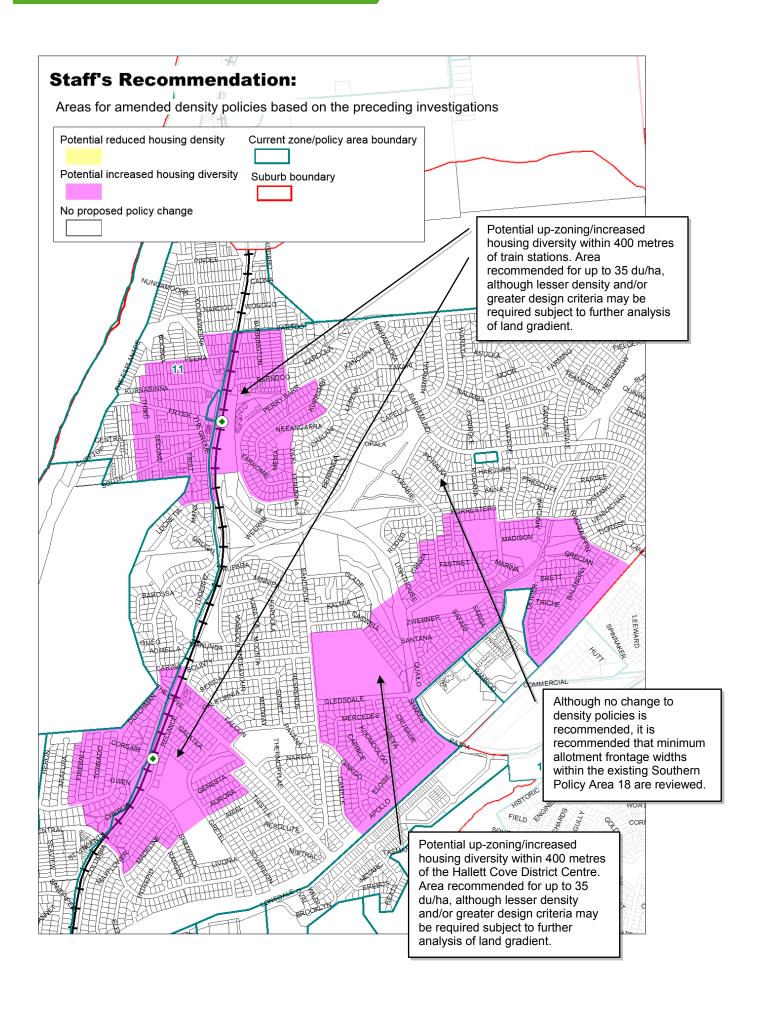
of 35 du/ha. However, the steep land gradient surrounding these areas suggests that slightly lesser densities would be appropriate in order to ensure that new development on sloping land is appropriately designed to minimise amenity impacts on adjacent land (for example, to avoid unreasonable overshadowing, overshadowing, earthworks, etc).

The remaining areas of the locality are not located in convenient proximity to public transport or activity centres, and therefore are not considered suitable for amended policies encouraging increased housing diversity.

It is recommended that the locality is reduced in size to include only areas within 400 metres of the Hallett Cove Railway Station and Hallett Cove Beach Railway Station.



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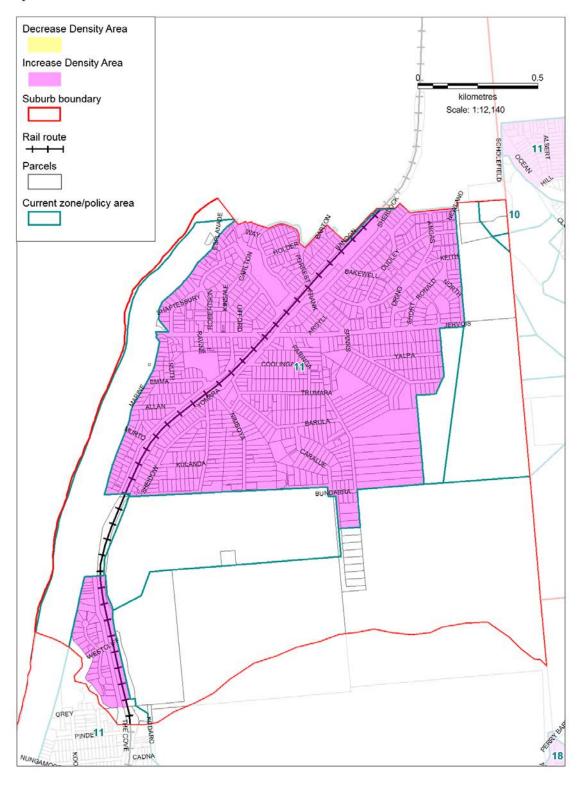


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1046 properties identified for potential increased housing diversity

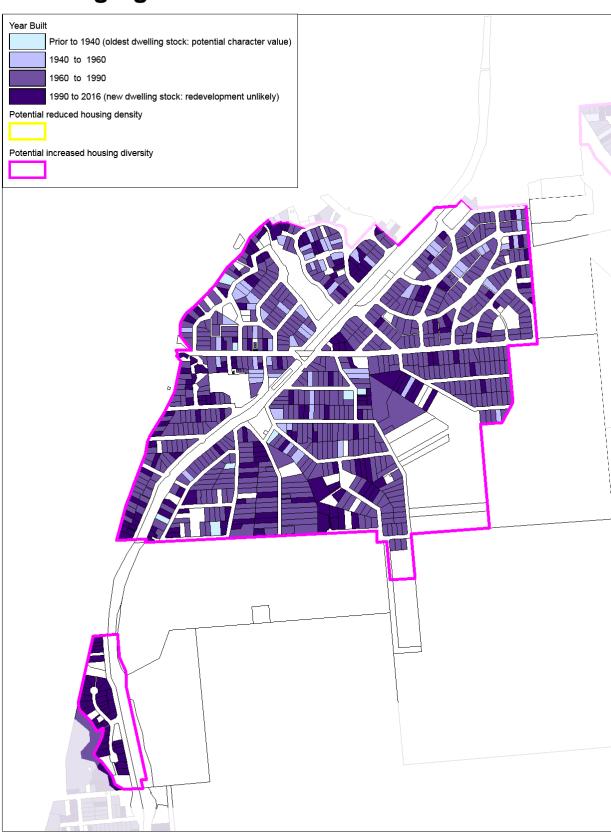
Areas identified for change of density

by Elected Members in November 2015



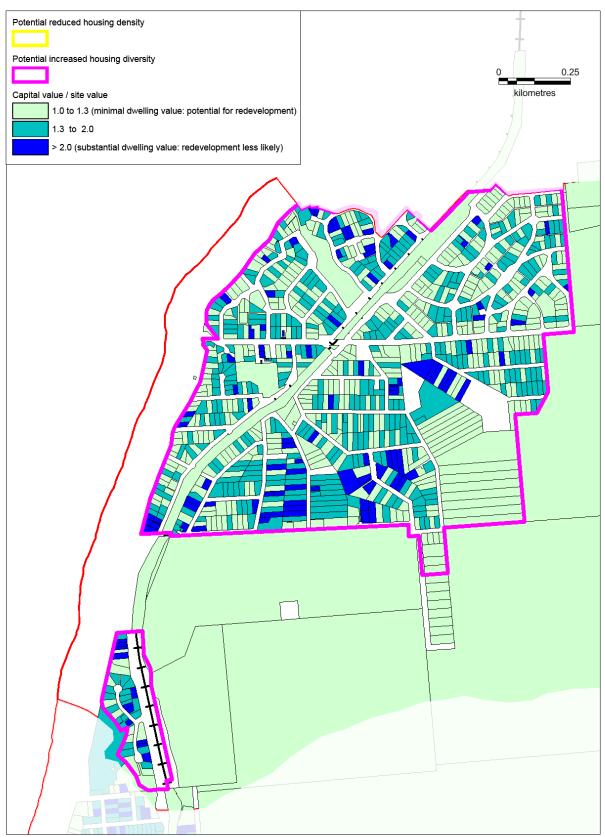


Dwelling Age

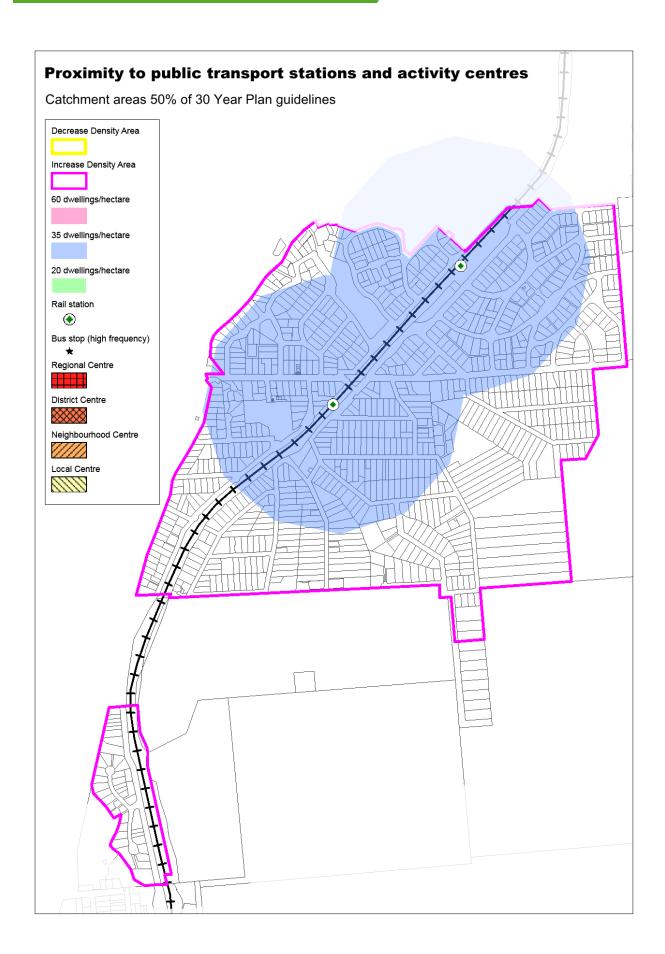




Capital value / site value ratio

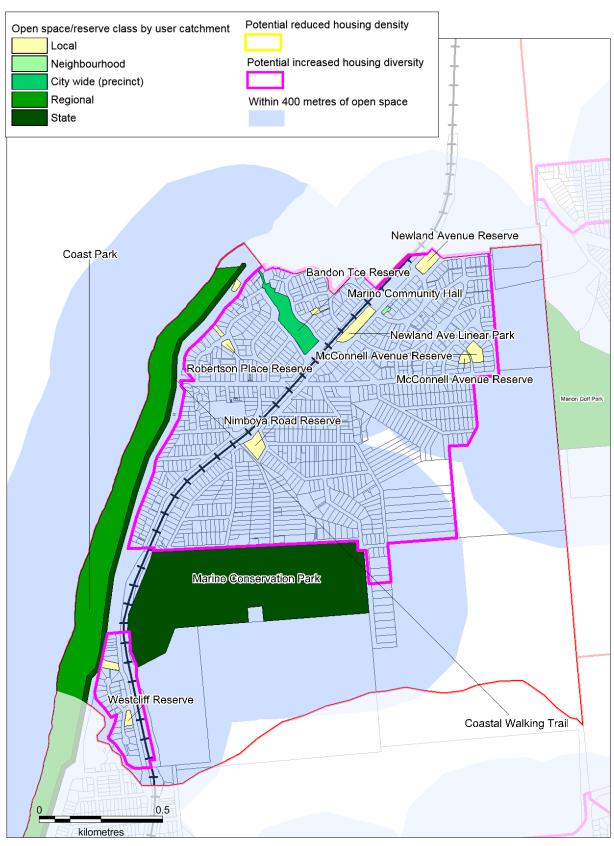






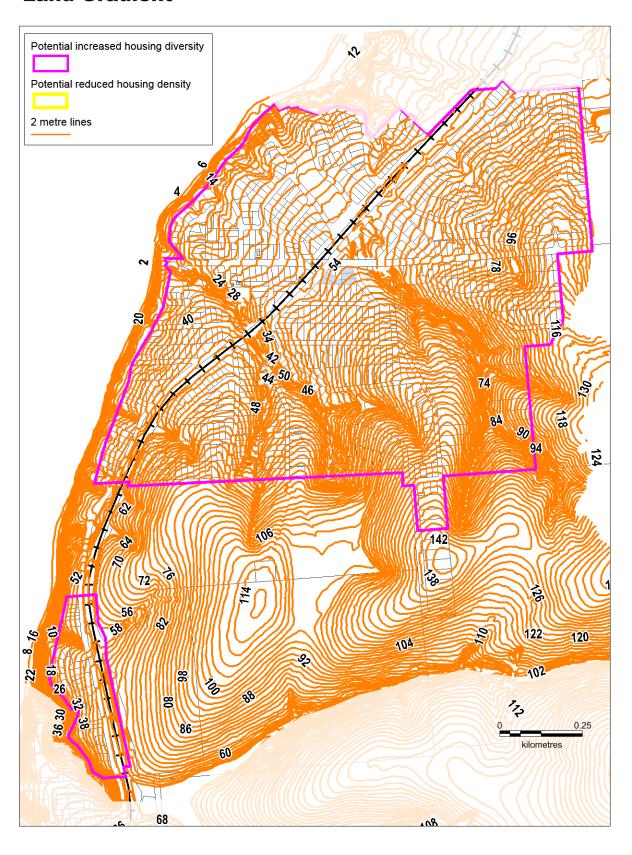


Proximity to public open space





Land Gradient





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Suburb		
Suburb size		319 hectares, containing 912 dwellings
Current density	Gross residential density	2.9 dwellings/hectare (due to high proportion of open space)
	Population density	6.5 persons/hectare
Demographic trends (2011)	Age	Marino had a lower proportion of people in the younger age groups (0 to 17 years) and a higher proportion of people in the older age groups (60+ years).
	Households	Average household size: 2.45
Heritage Items	Local	17 - 19 Bundarra Drive 25 Coolinga Road Marino Conservation Park (Tower of Lighthouse)
	State	-
Topography		Many parts of the suburb maintain a severe gradient, including adjacent the coast and ravines which run through the suburb.
Movement barriers/constraints		Steep gradients and railway line intercepts suburb.
Recent development		915

Recent developmen activity



Adjoining council areas

North: Holdfast Bay Council: Residential Zone

Comparison of Minimum Site Dimensions

City of Marion: Hills Policy Area 11 City of Holdfast Bay: Residential Zone

Dwelling Type	Site Area Marion	Site Area Holdfast	Frontage Marion	Frontage Holdfast
Detached	700-1100	400	18-20	12
Semi-detached	not permitted	350	not permitted	12
Group dwelling	700-1100	350	24-26	12
Residential flat building	not permitted	350	not permitted	12
Row dwelling	not permitted	350	not permitted	10

Potential increased housing diversity area (pink)

Locality commentary	The locality comprises all residential properties in Marino, except those on the southern end of Bundarra Road.
Current Policy Areas	Hills Policy Area 11



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Locality size	143 hectares, containing 1046 properties		
Current density	7.3 dwellings/hectare		
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	The northern and central portions of the locality are located within 400 metres of the Marion and Marino Rocks Railway Stations. The 30 Year Plan suggests that these areas are suitable for gross density of 35 du/ha.		
Topography	The overall land gradient within 400 metres of the train station equals approximately 10%, however the land undulates over this distance (due to ravines through the suburb) and therefore gradients vary depending on the walking path taken.		
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	1% (10 properties)	
	1940-1960	6% (64 properties)	
	1960 – 1990	60% (631 properties)	
	> 1990	20% (208 properties)	
	Other	13% (data not available)	
	Summary	Most dwellings were constructed between 1960-1990, with 1.5 of the locality constructed within the past 25 years.	
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	47% (487 properties)	
	1.3 - 2.0	40% (423 properties)	
	> 2.0	11% (116 properties)	
	Other	2% (data not available)	
	Summary	Almost half of the locality maintains low capital to site value ratios, which means that a large proportion of properties are prime for redevelopment.	

Discussion / Recommendation

The locality features a mixture of dwellings, but older dwellings are generally located in the northern part of the suburb. This northern area also maintains low capital to site value ratios, indicating that the dwelling stock is ready to be redevelopment.

This northern area of the suburb is located in proximity to the Marino Rocks and Marino Railway Stations. The *30 Year Plan* would suggest that these areas are suitable for gross densities of 35 du/ha. However, the steep land gradient surrounding these areas suggests that slightly lesser densities would be appropriate in order to ensure that new development on sloping land is appropriately designed to minimise amenity impacts on adjacent land (for example, to avoid unreasonable overshadowing, overshadowing, earthworks, etc).

It may be appropriate to amend density policies to align with that of the adjacent Residential Zone of Holdfast Bay to the north, which envisages average gross densities of approximately 18.6 du/ha.

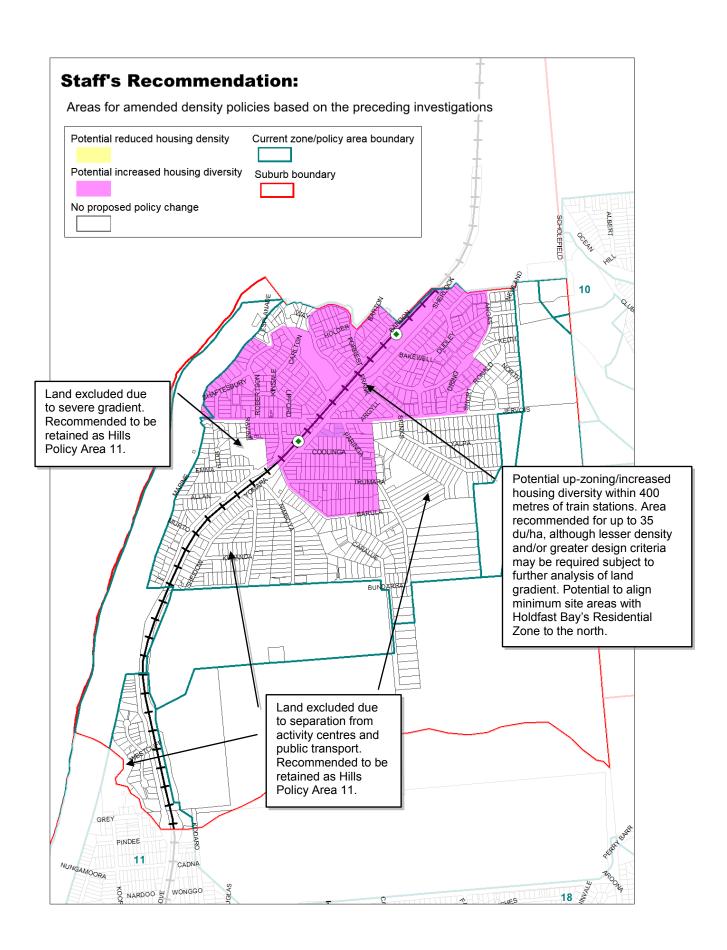
Furthermore, is noted that land located south-west of Ravine Street and Barula Road maintains a significant gradient, as a ravine runs west to south-east through the locality. Given that the ravine would form an impediment to walking routes to the train station, is it recommended that areas south-west of Ravine Street and Barula Road are not targeted for increased housing diversity/density.

The remaining areas of the locality are not located in convenient proximity to public transport or activity centres, and therefore are not considered suitable for amended policies encouraging increased housing diversity.

It is recommended that the locality is reduced in size to include only areas within 400 metres of the Marino and Marino Rocks Railway Stations (excluding areas south-east of Ravine Street and Barula Road due to severe land gradient).



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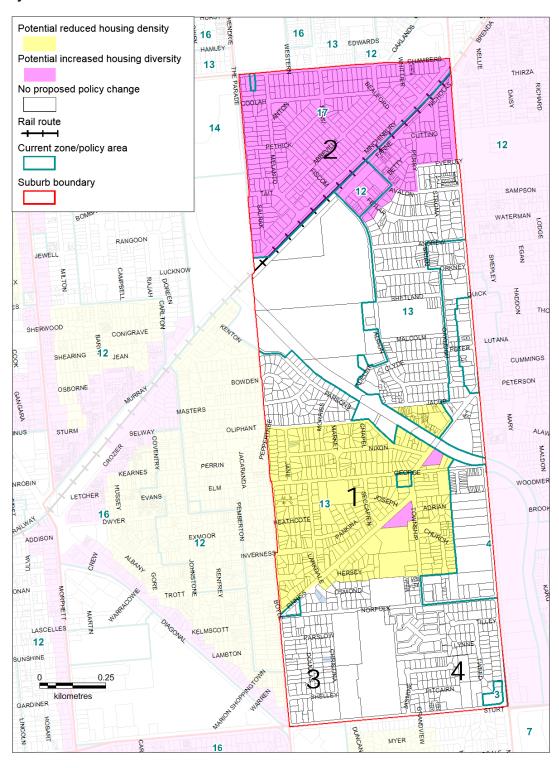
Marion



453 properties identified for potential reduced housing density area (yellow) 416 properties identified for potential increased housing diversity area (pink)

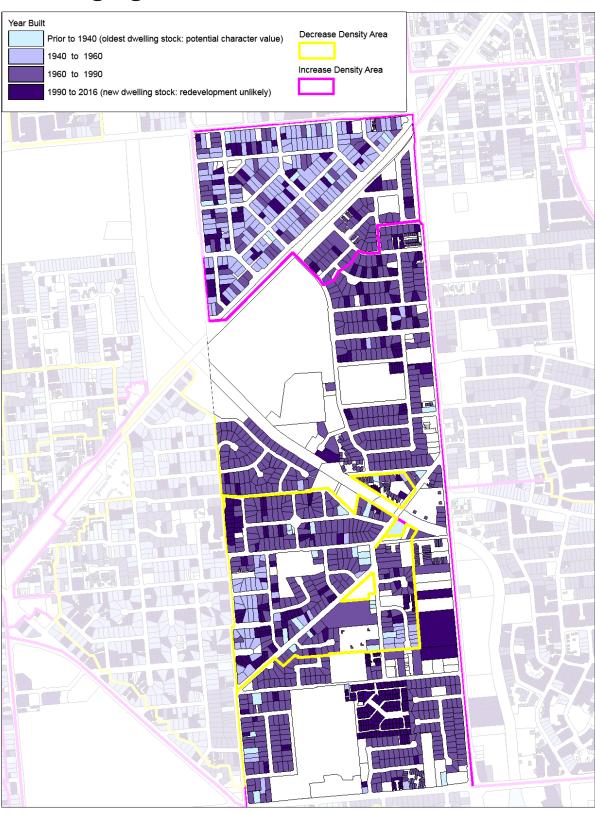
Areas identified for change of density

by Elected Members in November 2015



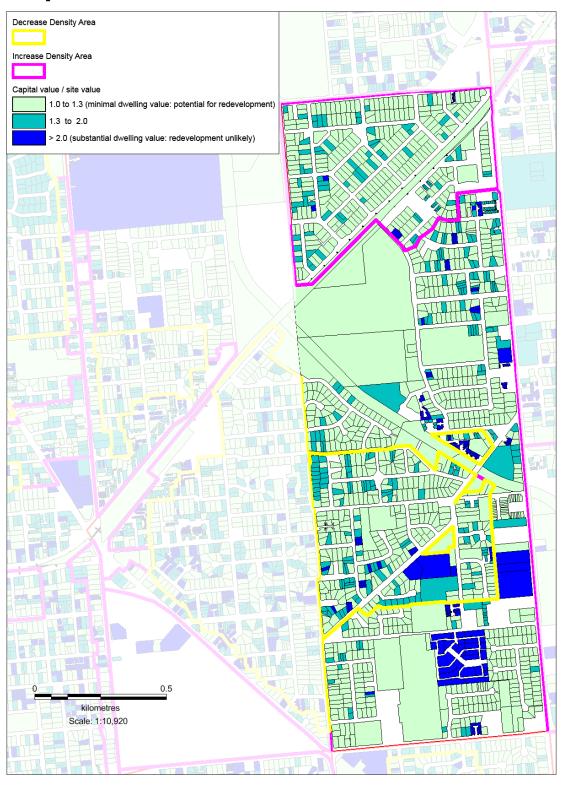


Dwelling Age



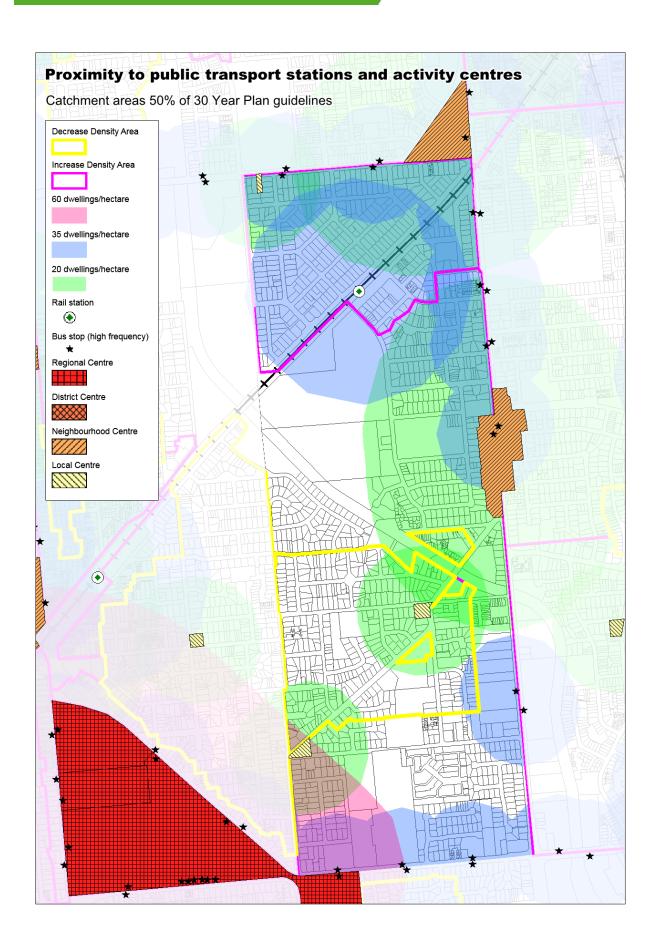


Capital value / site value ratio



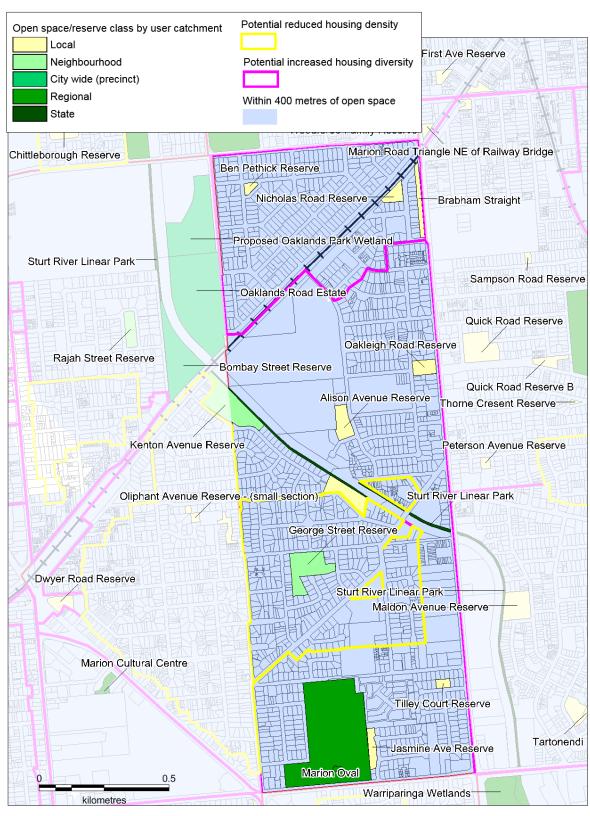
Marion







Proximity to public open space





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Suburb		
Suburb size		200.3 hectares, containing 1651 properties 3753 residents (in 2011)
Current density	Gross residential density	8.24 dwellings/hectare
	Population density	18.7 persons/hectare
Demographic trends	Age	Lower proportion of pre-schoolers and a higher proportion of
(2011)	Harrack alds	persons at post retirement age.
(with comparison to City of Marion)	Households	2 bedroom dwellings (18.3%), 3 bedroom dwellings (58.4%), 4 bedroom dwellings (13.8%) – similar percentages to City of Marion
Heritage Items	Local	6 Finniss Street (Former Marion Inn)
		17 Finniss Street (St Ann's Catholic Church) 34 Finniss Street (Dwelling (former Police Station))
		34 Finniss Street (Dwelling) (Iornier Folice Station))
		51 Finniss Street (Dwelling)
		28 George Street (Dwelling)
		45 George Street (Dwelling (Annie Doolan's Cottage))
		Market Street Intersection of Market and Nixon Street (Light Square; Location of the Square as the original centre of the village of Marion)
		5 Market Street (Dwelling (Rose Cottage))
		38 Nixon Street (Dwelling (Laurel Cottage and City of Marion's first
		Post Office))
		6 Norfolk Road (Dwelling (former farmhouse))
		31 - 39 Norfolk Road (War memorial)55 Oliphant Avenue (Remnant Almond Grove; Remaining almond trees
		generally at the south western and south eastern end of the reserve)
		240 Sturt Road (Dwelling)
		284-286 Sturt Road (School building (former Sturt School))
		288 Sturt Road (School (former District Hall))
		290 Sturt Road (Dwelling (former Marion Council Chambers)) 8 - 10 Township Road (Dwellings (former Workmen's Cottages))
		16 Township Road (Dwelling)
		23 Township Road (Dwelling)
	State	9 Township Road (Marion Uniting (former Wesleyan Methodist)
		Church)
Topography		All of locality < 1:10; minor gradient
Movement barriers/constraints		Rail corridor and Sturt River channel form substantial barriers for movement north-south
Recent development		1660
activity		
		1,651
		1630
		1,631
		1619 1613
		1600
		1590 1600
		15801 5 89
		1650 1640 1630 1620 1610 1610 1619 1600 1600 1600 1613 1619 1600
		1550
		11.
		Jun-10 Oct-10 Jun-11 Jun-12 Jun-12 Jun-13 Oct-14 Jun-14 Jun-14 Jun-14 Jun-14 Oct-14 Oct-15 Jun-15



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Locality 1: Potential reduc	ed housing de	ensity area (yellow)	
Locality commentary	Locality compri	ises the area known as the 'Marion Historic Village' and is	
		ded by Oliphant to the north, Hersey/Finniss to the south,	
	commercial properties to the east and Boyle to the west.		
Current Policy Areas	Northern Policy		
Locality size		containing 453 properties	
Current density	11.4 dwellings/		
Proximity to public transport and activity centres		50% of the locality is suitable for 20 dwellings/hectare due to ighbourhood centres	
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	4% (18 properties)	
	1940-1960	11% (53 properties)	
	1960 – 1990	60% (272 properties)	
	> 1990	24% (108 properties)	
		1% (data not available)	
		60% of the properties are between 25 and 55 years old	
	Summary	with 24% being constructed more recently	
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	62% (279 properties)	
•	1.3 - 2.0	33% (149 properties)	
	> 2.0	10% (47 properties)	
	Summary	The majority of the properties have a low capital to site	
		value suggesting a high potential for future redevelopme	
	varies througho		
Discussion/Recommendation	unique historic	umber/percentage of heritage properties is very small, there is a character and meaning to certain parts of this locality which has ed through naming the area 'Marion Historic Village'.	
	Although the age and capital to site values of much of the property in the area suggests that it has high potential for future redevelopment, it is not in reasonable proximity to public transport and its proximity to neighbourhood centres seeks densities of 20 dwellings/hectare, which is similar to that envisaged by Northern Policy Area 13.		
	A new policy area may be suitable this locality which recognises the historic pas of the area (without seeking mock heritage designs) and promotes a high street/village character along the northern end of Finniss Street, with policy that restricts the type of dwellings and minimum allotment sizes.		
	As the age and capital to site values of the housing stock from the proposed southern boundary down to Norfolk Road is similar, it is suggested that this area be included within locality 1.		
	Structure Plans Infrastructure (and south of O is targeted for I improve open s housing close a proposed for a	commendation, it is important to note that the Draft Strategic is prepared by the Department of Planning, Transport and DPTI) illustrate that all residential areas north of Finniss Street aklands Road are included in a "residential infill" area. This area ow rise residential infill, which will "enhance key local streets and space network to support active travel and amenity for diverse to train and the regional centre". Consequently, if this locality is decrease in housing density, it would be contradictory to the tent's Structure Plans for the Marion Primary Renewal Area.	



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The Draft Structure Plan also identifies "Marion Historical Village" as "Finniss St Local High Street", which is to include "sensitive low rise missed use to strengthen this local community hub".

The Draft Structure Plans prepared by DPTI will be available for viewing by Committee Members at the meeting of the Urban Planning Committee held on 5 April 2016.

It is recommended that:

- A new policy area is introduced in the "Marion Historic Village" area which recognises the historic past of the area and promotes a high street/village character along the northern end of Finniss Street.
- Areas from the proposed southern boundary down to Norfolk Road be included in within the locality.
- Further investigations be undertaken to determine appropriate forms of development/housing for the locality at lower densities than currently allowed by the Development Plan.

Locality 2: Potential incre	ased housir	ng diversity area (pink)		
Locality commentary	The northern part of the locality comprises a triangular area bounded by Oaklands Road, The Parade and the rail corridor. The southern portion roughly follows within 200m of the rail corridor between Westminster School and Marion Road			
Current Policy Areas	Northern Poli	Residential Character Policy Area 17 Northern Policy Area 13 Medium Density Policy Area 12		
Locality size	43.6 hectares	s, containing 416 properties		
Current density	9.5 dwellings	/hectare		
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	Much of the locality is within 400m of Marion rail station and/or is within 200m of a high frequency bus route. Approx. half of the locality is within 400m of a Neighbourhood Centre			
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	3% (10 properties)		
	1940-1960	40% (165 properties)		
	1960 – 1990	33% (136 properties)		
	> 1990	15% (62 properties)		
	Other	9% (data not available)		
	Summary	Approximately ¾ of the dwelling stock is between 25 and 55 years old		
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	69% (289 properties)		
•	1.3 - 2.0	21% (87 properties)		
	> 2.0	5% (22 properties)		
	Other	5% (data not available)		
	Summary	Approx. 3/4 of the properties have a low capital to site value and		
		are therefore prime for future redevelopment		
Discussion/Recommendation	The section of the locality north of the rail corridor is currently local Residential Character Policy Area 17 and is commonly known as Estate', where the established/desired character is primarily low of dwellings on large allotments (min. 420 m² site area/15 m frontage garden suburb character is to be maintained/enhanced. However, taking 50% of the 30 Year Plan catchment areas into accommon to the section of the section			
	locality is cov frequency but	vered almost entirely by catchment areas for either rail stations, high is stops and activity centres. This area therefore warrants densities of and predominantly 35 dwellings/hectare.		



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This mismatch in future directions will require further and careful consideration by Council to ensure the most appropriate form of development for the area.

The small area on the southern side of the rail corridor is either Medium Density Policy Area 12 or Northern Policy Area 13 that currently envisages allotments with averages site areas of approximately 256m² / 309m² and gross densities of approximately 26 du/ha / 22 du/ha.

As the transport and centre catchment areas area south of the rail corridor extend as far south as Orkney Road and contain housing stock of similar age and capital to site value as the designated area, it is suggested that the locality be extended to include this area.

As the housing stock is predominantly between 25 to 55 years old and has a low capital to site value, the locality is primed for future redevelopment. This area therefore warrants densities of between 20 and predominantly 35 dwellings/hectare.

It is recommended that:

- Council undertake further investigations into the future directions of the area north of the rail corridor, comprising existing Residential Character Area 17 (Oaklands Estate), to ensure the most appropriate form of development for the area, whilst maintaining elements of the garden/landscape character.
- That part of the locality south of the rail corridor is extended southward to Orkney Road to allow higher density development to occur at approx.
 35 dwellings/hectare.

Locality 3: Potential increa	sed housing diversity area (Administration suggestion)		
Locality commentary	This additional locality is bounded by Finniss, Norfolk, Sturt and Marion Sports and Community Club.		
Current Policy Areas	Northern Policy area 13		
Discussion/Recommendation	As the housing stock is predominantly between 25 to 55 years old and has a low capital to site value, the locality is primed for future redevelopment.		
	This locality is covered by the catchments of a Regional Centre, Local Centre and high frequency bus route. Taking 50% of the 30 Year Plan guidelines into account, densities of between 35 and 60 dwellings/hectare are anticipated. As the locality is beyond the catchment of the rail station, 35 dwellings/hectare is probably more appropriate.		
	It is recommended that Council consider rezoning the locality to allow higher density development to occur at approx. 35 dwellings/hectare.		

Locality 4: Potential increase	sed housing diversity area (Administration suggestion)
Locality commentary	This additional locality is bounded by Sturt, Marion, a line parallel to the southern boundary of Norfolk Retirement Village and Marion Sports and Community Club.
Current Policy Areas	Northern Policy area 13
Discussion/Recommendation	As the housing stock is predominantly between 25 to 55 years old and has a low capital to site value, the locality is primed for future redevelopment.
	This locality is within 200m of a high frequency bus route. Taking 50% of the 30





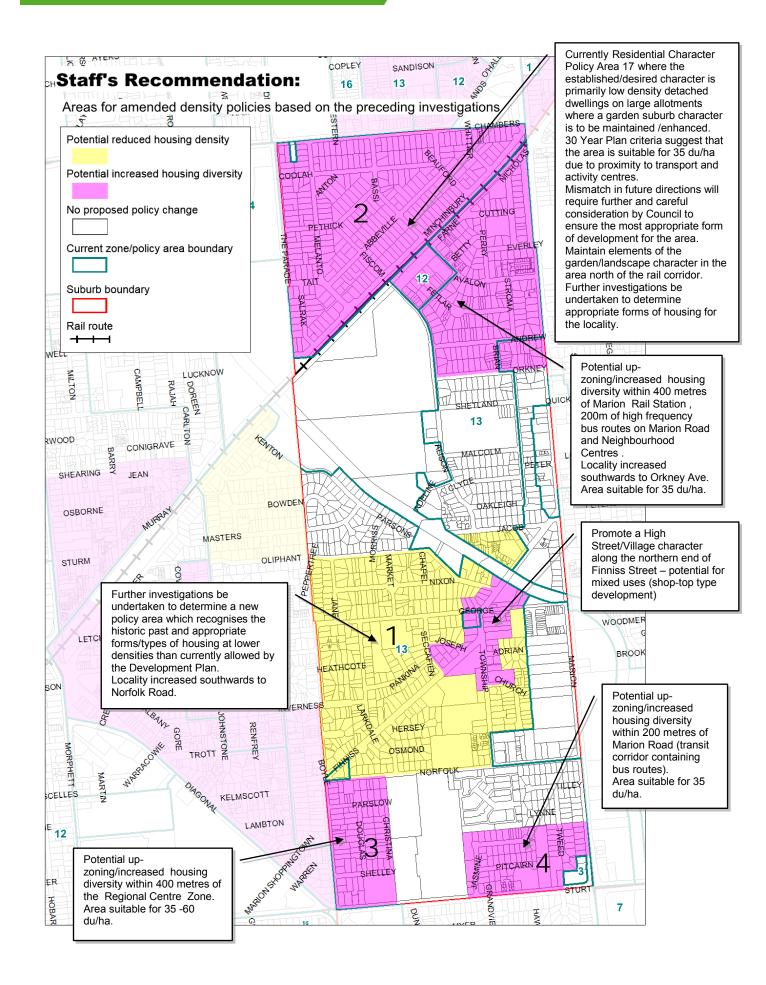
Year Plan guidelines into account, densities of 35 dwellings/hectare are anticipated.

Sturt Road has been recognised as a potential corridor connection between the Tonsley precinct and the Regional Centre.

It is recommended that Council consider rezoning the locality to allow higher density development to occur at approx. 35 dwellings/hectare.



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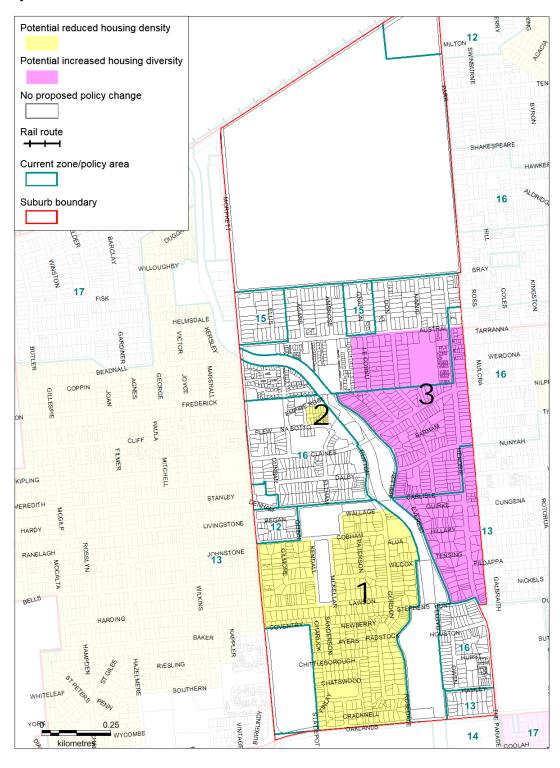


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445 properties identified for potential reduced housing density 462 properties identified for potential increased housing diversity

Areas identified for change of density

by Elected Members in November 2015



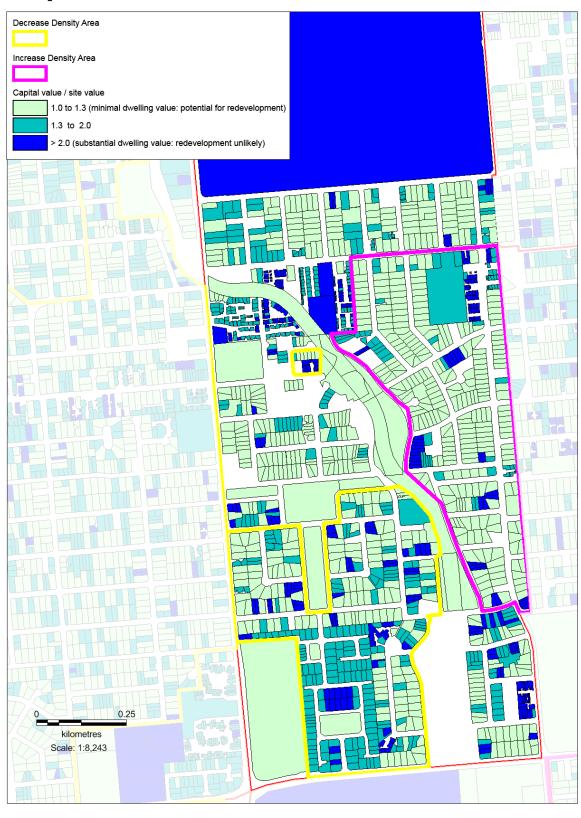


Dwelling Age

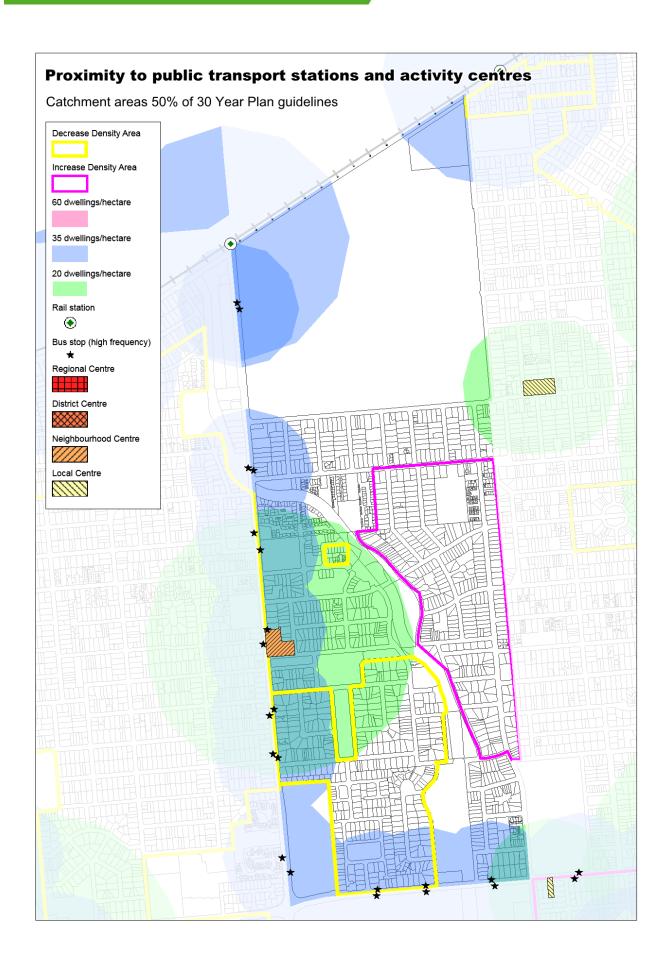




Capital value / site value ratio

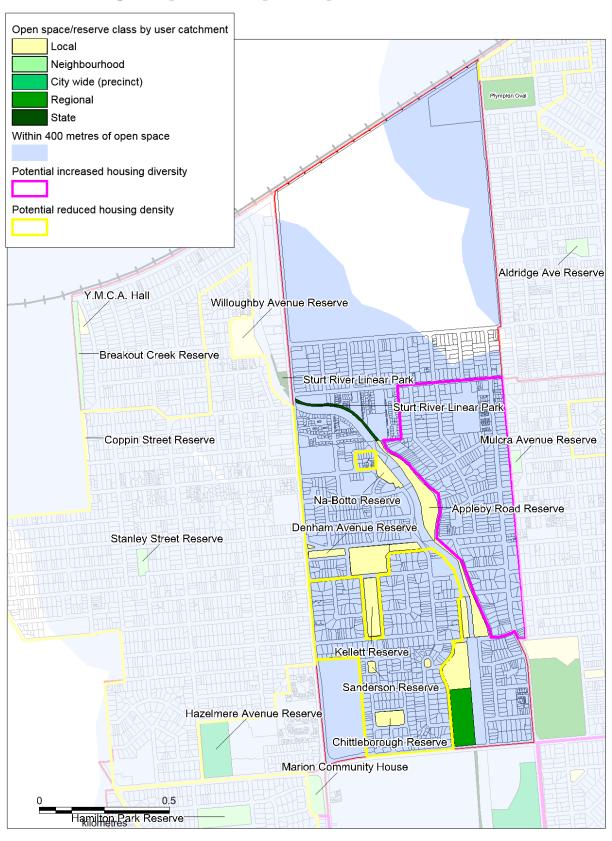








Proximity to public open space





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	194 hectares 1411 dwellings (in 2016) 3057 residents (in 2011		
Gross residential density	7.3 dwellings/hectare Note: substantial areas of open space and racecourse reduce residential density		
Population density	15.32 persons/hectare		
Age	Considerably higher proportion of persons over 70 years of age than City of Marion		
Households	Lower proportion of couples with children but a higher proportion lone person		
Dwelling Size	Considerable higher proportion of 2 bedroom (30%vs 21%), Slightly less proportion of 3 bedroom (51% vs 54%)		
Local	4 Gordon Terrace		
State	79 Morphett Road		
< 1:10	Minor gradient		
	Sturt River intercepts suburb, creating a barrier east-west		
	1420 1400 1380 1360 1360 1320		
	Population density Age Households Dwelling Size Local State		

1220

Adjoining council areas

North: City of West Torrens: Residential Zone: Medium **Density Policy** Area 18

Comparison of Minimum Site Dimensions

City of Marion: Northern Policy Area 13

City of West Torrens: Medium Density Policy Area 18

Dwelling Type	Site Area Marion	Site Area West Torrens	Frontage Marion	Frontage West Torrens
Detached	375	250*	12	9
Semi-detached	320	200*	9	9
Group dwelling	300	150^	20	7
Residential flat building	300	150^	20	15
Row dwelling	250	150^	7	5
*150 m² for affordable housing ^100 m² for affordable housing				



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Locality 1 & 2: Potential re	duced housin	g density area (yellow)	
Locality commentary	 The locality encompasses the south-western portion of the suburb, bounded by Oaklands Road (south), Morphett Road (west), Cobham/Wallace streets (north) and the Sturt River (east). The southern section of this locality comprises a redeveloped former drive-in site (Coventry Gardens). The locality comprises 8 townhouses/units located at 12 NaBotto Crescent 		
Current Policy Areas	Northern Policy Area 13 Regeneration Policy Area 16		
Locality size	31.1 hectares,	containing 445 properties	
Current density	14.3 dwellings/	hectare	
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	The western and southern portions of Locality 1 are located within 200 metres of bus stops on Morphett Road and Oaklands Road, warranting densities up to 35 dwellings/hectare. The northern portion of Locality 1 and the whole of Locality 2 are located within 400 metres of the Neighbourhood Centre zone, warranting 20 dwellings/hectare.		
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	0%	
	1940-1960	26% (114 properties)	
	1960 – 1990	9% (39 properties)	
	> 1990	60% (265 properties)	
	Other	5% (data not available)	
	Summary	High proportion of new (post-1990) dwellings, with $\frac{1}{4}$ of dwellings constructed between 1940-60.	
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	36% (159 properties)	
	1.3 - 2.0	42% (188 properties)	
	> 2.0	17% (77 properties)	
	Other	5% (data not available)	
	Summary	36% of properties have minimal dwelling value compared to site value, and are therefore prime for redevelopment	
Streetscape characteristics	Streetscape varies throughout the localities. Setbacks in 'Coventry Gardens' are relatively similar whereas there is greater variety in setbacks elsewhere due to original land division layout and the incursion of more recent redevelopment. Maturity and number of street trees varies throughout the locality.		
Discussion/Recommendation	densities of 35 Morphett Road of 20 du/ha due zoning as North approximately	dwellings per hectare due to proximity to bus routes along . The north western section of the locality is suitable for densities to proximity to a Neighbourhood Centre Zone. The current hern Policy Area 13 allows for an average gross density of 21.7 du/ha. As such, there is scope to increase density in those cality located within 200 metres of Morphett Road.	
	The southern portion of the locality comprising the Coventry Gardens development is relatively recent dwelling stock (less than 25 years old) and comprises allotments/development of a higher density than much of the remainder of the locality and has a higher capital to site value, so is unlikely to be redeveloped at higher densities in the future.		
	catchment area substantially im tact' character.	n-eastern section of the locality, although generally outside of the a of public transport and activity centres, has already been neacted by higher density infill development, so has no distinct 'in-The remaining original properties are at least 55 years old and all to site value so are primed for redevelopment.	
	It is recommended to the state of the state	nded that: rn section of the locality within 200m of Morphett Road be	



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rezoned for densities of 35 dwellings/hectare

- Properties within 200m of Morphett Road north of Locality 1, up to Bray Street, be considered for densities of 35 dwellings/hectare
- The remainder of the properties within Locality 1 retain existing zoning and densities

Locality 2: The area comprises allotments developed at a relatively high density which were constructed in the last 25 years and have a high capital to site value ratio. The locality is located within 400 metres of a Neighbourhood Centre, and therefore would be suitable for densities of 20 dwellings per hectare. The current zoning as Regeneration Policy Area 16 allows for an average net density of 33.4 du/ha

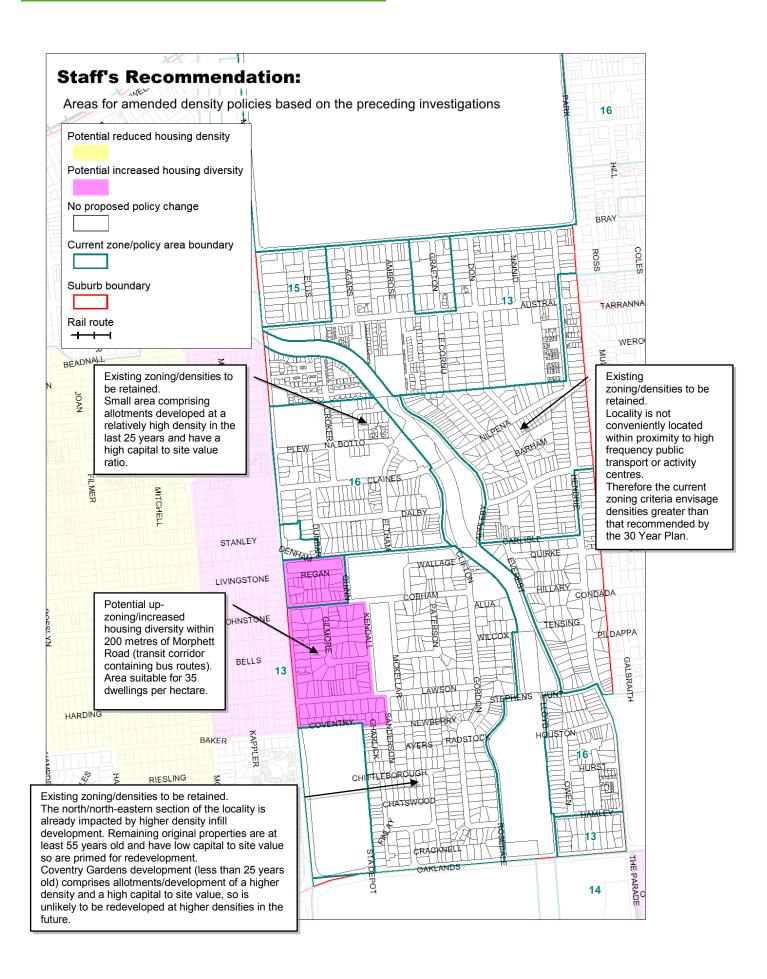
It is unlikely that this small area will be redeveloped further due to the above.

It is recommended that this locality retain existing zoning and densities

Locality commentary	The locality is bounded by Austral Terrace (north), Hendrie Street (east), Hunt Street (south) and the Sturt River (west).		
Current Policy Areas		Policy Area 16	
	Northern Poli	cy Area 13	
Locality size	30 hectares, o	containing 462 properties	
Current density	15.4 dwellings	s/hectare	
Proximity to public transport and activity centres		outside of the 200m catchment of Neighbourhood Centres. A low s route runs along Hendrie Street at the eastern side of the locality.	
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	0%	
	1940-1960	43% (198 properties)	
	1960 – 1990	28% (129 properties)	
	> 1990	16% (76 properties)	
	Other	13% (data not available)	
	Summary	High proportion of stock between 25 and 75 years old 16% of redeveloped properties	
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	56% (260 properties)	
	1.3 - 2.0	14% (65 properties)	
	> 2.0	21% (97 properties)	
	Other	9% (data not available)	
	Summary	High percentage of properties have minimal dwelling value compared to site value, and are therefore prime for redevelopment	
Discussion/Recommendation	transport or a 30 Year Plan	not conveniently located within proximity to high frequency public ctivity centres so does not meet the Council suggested 50% of the guidelines density criteria.	
	while the rem gross densitie	y half of the locality is currently zoned Regeneration Policy Area 16 ainder is zoned Northern Policy Area 13, which prescribe average es of 33.5 and 21.7 dwellings/hectare respectively. Therefore the g criteria envisage densities greater than that recommended by the	
	It is recomm	ended that the locality retain existing zoning and densities.	



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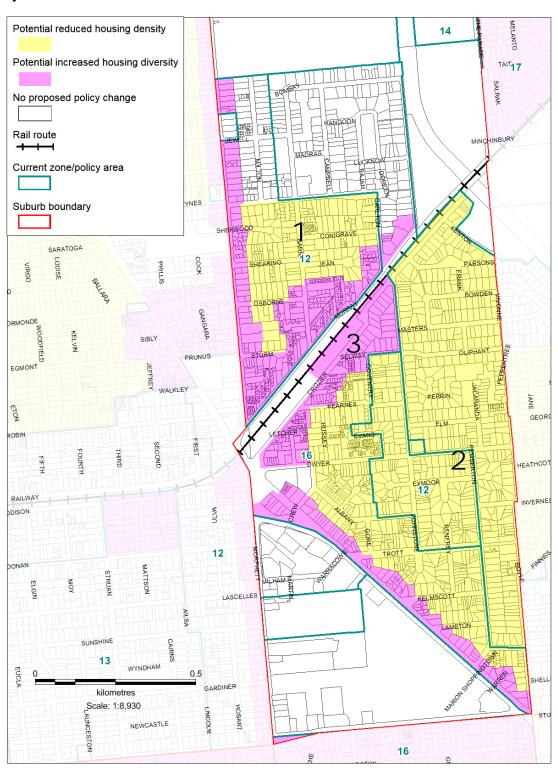


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1204 properties identified for potential reduced housing density 675 properties identified for potential increased housing diversity

Areas identified for change of density

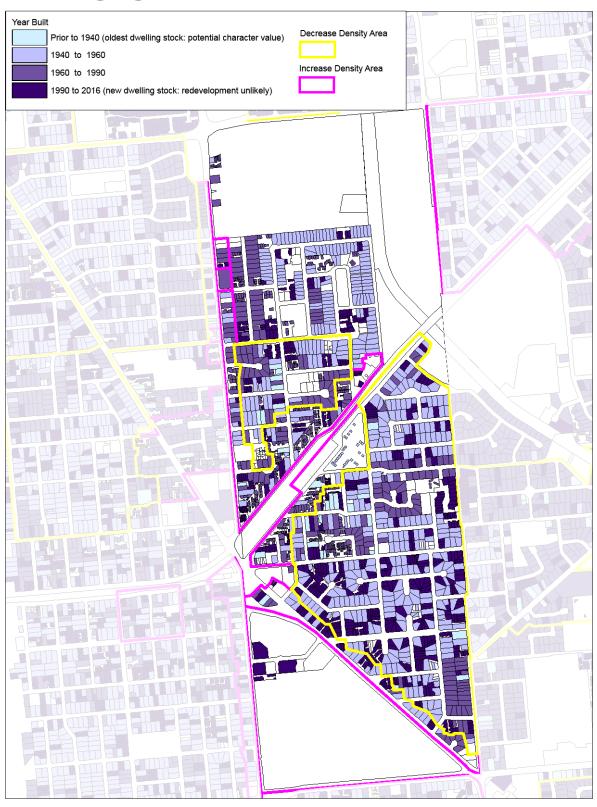
by Elected Members in November 2015





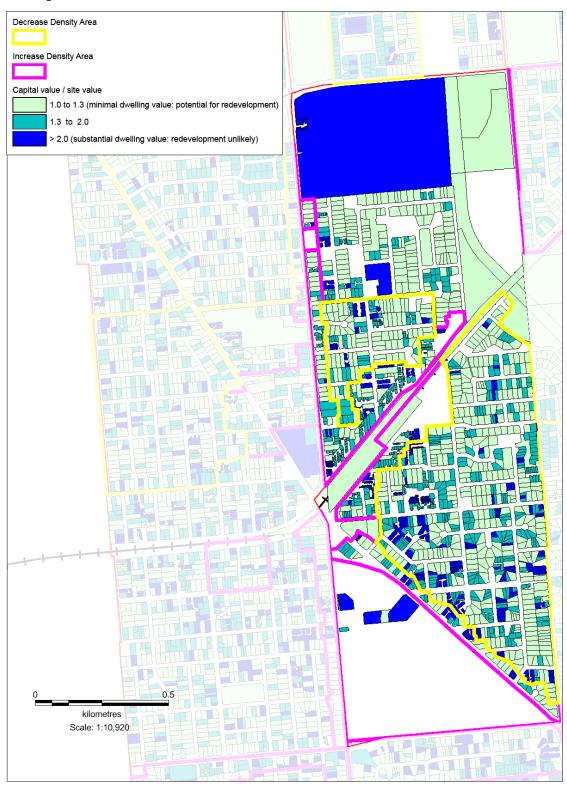
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Dwelling Age



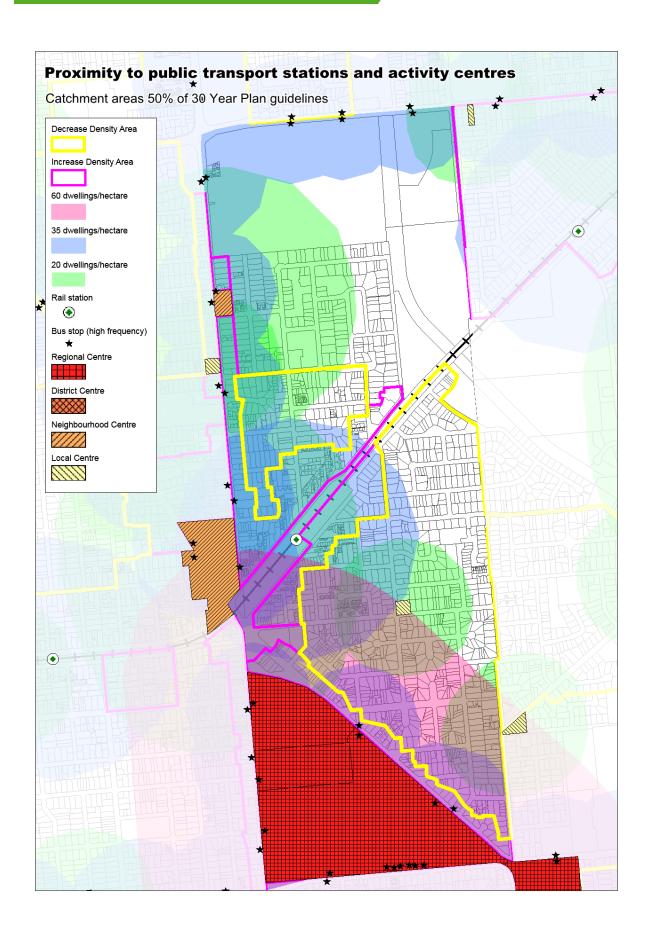


Capital value / site value ratio





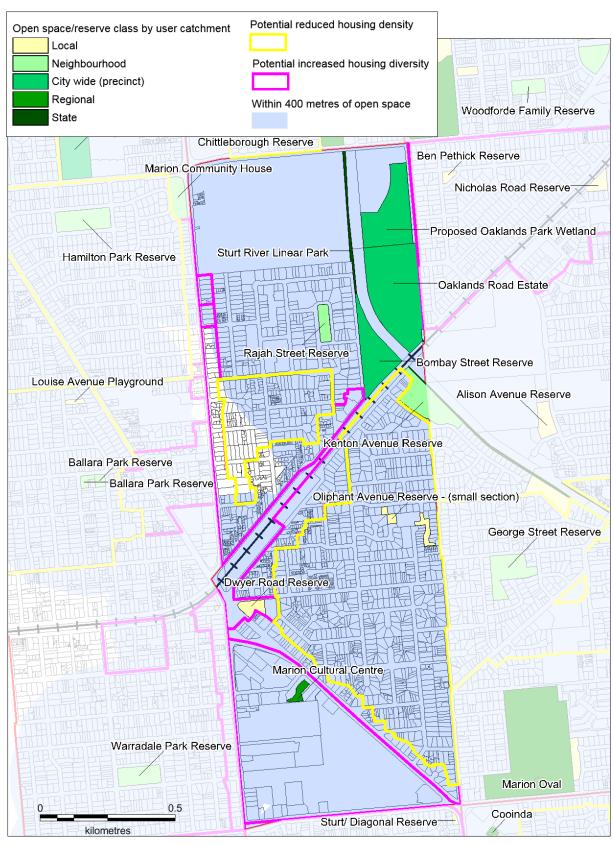
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Proximity to public open space





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Suburb				
Suburb size		202 hectares 3305 residents (in 2011) 1694 dwellings (in 2016)		
Current density	Gross residential density	8.4 dwellings/hectare (reduced by the inclusion of Westfield Marion, Oaklands Wetlands and Army Barracks)		
	Population density	16.4 persons/hectare		
Demographic trends (2011)	Age	Lower proportion of people in the younger age groups (0 to 17 years) and a higher proportion of people in the older age groups (60+ years).		
(with comparison to City of Marion)	Households	A larger percentage of 2 bedroom dwellings (36.3% compared to 20.8%) and a smaller percentage of 3 bedroom dwellings (45.5% compared to 53.7%)		
Topography		All of locality < 1:10; minor gradient		
Movement		Train line intercepts suburb; potential north-south movement		
barriers/constraints		restriction		
Recent development activity		1750 1750 1750 1750 17694		

Locality 1: potential reduced housing density (yellow)

Locality commentary	Locality is located north of the train line, including Conigrave, Sherwood,		
•	Shearing, Barry, Jean, Osborne and Sturm streets		
Current Policy Areas	Medium Density	Policy Area 12	
Locality size	11.7 hectares	·	
•	196 properties		
Current density	16.8 dwellings/hectare		
Proximity to public transport	Approximately 60% of locality is suitable for 35 dwellings/hectare due to		
and activity centres	proximity to bus stop, train station and activity centres.		
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	4% (7 properties)	
	1940-1960	19% (37 properties)	
	1960 – 1990	33% (64 properties)	
	> 1990	22% (43 properties)	
	Other 23% (data not available)		
	Summary	Most dwellings constructed post-1960, therefore there is limited character value in the dwelling stock.	
Streetscape characteristics	Setbacks vary due to frequent examples of recent redevelopment and variety of dwelling types (i.e. aged care facilities, unit development). No uniform established street tree plantings.		



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Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	38% (74 properties)
	1.3 - 2.0	31% (60 properties)
	> 2.0	14% (27 properties)
	Other	17% (data not available)
	Summary	38% of properties in the locality are suitable for redevelopment due to minimal dwelling value compared to land value.

Discussion / Recommendation

The age of the housing stock varies with approximately 50% constructed before 1990 with relatively low capital to site value (minimal dwelling value in comparison to the land), suggesting it is primed for future redevelopment.

The area is currently zoned Medium Density Policy Area 12 which anticipates site areas of between 210m² and 300m². Assuming an average site area of 256m², this equates to a net density of 39 du/ha, or a gross density of 26 du/ha. The area directly to the north and east of the locality is currently zoned Regeneration Policy Area 16 (average site area of 212 m², equalling approximate gross density of 32 du/ha).

The southern and western portions (approx. 2/3) of the locality are located within 400 metres of high frequency bus routes, the Oaklands Railway Station and several activity centres. Using 50% of 30 Year Plan guidelines, most of this area warrants densities of up to 35 du/ha.

As this particular locality already envisages densities greater than the current 17 du/ha (approx.), contains a large aged care complex, is adjacent an area comprising relatively dense infill, and most importantly, is well located in proximity to public transport and larger scale activity centres, it is a prime location for infill development.

This is reinforced by the Draft Strategic Structure Plans prepared by the Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure (DPTI), which illustrate that this locality is included in a "residential infill" area. This area is targeted for low rise residential infill, which will "enhance key local streets and improve open space network to support active travel and amenity for diverse housing close to train and the regional centre". Consequently, if this locality were identified for a decrease in housing density, it would be contradictory to the State Government's Structure Plans for the Oaklands Primary Renewal Area.

The Draft Structure Plans prepared by DPTI will be available for viewing by Committee Members at the meeting of the Urban Planning Committee held on 5 April 2016.

It is recommended that this locality is excluded from consideration for decreased densities and be considered for potential increased housing diversity.

Locality 2: potential reduced housing density (yellow) Locality commentary Locality comprises a majority of land south of the train line, and comprises 28% of the suburb area. Current Policy Areas Medium Density Policy Area 12 Northern Policy Area 13 Regeneration Policy Area 16 Locality size 57.4 hectares, containing 1008 properties Current density 17.6 dwellings/hectare



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Proximity to public transport and activity centres	Approximately half of the locality is located within 400 metres of the Marion Regional Centre, and is therefore suitable for 60 dwellings/hectare. In addition approximately 15% is located within 400 metres of the train station, and is suitable for 35 dwellings/hectare.		
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	2% (16 properties)	
	1940-1960	27% (273 properties)	
	1960 – 1990	22% (225 properties)	
	> 1990	37% (371 properties)	
	Other	17% (data not available)	
	Summary	A substantial proportion of dwellings (37%) were constructed post-1990, and therefore new medium density development forms a significant component of the character of the locality.	
Streetscape characteristics	Setbacks vary due to frequent examples of recent redevelopment and variety of dwelling types. However, northern part of the locality is more intact (less example of redevelopment) than the southern portion. Relatively uniform mature street tre plantings are evident along Johnstone Street. Sporadic mature plantings elsewhere in locality.		
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 - 1.3	35% (349 properties)	
	1.3 – 2.0	32% (325 properties)	
	> 2.0	24% (238 properties)	
	Other	9% (data not available)	
	Summary	35% of properties have a ratio below 1.3, and are therefore suitable for redevelopment due to minimal dwelling value compared to land value. This figure is significant given that 37% of dwellings in the locality were constructed in the past 25 years (post-1990). As such, of the remaining 63% of dwellings in the locality constructed prior to 1990, almost 2/3 have minimal dwelling value compared to land value and are prime for redevelopment.	
Discussion / Recommendation	The southern and western portions of the locality vary in dwelling age, contain a large percentage of properties with low capital to site value and are located within 400 metres (5 minute walking distance) of the Regional Centre Zone. The 30 Year Plan recommends densities up to 60 dwellings/hectare (du/ha), and therefore upzoning from the current Regeneration Policy Area 16 and Medium Density Policy Area 12 appears appropriate		

The north-eastern portion of the locality, including Oliphant, Masters, Bowden and Parsons Grove, is not in close proximity to public transport or activity centres, and maintains relatively intact streetscapes with established street tree plantings. A majority of these dwellings were constructed between 1940 and 1960, so there is unlikely to be character value in the built form. The properties generally have a low capital to site value. However, the area may be suitable for reduced density controls.

The eastern portion of the locality from Oliphant down to Inverness is within the catchment of a Local Centre zone where densities of 20 du/ha are recommended. As this density is similar to that sought by the current Northern Policy Area 13, it is considered appropriate for that zoning to remain.

Despite these observations, it is pertinent to note that all residential areas in Oaklands Park are identified for "residential infill" in the Draft Strategic Structure Plans prepared by the Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure (DPTI). Consequently, if this locality were identified for a decrease in housing density, it would be contradictory to the State Government's Structure Plans for the Oaklands Primary Renewal Area.



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The Draft Structure Plans prepared by DPTI will be available for viewing by Committee Members at the meeting of the Urban Planning Committee held on 5 April 2016.

It is recommended that:

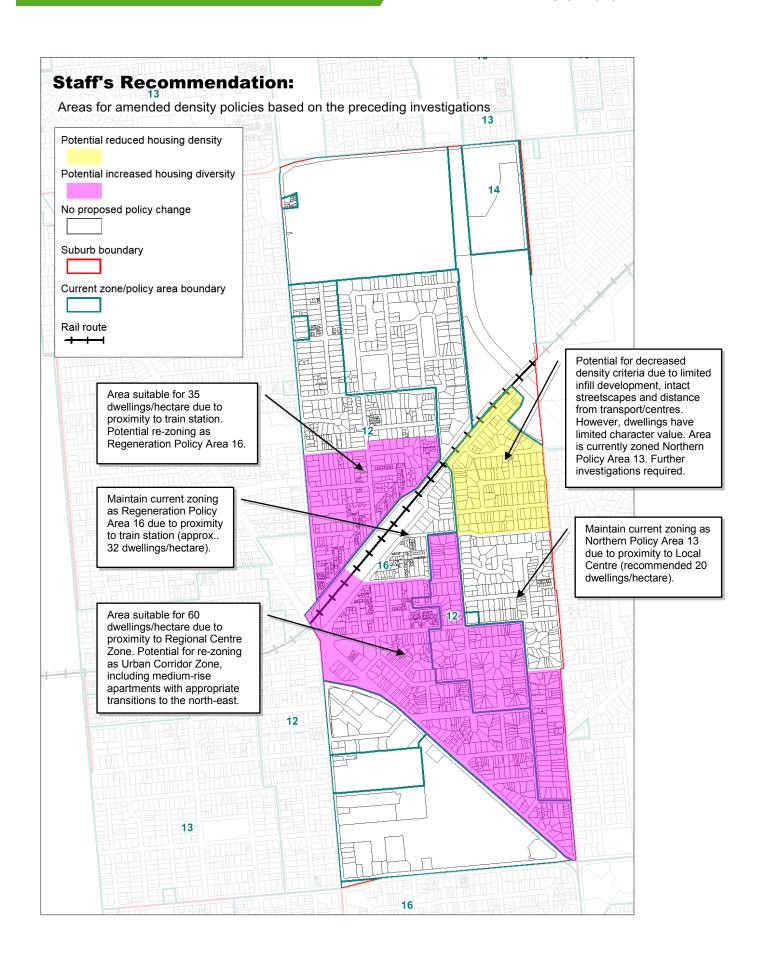
- The locality be reduced in size to include only the northern eastern portion south of the rail corridor.
- The centrally-located eastern portion remains in the current Northern Policy Area 13
- The south-western portion is included in the increased housing diversity

already zoned Regeneration Policy Area 16 (approx. 32 du/ha).

Locality 3: Potential incre	ased housing diversity (pink)		
Locality commentary	Locality comprises land fronting Diagonal Road, Morphett Road and the train line.		
Current Policy Areas	Medium Density Policy Area 12 & Regeneration Policy Area 16		
Locality size	25.7 hectares, containing 675 properties		
Current density	26.3 dwellings/hectare (du/ha)		
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	Southern portion of locality is suitable for 60 du/ha due to proximity to Regional Centre. Northern portion is generally suitable for 35 du/ha due to proximity to train/bus stops (excluding eastern edge of locality).		
Approximate age of dwelling	< 1940 1% (5 properties)		
stock	1940-1960 21% (140 properties)		
	1960 – 1990 44% (295 properties)		
	> 1990 21% (138 properties)		
	Other 14% (data not available)		
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3 12% (84 properties)		
	1.3 - 2.0 49% (330 properties)		
	> 2.0 27% (182 properties)		
	Other 12% (data not available)		
	Summary Only 12% of properties have a ratio below 1.3, which means that a majority of dwellings have a significant capital value and further redevelopment is unlikely.		
Discussion / Recommendation	The identified locality does not maintain meaningful potential for redevelopment given that only 14% of dwellings have significant site value compared to capital value. Further, the area identified is significantly less than the		



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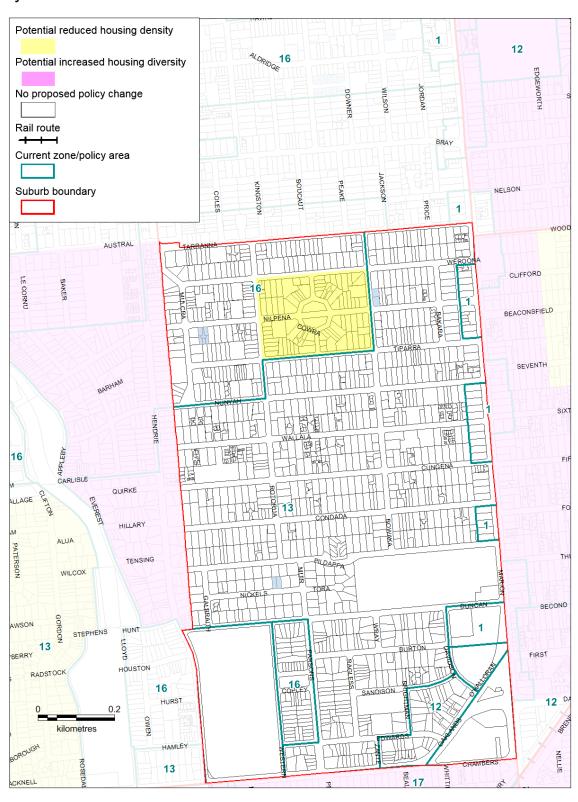


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February 2016

96 properties identified for potential reduced housing density

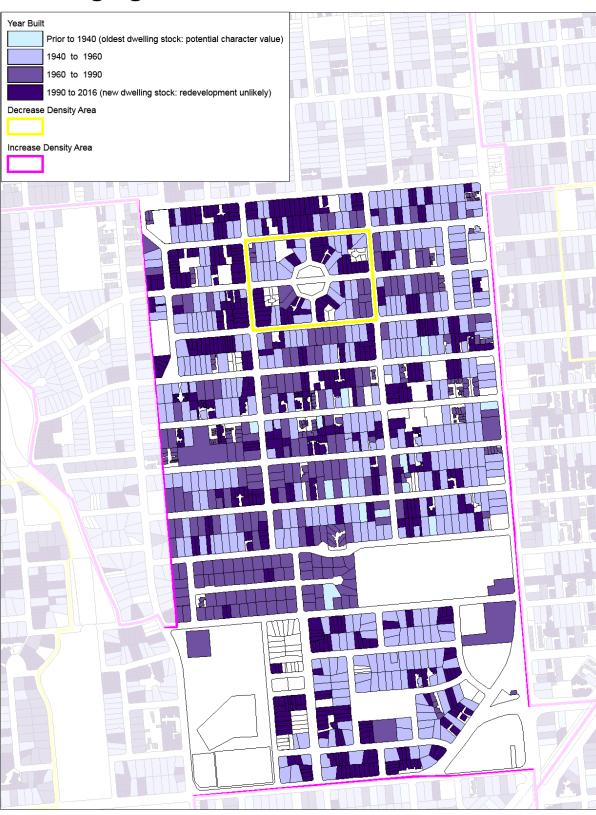
Areas identified for change of density

by Elected Members in November 2015



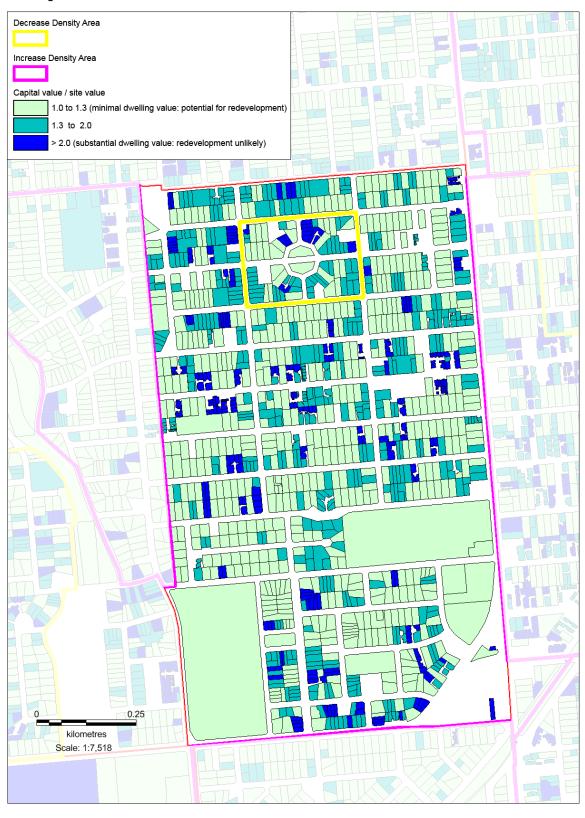


Dwelling Age

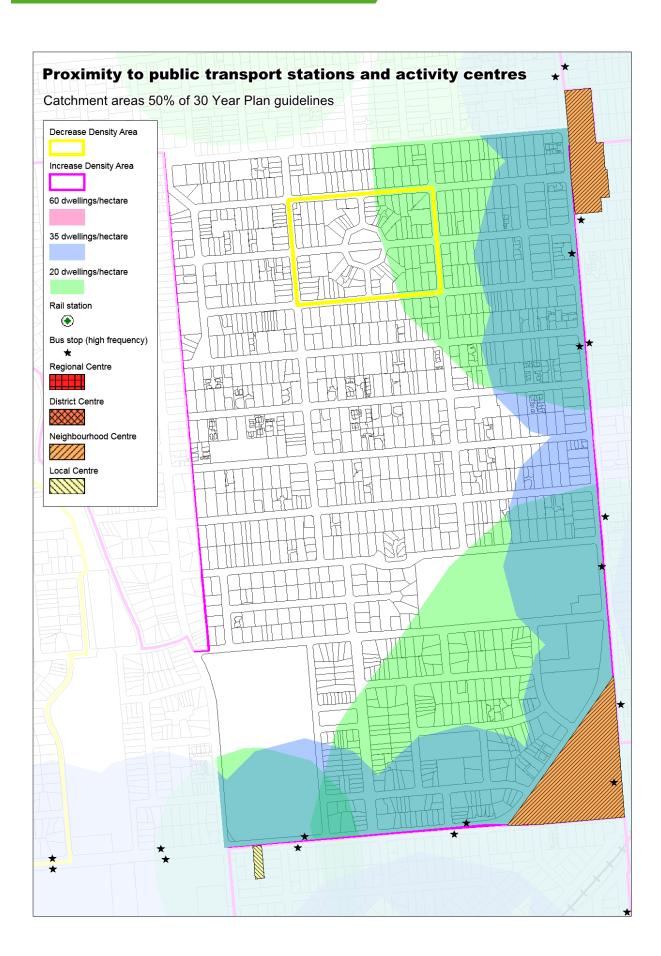




Capital value / site value ratio

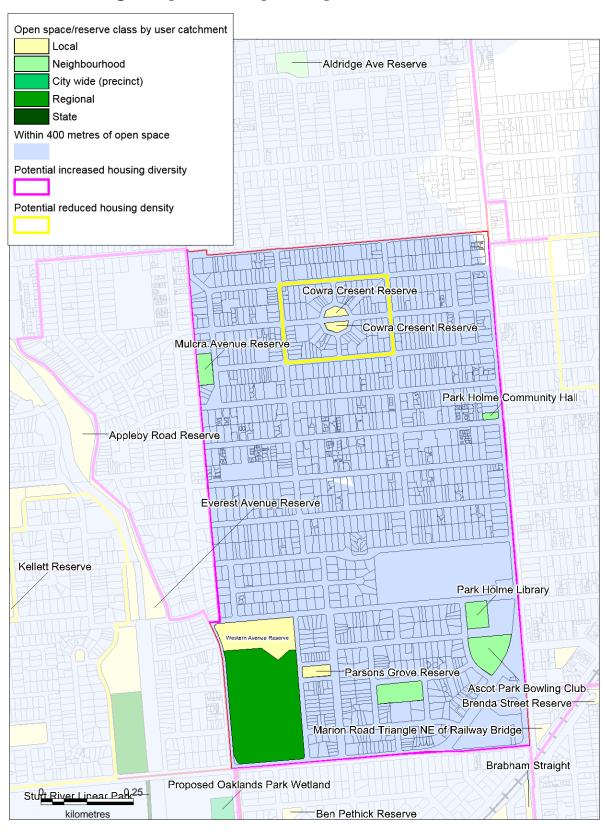








Proximity to public open space





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Suburb		
Suburb size		114.9 hectares 1267 dwellings (in 2016) 2599 residents (in 2011)
Current density	Gross residential density	11.0 dwellings per hectare
	Population density	22.6 persons per hectare
Demographic trends (2011)	Age	Park Holme had a lower proportion of pre-schoolers and a higher proportion of persons at post retirement age than City of Marion in 2011.
	Households	In 2011, 38% of households in Park Holme contained only one person, compared with 30% in City of Marion, with the most dominant household size being 1 person per household.
Heritage Items	Local	222R Hendrie Street Adjacent Oaklands Road 16 Tora Court
	State	-
Topography	< 1:10	Minor gradient throughout suburb
Movement barriers/constraints		None identified
Recent development activity		1300

Potential reduced housing density area (yellow)

Locality commentary	The locality surrounds the Cowra Crescent street reserve, including properties on Weroona, Nilpena and Tiparra streets.		
Current Policy Areas	Regeneration Policy Area 16		
Locality size	6.3 hectares, containing 96 properties		
Current density	15.2 du/ha		
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	Approximately 40% of the locality (eastern portion) is located within 400 metres of the Neighbourhood Centre Zone, warranting densities of 20 dwellings/hectare.		
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	0%	
	1940-1960	29% (34 properties)	
	1960 – 1990	9% (11 properties)	
	> 1990	39% (45 properties)	
	Other	23% (data not available)	
	Summary	Majority of dwellings constructed post-1990	
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	29% (28 properties)	
	1.3 - 2.0	43% (41 properties)	



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	> 2.0	18% (17 properties)
	Other	10% (data not available)
	Summary	Approximately 1/3 of the locality is suitable for redevelopment due to high land value compared to dwelling value
Streetscape characteristics	Mature street	varied due to high level of recent infill development in the locality. trees located in Cowra Crescent Reserve contribute positively to be character of the locality.
Discussion / Recommendation	The locality features a mixture of dwelling types, as approximately 1/3 of dwellings were constructed between 1940-60, and another 1/3 construct 1990. The newest dwellings take the form of detached, semi-detached, r group dwellings. Corresponding to the older dwelling stock, approximate the locality maintains minimal dwelling value compared to land value, and therefore is primed for redevelopment.	
	average gross not located in locality is loca	currently zoned Regeneration Policy Area 16, which envisages densities of approximately 33.5 dwellings/hectare. The locality is convenient proximity to public transport stops, but a portion of the ted within 400 metres of a Neighbourhood Centre Zone, which is d for density of 20 dwellings/hectare by the 30 Year Plan.
	public transpo	sity guidelines could be amended to better reflect the proximity to ort and centres, it is noted that the locality does not demonstrate be in the built form.
	policies. The	ended that this locality is maintained for a reduction in density density guidelines of the Northern Policy Area 13 (approx. 21 ctare) are considered appropriate for this area.

Remainder of suburb: Potential increased housing diversity area			
Locality commentary	Although not identified by Elected Members in the EM Forum in November 2015, the remainder of the suburb has been assessed for potential change in density.		
Current Policy Areas	Northern Policy Area 13		
	Medium Density Policy Area 12		
	Regeneration Policy Area 16		
Locality size	115 hectares, containing 1513 properties		
Current density	13.2 dwellings/hectare		
Proximity to public transport	The southern and eastern portions of the suburb are located in proximity to high		
and activity centres	frequency bus routes along Oaklands Road and Marion Road, warranting		
	densities of 35 dwellings/hectare.		
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	1% (14 properties)	
	1940-1960	26% (409 properties)	
	1960 – 1990	24% (366 properties)	
	> 1990	36% (560 properties)	
	Other	13% (data not available)	
	Summary	Majority of dwellings (36%) constructed after 1990. 1/4	
	Julilliai y	constructed between 1940-60, and another 1/4 between 1960-90.	
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	38% (570 properties)	
	1.3 - 2.0	35% (536 properties)	
	> 2.0	21% (317 properties)	
	Other	6% (data not available)	
	Summary	Majority of dwellings (36%) maintain minimal dwelling value	
		compared to land value, and therefore are primed for redevelopment.	



Streetscape characteristics

Setbacks are varied due to high level of recent infill development in the locality. No evidence of consistent avenues of mature street trees.

Discussion / Recommendation

The suburb maintains a mixture of dwellings types and styles, with a relatively high proportion of redevelopment (36% of properties constructed after 1990). However, 38% of properties are still suitable for redevelopment as demonstrated by a capital to site value ratio of less than 1.3.

The southern and eastern parts of the suburb are in proximity to train and bus services, and therefore are recommended for gross densities of 35 dwellings per hectare (du/ha). The majority of this area is located in the Northern Policy Area 13, which envisages an average gross density of 22 du/ha. As such, there is scope to increase densities in these areas.

The Medium Density Policy Area 12 is located near the Park Holme Shopping Centre, which prescribes average gross density of 26 du/ha. As such, there is also scope to increase density criteria in this area.

The Regeneration Policy Area 16 is located on the eastern side of Western Avenue Reserve, which prescribes average gross density of 33.5 du/ha. As such, this area does not require increased density policies.

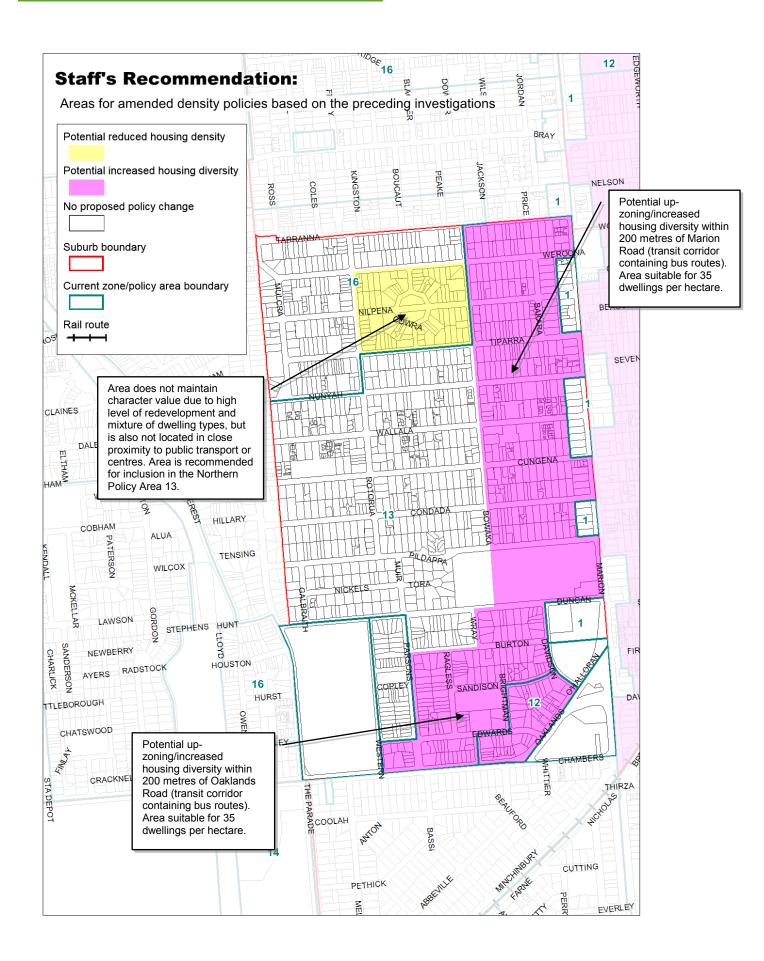
The remainder of the suburb maintains certain areas that are in proximity to Local and Neighbourhood Centres, which warrants densities of 20 du/ha. The current densities envisaged in the Northern Policy Area 13 (22 du/ha) are considered appropriate for this area.

The remainder of the suburb may be suitable for amended density policies given its separation from activity centres and public transport. However, none of the locality is considered appropriate for character zoning given the varied streetscape characteristics and negligible presence of dwellings constructed prior to 1940.

It is recommended that the eastern and southern portions of the suburb that are generally located within 200 metres of Marion Road and Oaklands Road are appropriate for increased housing diversity.



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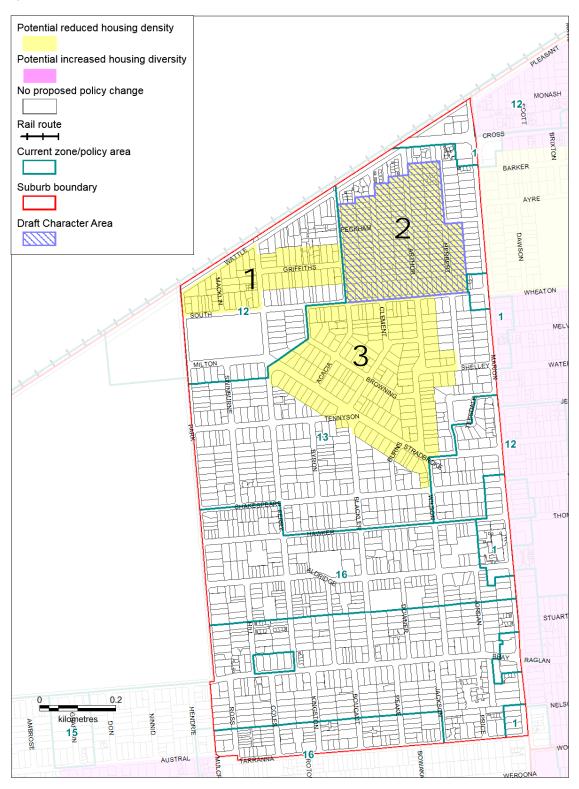


APPENDIX 15 **DRAFT FOR DISCUSSION ONLY**February 2016

371 properties identified for potential reduced housing density

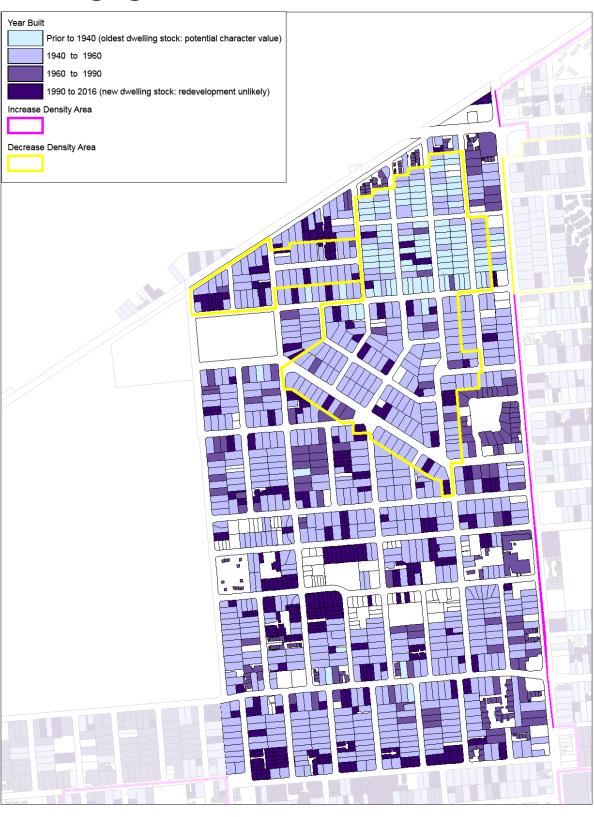
Areas identified for change of density

by Elected Members in November 2015



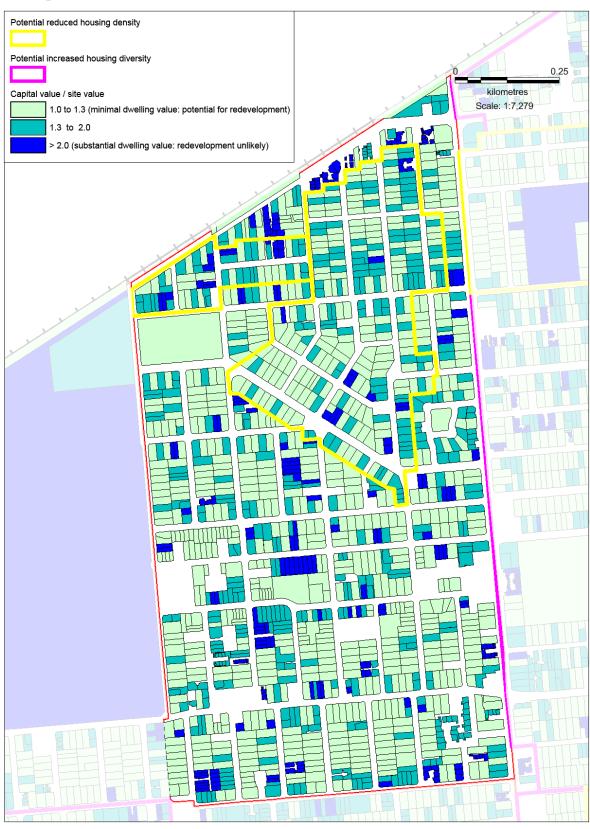


Dwelling Age

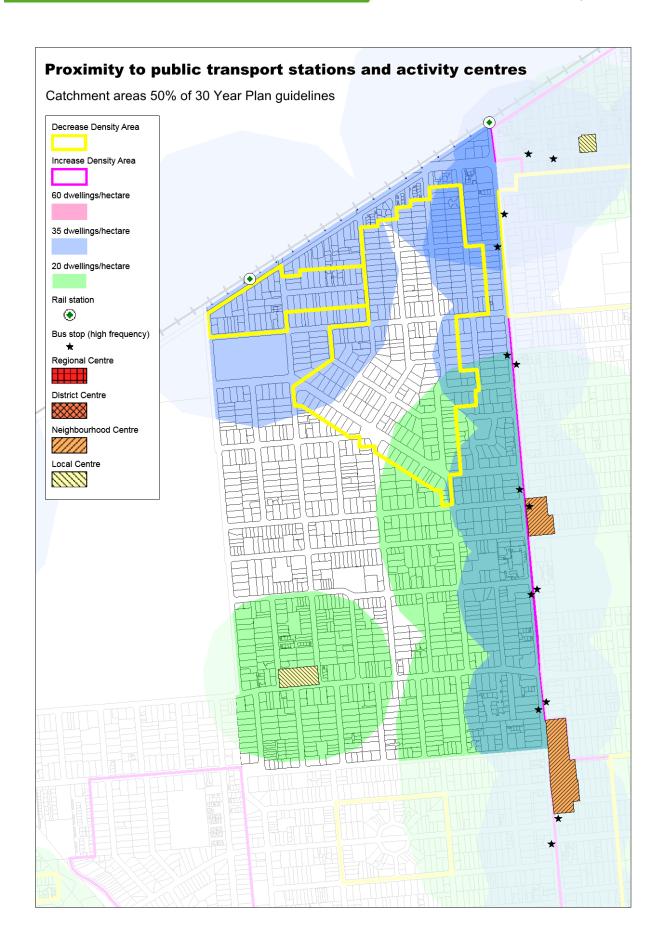




Capital value / site value ratio

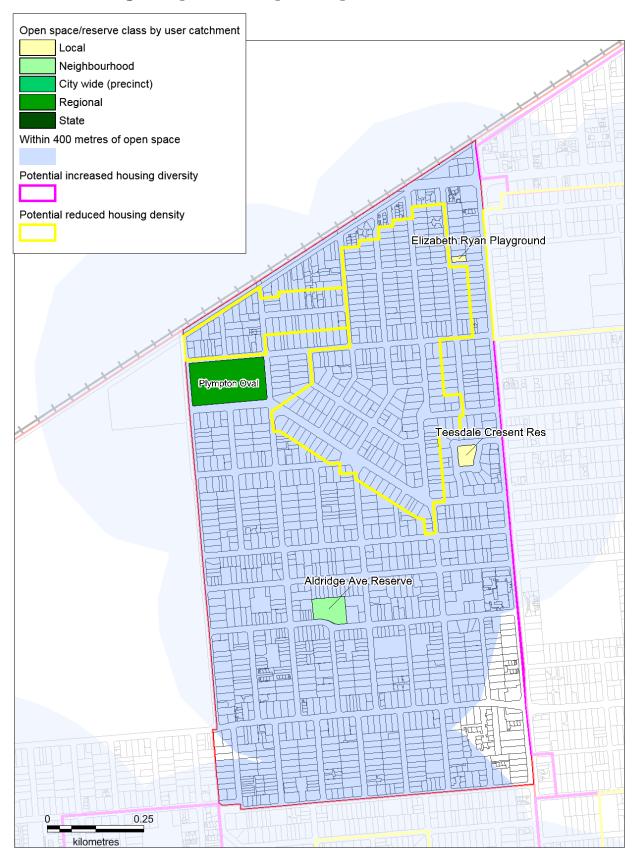








Proximity to public open space





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Suburb		
Suburb size		118.7 hectares 1408 dwellings (in 2016)
Current density	Gross residential density	2846 residents (in 2011) 11.9 dwellings per hectare
	Population density	23.94 persons per hectare
Demographic trends (2011)	Age	Larger percentage of parents/homebuilders/ young workforce (age 25 to 49), but smaller percentage of older workers/retirees (ages 50-69) than City of Marion.
	Households	2.17 average household size. A larger percentage of 2 bedroom dwellings (31.3% compared to 20.8% in CoM) and a smaller percentage of 3 bedroom dwellings (48.0% compared to 53.7% in CoM).
Heritage Items	Local	5 - 6 Wattle Street
	State	-
Topography	< 1:10	Minor gradient throughout suburb
Movement barriers/constraints		None identified
Recent development activity		1420 1420 14400 1380 1360 1340 1340 1341 1343 1341 1343 1341 1340 1340 1340 1340 1340 1340 1340 1340 1341
Adjoining council areas	City of West Torrens:	Comparison of Minimum Site Dimensions
	Residential Zone Medium	Comparison of Minimum Site Dimensions City of Marion: Northern Policy Area 13 & Medium Density Policy Area 12 City of West Torrens: Medium Density Policy Area 18

Density Policy Area 18

Dwelling Type	Site Area N13	Site Area MD12	Site Area West Torrens	Frontag e N13	Frontag e MD 12	Frontage West Torrens
Detached	375	300	250*	12	10	9
Semi- detached	320	270	200*	9	9	9
Group dwelling	300	250	150^	20	18	7
Residential flat building	300	250	150^	20	18	15
Row dwelling	250	210	150^	7	7	5
*150 m² for affordable housing ^100 m² for affordable housing						



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Locality commentary	The locality is located in the north-western part of the suburb, adjac line, including Wattle, Griffiths, South and Macklin streets.			
-				
Current Policy Areas	Medium Density Policy Area 12			
Locality size	4.8 hectares, co	ontaining 73 properties		
Current density	ا 15.2 dwellings	per hectare		
Proximity to public transport		Located wholly within 400 metres of the tram station, warranting 35		
and activity centres		dwellings/hectare (du/ha) pursuant to the 30 Year Plan.		
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	0%		
	1940-1960	55% (40 properties)		
	1960 – 1990	3% (2 properties)		
	> 1990	38% (28 properties)		
	Other	4% (data not available)		
	Summary	Over half of dwellings in the locality were constructed between 1940-60, and over 1/3 constructed after 1990.		
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	27% (20 properties)		
	1.3 - 2.0	41% (30 properties)		
	> 2.0	25% (18 properties)		
	Other	7% (data not available)		
	Summary	Approximately ¼ of dwellings maintain a high site value compared to land value. Most (41%) maintain an average ratio between 1.3 and 2.0.		
Recommendation	There are no do While approxim 60, 38% of the the locality does	wer dwellings and angular nature of street layout. A cohesive and scape pattern is not apparent. wellings in the subject locality that were constructed prior to 1940 ately half of the dwelling stock was constructed between 1940-dwelling stock was constructed within the past 25 years. As such so not demonstrate "character" value in the dwelling stock which coning as a Residential Character policy area.		
	The locality is s location is ideal is not considere streetscape chalocation for high	ituated immediately adjacent the tram station, and therefore its for increased densities pursuant to the 30 Year Plan. The localitied to demonstrate sufficient character qualities or cohesive aracteristics that would warrant a decrease in density in this ideal ner density. Indeed that the locality is excluded from consideration for ng density, and is instead considered for increased housing		
Locality 2: Potential redu	ced housing d	ensity area (yellow)		
Locality commentary	-	prises the Draft Residential Character Policy Area identified in ntains Peckham, Clement, Arthur and Herbert streets.		
Current Policy Areas	Northern Policy			
Locality size		ontaining 130 properties		
Current density	ا 14.0 dwellings	per hectare		
	Approximately 60% of the locality is located within 400 metres of tram stations or within 200 metres of bus stops on Marion Road, warranting density of 35 du/ha			
	within 200 metr	es of bus stops on Marion Road, warranting density of 35 du/ha		
Proximity to public transport and activity centres Age of dwelling stock	within 200 metr			



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	1960 – 1990	5% (7 properties)			
	> 1990	4% (5 properties) 2% (data not available)			
	Other				
	Summary	A majority of dwellings in the locality (64%) were constructed prior to 1940, indicating that there is character value in the dwelling stock. There is a small proportion of new development, as only 4% of the dwelling stock was constructed within the past 25 years.			
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	51% (66 properties)			
	1.3 - 2.0	45% (58 properties)			
	> 2.0	4% (5 properties)			
	Summary	Majority of dwellings (51%) maintain a ratio less than 1.3, indicating low dwelling value and high site value			
Streetscape characteristics	Minor examples of redeveloped properties, therefore pattern of setbacks is largely intact and a cohesive streetscape character exists. Street trees are common, but not consistent.				
Recommendation	Although the locality is located in close proximity to the tramline and I Road, a majority of the dwellings in the subject locality were construct 1940, and there is relatively little incursion of new development. These demonstrate that the area is appropriate for zoning as a Residential Councily area, as recommended in Council's Draft Residential Character 2013.				

It is recommended that this area is maintained for reduced housing density as a Residential Character Policy Area.

Locality 3: Potential redu	ced housing de	ensity area (yellow)	
Locality commentary	The locality is located toward the centre of the suburb, including Clement, Browning and Stradbroke streets.		
Current Policy Areas	Northern Policy	Area 13	
Locality size	14.5 hectares, o	containing 168 properties	
Current density	11.6 dwellings p	per hectare	
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	Approximately 25% of the locality is located within 400 metres of the tram station or 200 metres of bus stops on Marion Road, warranting 35 du/ha. However, the central portion of the locality is not located within convenient proximity to public transport or activity centres.		
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	2% (3 properties)	
	1940-1960	68% (114 properties)	
	1960 – 1990	5% (8 properties)	
	> 1990	18% (31 properties)	
	Other	7% (data not available)	
	Summary	Majority of dwellings (68%) constructed between 1940-60. 18% constructed within the past 25 years.	
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	55% (93 properties)	
	1.3 - 2.0	32% (54 properties)	
	> 2.0	7% (12 properties)	
	Other	6% (data not available)	
	Summary	Majority of dwellings maintain a ratio less than 1.3, indicating low dwelling value and high site value.	
Streetscape characteristics	Pattern of setbacks vary due to frequent examples of redevelopment in the locality. Street trees are common but not consistent.		
Recommendation	, ,	vellings in the locality (68%) were constructed between 1940 and efore there is potential for limited character value in the dwelling	



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stock. There has been a considerable amount of redevelopment in the locality, as 18% of the dwelling stock was constructed in the past 25 years. There is potential for further redevelopment given that 55% of dwellings in the locality maintain a capital to site value ratio less than 1.3, indicating high land value and low dwelling value.

This being said, the locality is not located within particularly convenient proximity to public transport or centres, and therefore does not warrant increased housing diversity.

It is recommended that the locality is modified to exclude:

- 3 row dwellings on the southern extremity of the locality
- 2 semi-detached dwellings on Tennyson Avenue
- The eastern portion of the locality located in close proximity to Marion Road
- The north-western portion of the locality which is located within 400 metres of the tram station, and which has recently been granted approval for redevelopment of 1-3 Browning Avenue.

It is recommended that further investigations are undertaken of the remaining area to determine whether the locality maintains sufficient character value to warrant preservation and/or different density criteria.

Remainder of suburb: Potential increased housing diversity area (pink)

Recommendation

The northern portion of the suburb is located within 400 metres of the tramline, warranting a gross density of 35 dwellings per hectare. This area is currently zoned Medium Density Policy Area 12 which envisages an average gross density of 26 du/ha. As such, there is scope to increase density provisions in this area. It is noted that the City of West Torrens' Medium Density Policy Area to the north envisages an average gross density of 37 du/ha. As such, there is scope to amend the density policies in this area to achieve consistency with West Torrens.

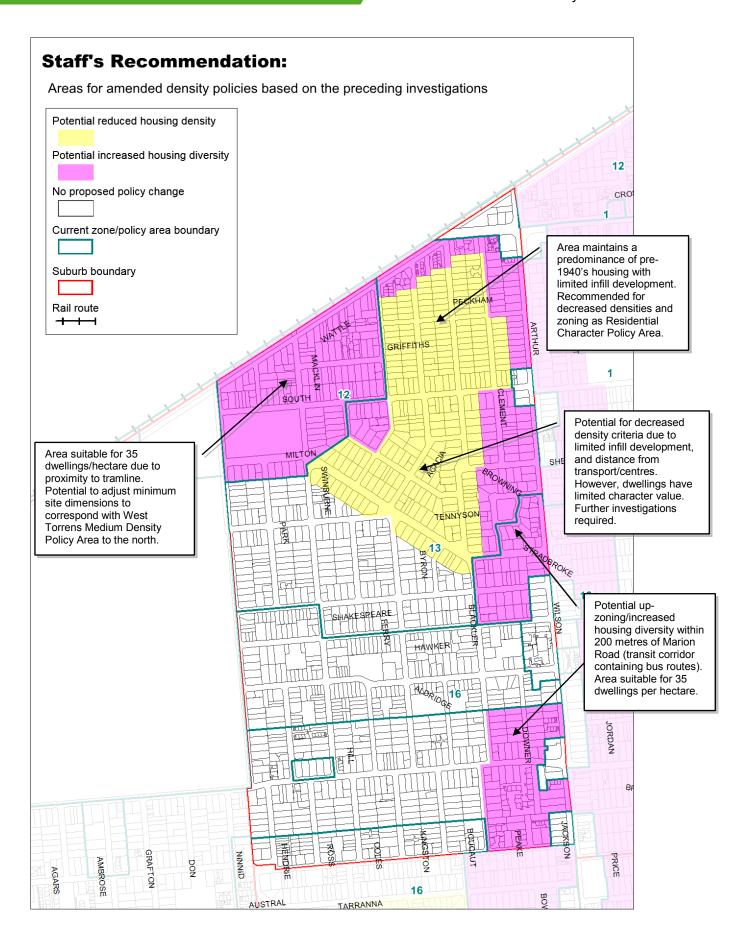
The eastern portion of the suburb, where located within 200 metres of high frequency bus routes along Marion Road, may be appropriate for gross density of 35 du/ha. This portion of the locality is predominantly zoned Northern Policy Area 13, which prescribes gross densities of 22 du/ha. As such, there is scope to increase density provisions in those areas zoned Northern Policy Area 13 to achieve up-zoning along the transit corridor.

The remainder of the suburb is generally appropriate for dwellings densities of 20 dwellings per hectare as it is located in proximity to both Neighbourhood and Local Centres. This area is predominantly zoned Northern Policy Area 13 (22 du/ha), although the central portion of the suburb is zoned Regeneration Policy Area 16 (33.5 du/ha) as it comprises predominantly land owned by the SA Housing Trust. Amendment to density policies is considered unnecessary for this area.

It is recommended that the northern and eastern portions of the locality are identified for increased housing diversity policies.



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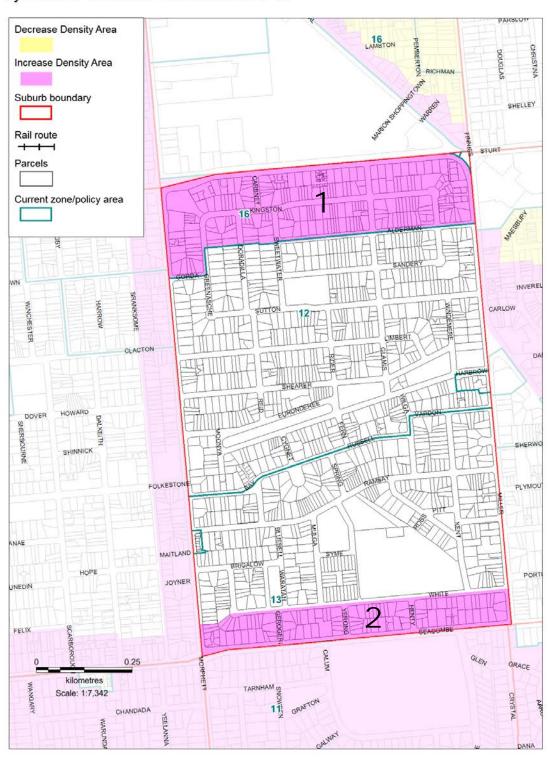


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273 properties identified for potential increased housing diversity

Areas identified for change of density

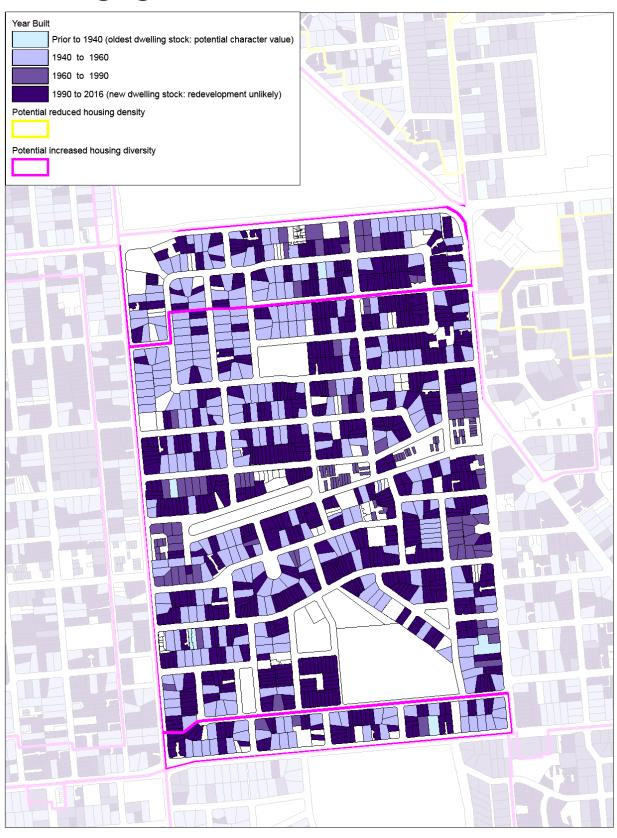
by Elected Members in November 2015





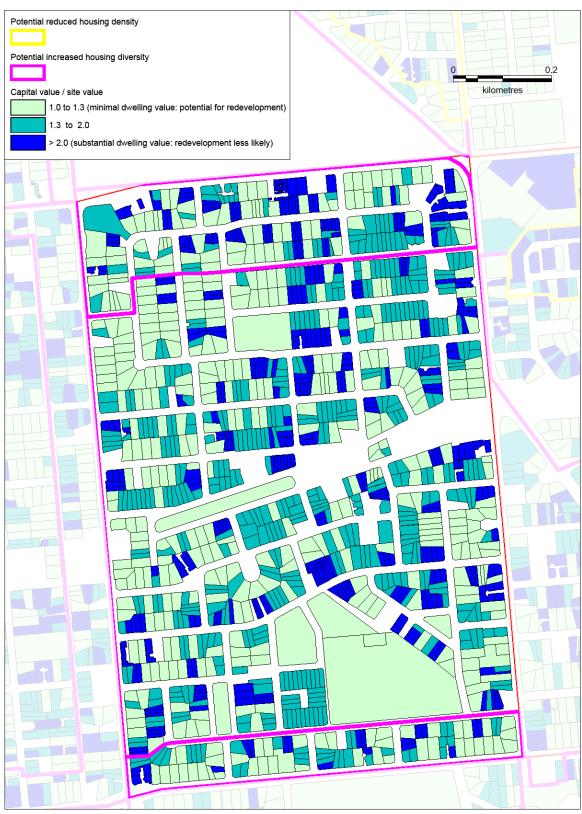
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Dwelling Age

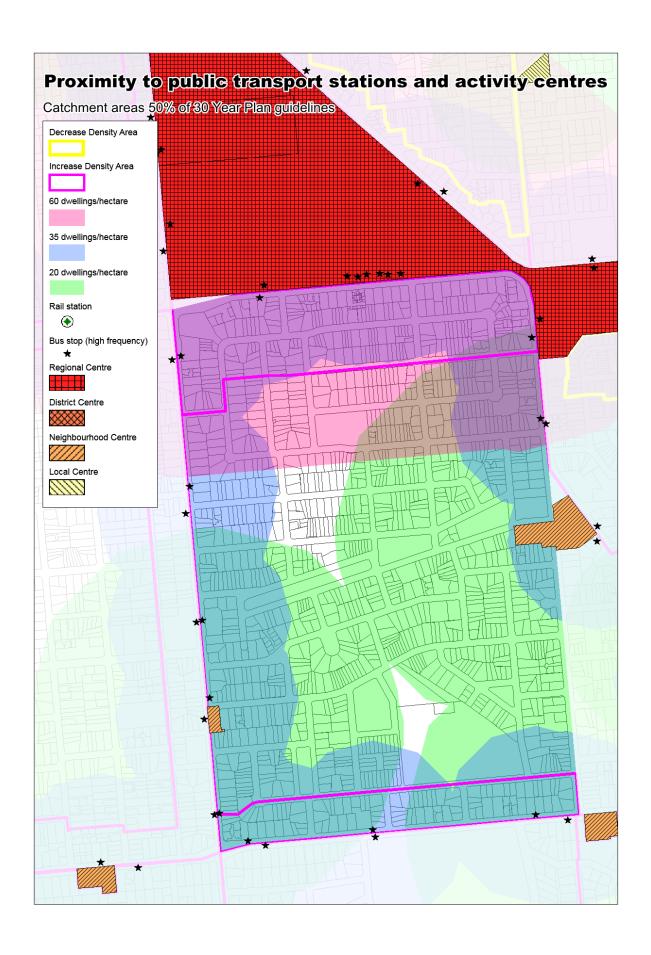




Capital value / site value ratio



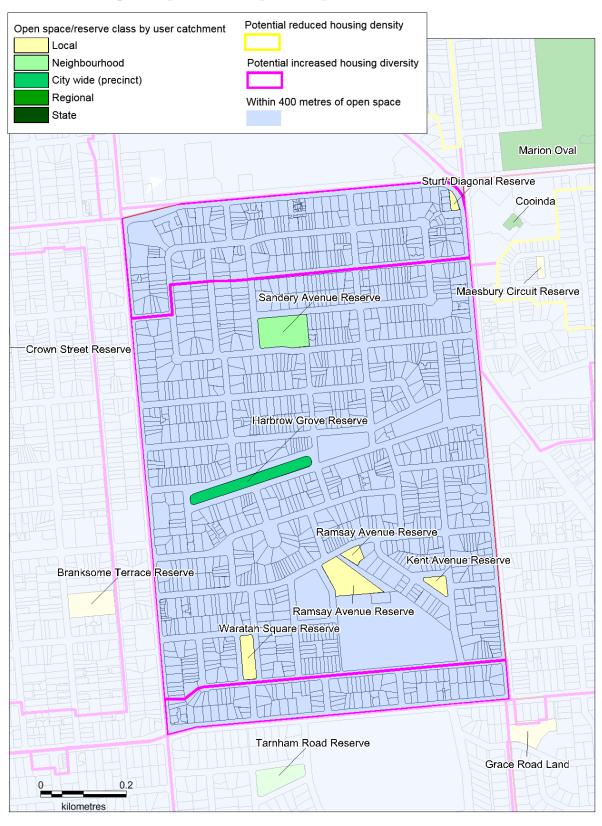








Proximity to public open space





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Suburb		
Suburb size		99.0 hectares 1272 dwellings (in 2016) 2555 residents (in 2011)
Current density	Gross residential density	12.8 dwellings/hectare (du/ha)
	Population density	25.8 persons/hectare
Demographic trends (2011)	Age	Higher proportion of pre-schoolers (0 to 4) and a higher proportion of persons at post retirement age (60+) than City of Marion in 2011
	Households	18% of households were made up of couples with children in 2011 compared with 27% in City of Marion.
	Dwellings	68% of dwellings in Seacombe Gardens had 3 bedrooms, compared with 54% in City of Marion.
Heritage Items	Local	44a & 44b Ramsay Avenue (Dwelling (former farmhouse))
	State	-
Topography	< 1:10	Moderate gradient throughout suburb, approximately 2.6% rise fror north-west to south-east.
Movement barriers/constraints		Access over Sturt to Westfield Marion (Regional Centre Zone) is available through pedestrian crossing at the centre of Sturt Road, Morphett Road and Diagonal Road.
Recent development activity		1400 1200 1000 1000 1000 1005 1000 1005 1000 1005 1009 1000 1005 1000

Locality 1: Potential increased housing diversity area (pink)

Locality commentary	The locality comprises a strip of land approximately 200 metres in width on the southern side of Sturt Road.		
Current Policy Areas	Regeneration Policy Area16		
Locality size	15.9 hectares, c	ontaining 273 properties	
Current density	17.2 dwellings/hectare		
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	100% of the locality is located within 400 metres of the Regional Centre Zone (which contains a major bus interchange), warranting densities of 35-60 du/ha.		
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	0% (1 properties)	
	1940-1960	22% (59 properties)	
	1960 – 1990	5% (14 properties)	
	> 1990	49% (134 properties)	
	Other	24% (data not available)	
	Summary	Almost $\frac{1}{2}$ of dwellings in the locality were constructed after 1990.	



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Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	29% (79 properties)
	1.3 - 2.0	23% (64 properties)
	> 2.0	38% (105 properties)
	Other	10% (data not available)
	Summary	Approximately 1/3 of dwellings in the locality maintain a ratio less than 1.3, indicating minimal dwelling value and a propensity for redevelopment.

Discussion / Recommendation

The locality is currently zoned Regeneration Policy Area 16, which envisages an average gross density of approximately 33.5 du/ha. Given that the locality is located immediately adjacent the Regional Centre, it warrants density of 35-60 du/ha.

However, the 400 metre catchment area for the Regional Centre extends beyond the identified locality, and therefore the locality could be extended. It is recommended that the identified locality is maintained for Urban Corridor zoning or similar, with minimum net density provisions, and that the Regeneration Policy Area 16 is extended to the south to include areas located within 400 metres of the Regional Centre Zone.

It is recommended that the locality is increased in size to the south to capture areas located within 400 metres of the Regional Centre Zone.

Medium Density Policy Area 12 (approx. 26 du/ha) is considered appropriate for

this area, not 35 du/ha as ordinarily recommended for arterial roads.

It is recommended that the locality is increased in size, in order to:

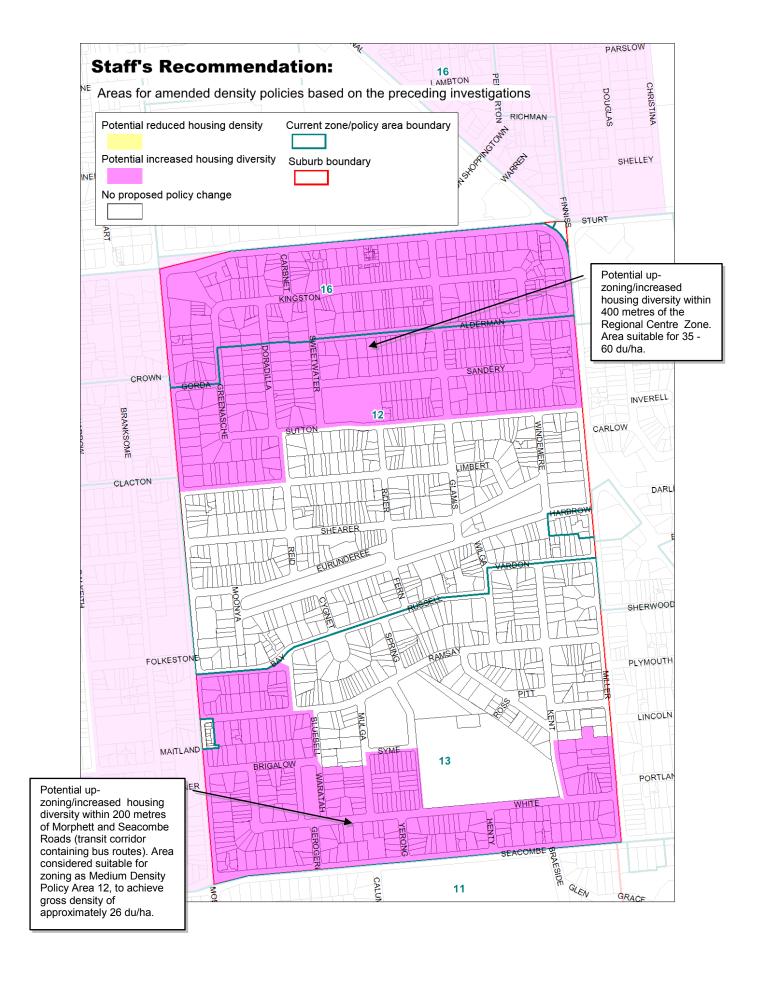
Locality 2: Potential incre	eased housin	g diversity area (pink)	
Locality commentary	The locality comprises a strip of land approximately 100 metres wide on the northern side of Seacombe Road.		
Current Policy Areas	Northern Policy Area 13		
Locality size	7.5 hectares, containing 105 properties		
Current density	14.0 dwellings/hectare		
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	100% of the locality is located within 200 metres of bus stops along Seacombe Road, warranting density of 35 du/ha.		
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	1% (1 properties)	
	1940-1960	31% (33 properties)	
	1960 – 1990	3% (3 properties)	
	> 1990	52% (55 properties)	
	Other	13% (data not available)	
	Summary	Over ½ of properties in the locality constructed after 1990.	
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	45% (47 properties)	
•	1.3 - 2.0	33% (35 properties)	
	> 2.0	19% (20 properties)	
	Other	3% (data not available)	
	Summary	45% of properties in the locality maintain a ratio less than 1.3, indicating minimal dwelling value and a propensity for redevelopment.	
Discussion / Recommendation	The locality is currently zoned Northern Policy Area 13, which envisages gross density of approximately 22 du/ha. Although the locality is located adjacent to an arterial road containing bus stops, it is noted that only 1 bus route operates along this section of Seacombe Road. As such, a density similar to that of the current		



- a) Provide a 200 metre catchment (2-3 minutes walking distance) from Seacombe Road; and
- b) Incorporate properties adjacent Morphett Road.



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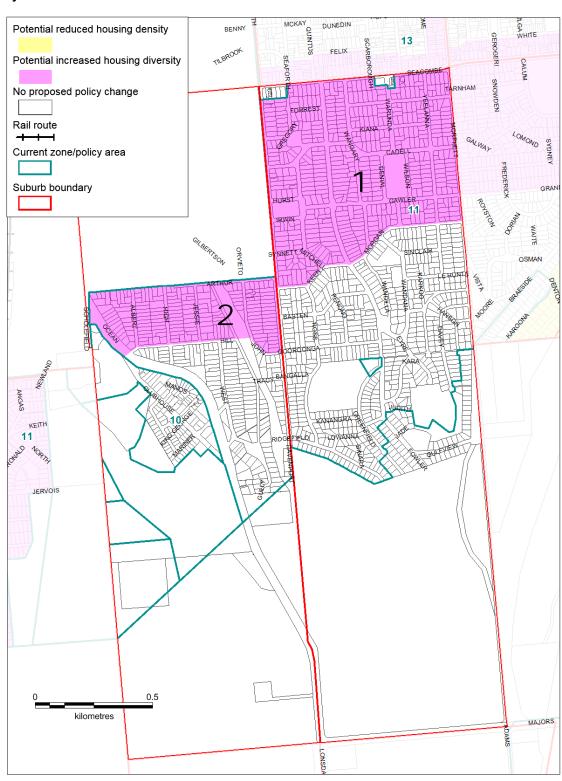
APPENDIX 17

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Seaview Downs: 512 properties identified for potential increased housing diversity Seacliff Park: 173 properties identified for potential increased housing diversity

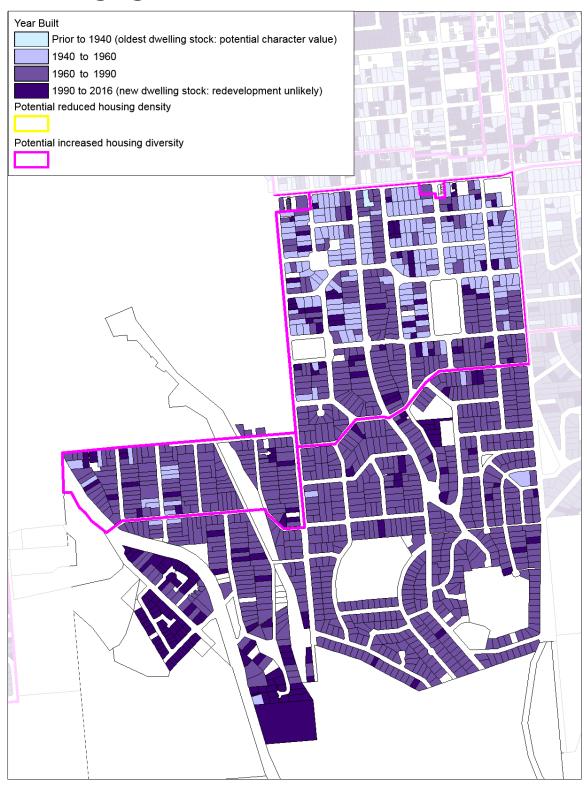
Areas identified for change of density

by Elected Members in November 2015



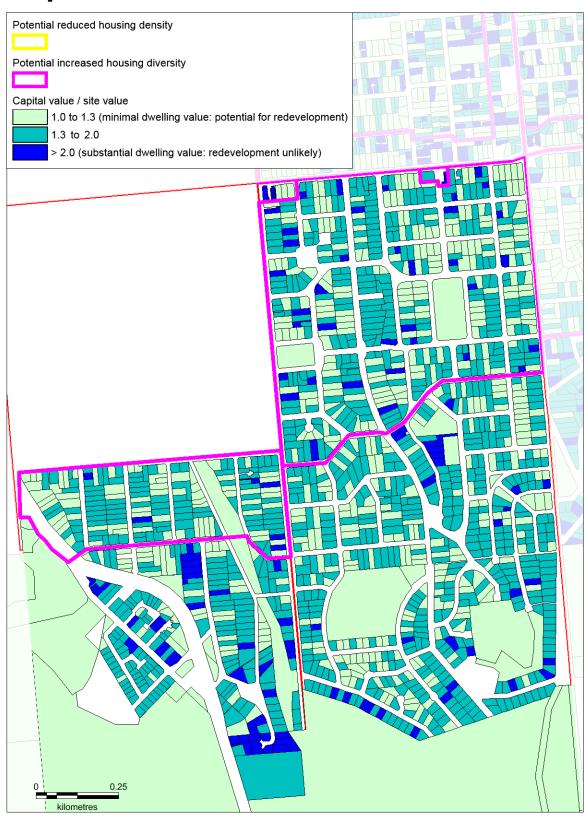


Dwelling Age

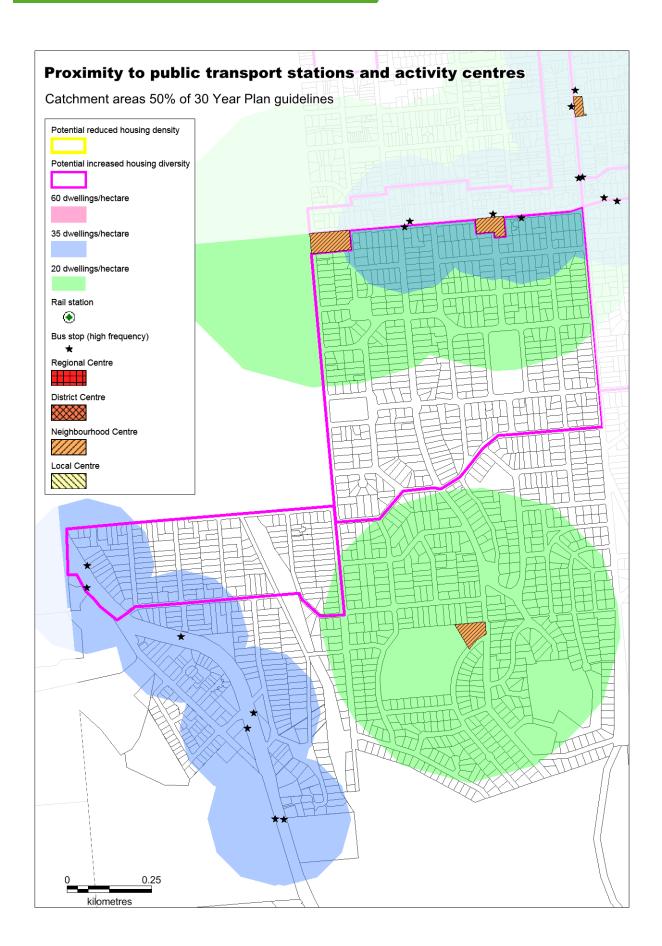




Capital value / site value ratio

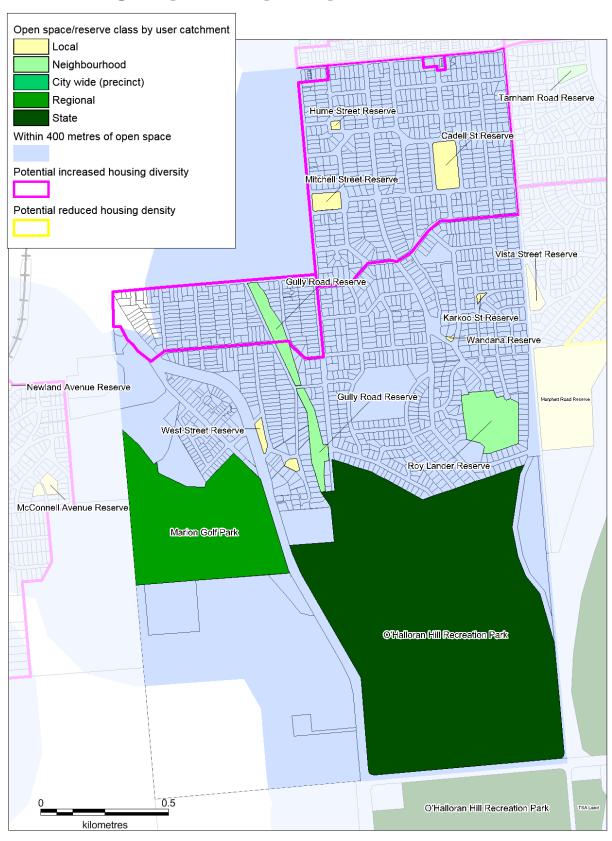






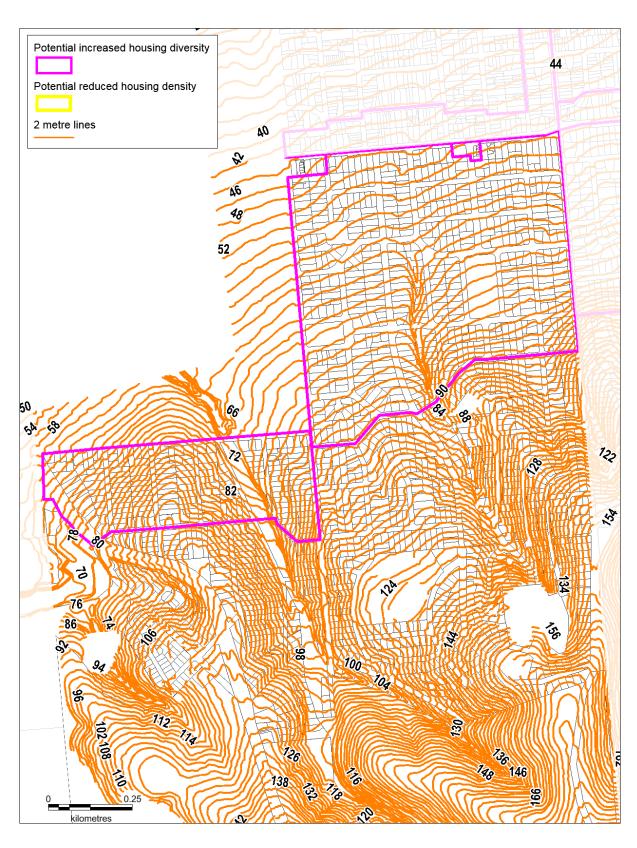


Proximity to public open space





Land Gradient

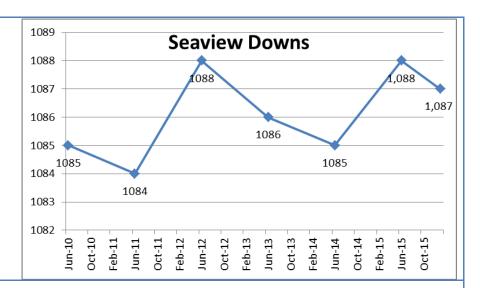




Suburb size		Seaview Downs: 228.5 hectares, containing 1087 dwellings			
Orange describer	Gross residential	Seacliff Park: 228.7 hectares, containing 389 dwellings			
Current density	density	Seaview Downs: 4.8 dwellings/hectare (du/ha) (due to large amoun of open space)			
		Seacliff Park: 1.7 dwellings/hectare (due to large amount of open			
		space)			
	Population density	9.33 persons/hectare (in 2011)			
Demographic trends	Age	Seaview Downs - Seacliff Park had a similar proportion of pre-			
(2011) (with comparison to City of		schoolers and a higher proportion of persons at post retirement age			
Marion)	Households	than City of Marion in 2011. 60% of dwellings have 3 bedrooms (54%-CoM)			
		27% of dwellings have 4 bedrooms (16%-CoM)			
		34% couple with children (27%-CoM)			
		34% couple without children (25%-CoM)			
Heritage Items	Local	Thisleton – 198 Seacombe Road, Seaview Downs			
	State	-			
Topography		The suburbs general have a steep gradient in the southern areas,			
Movement		particularly adjacent water courses			
barriers/constraints		Steep land gradient in southern areas Ocean Boulevard			
burrier 5/00 motraints		Watercourse/drainage reserve			
Recent development		305			
activity		Seacliff Park			
		ž 390			
		200 200			
		388 389 389			
		386			
		390 389 389 389 389 389 380 385 386 387 378 378 378 378 378 378 378 378 378			
		370			
		378			
		373			
		5 3/0 3/2			
		365			
		Jun-10 - Oct-110 - Oct-110 - Oct-111 - Jun-111 - Jun-111 - Jun-112 - Jun-12 - Jun-12 - Jun-13 - Oct-13 - Oct-13 - Oct-14 - Jun-15 - Oct-15			
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Adjoining council areas

Comparison of Minimum Site Dimensions Seaview Downs/Seacliff Park (East of Ocean Boulevard)

City of Marion; Hills Policy Area 11 City of Holdfast Bay: Residential Zone

Dwelling Type	Site Area Marion	Site Area Holdfast	Frontage Marion	Frontage Holdfast
Detached	700-1100	400	18-20	12
Semi-detached	Not permitted	350	Not permitted	12
Group dwelling	700-1100	350	24-26	12
Residential flat building	Not permitted	350	Not permitted	12
Row dwelling	Not permitted	350	Not permitted	10

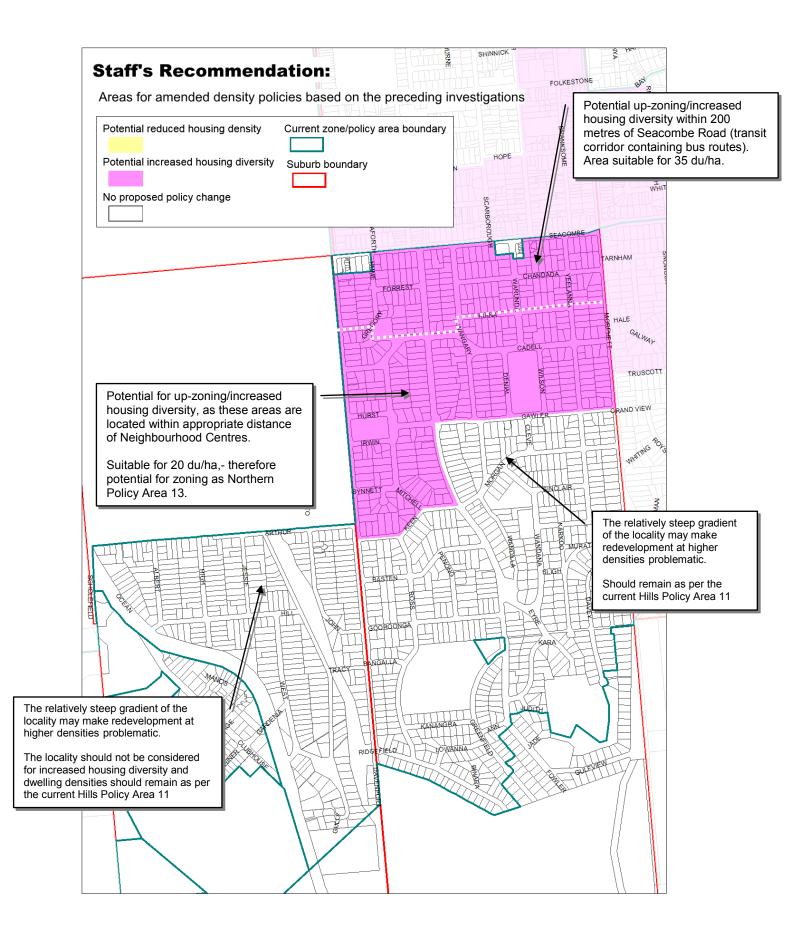


		ncreased housing diversity area	
Locality commentary	Located south of Seacombe Road between Davenport Terrace and Morphett Road, down to Morgan Avenue		
Current Policy Areas	Hills Policy Area 11		
Locality size	59.1 hectares, containing 512 properties		
Current density	8.7 dwellings/hectare (du/ha)		
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	The northern 100-200 metres of the locality is within proximity of bus routes on Seacombe Road, suitable for 35 du/ha. The northern 400 metres of the locality is in good proximity to two Neighbourhood Centres, suitable for 20 du/ha.		
Topography	approximately 8	es by approximately 40 metres north-south over a distance of 830 metres, resulting in an average gradient of 5% or 1:21. buthern areas tend to be steeper than the northern areas.	
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	3% (13 properties)	
-	1940-1960	38% (194 properties)	
	1960 – 1990	48% (245 properties)	
	> 1990	11% (55 properties)	
	Summary	Dwellings are predominantly between 25 and 75 years old	
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	41% (208 properties)	
•	1.3 - 2.0	54% (277 properties)	
	> 2.0	8% (40 properties)	
	Summary	Approx. 40% of dwellings have a low capital to site value and are prime for redevelopment. Others in the mid-range may be suitable for redevelopment in the medium term future.	
Discussion/Recommendation	than 55 years of 40% of these did prime for redeving the northern so good proximity. Plan. The north proximity to two the locality mandle overshadowing. The area south steeper gradier Given that the swalking distance.	e locality are predominantly at least 25 years old with 38% greater old. There are limited examples of recent development. Around wellings have low capital to site value, indicating that they are relopment, particularly as the properties are relatively large in area rection of the locality, within 200 metres of Seacombe Road is in to bus routes and suitable for densities of 35 du/ha by the 30 Year hern section within 400 metres of Seacombe Road is in good to Neighbourhood Centres and suitable for densities of 20 du/ha. Initiatins an overall moderate gradient of approximately 5% (1:21). Fould allow for redevelopment, but perhaps at a slightly reduced commended by the 30 Year Plan in order to account for appropriate resigns to minimise amenity impacts on adjacent land (i.e. privacy, pearthworks). In of Gawler Street, on the eastern side of the locality maintains a not which may make redevelopment at higher densities problematics southern portion of the locality is not located within convenient the of centres and public transport, it is not considered appropriate thin the increased housing diversity area.	
		nded that the locality is reduced in size to exclude areas soutlet, on the eastern side of the locality.	



Locality 2: Seacliff Park: F	Potential incre	eased housing diversity area			
Locality commentary	Located south of Arthur Road between Davenport Terrace and Ocean Boulevard				
	down to Hill Road				
Current Policy Areas	Hills Policy Area 11				
Locality size	20.5 hectares, containing 173 properties				
Current density	8.4 dwellings/hectare (du/ha)				
Proximity to public transport	Approx. 30% of the locality adjacent Ocean Boulevard is within 200 metres of a				
and activity centres	bus route. The locality is not in good proximity to an activity centre.				
Topography	The locality rises by approximately 24 metres north-south over a distance of				
	approximately 240 metres, resulting in an average gradient of 10% or 1:10.				
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	0% (0 properties)			
	1940-1960	6% (11 properties)			
	1960 – 1990	78% (135 properties)			
	> 1990	10% (17 properties)			
	Other	6% (data not available)			
	Summary	Dwellings are predominantly between 25 and 55 years old			
Capital to site value ratio	I to site value ratio 1.0 – 1.3 41% (71 properties)				
	1.3 - 2.0	57% (99 properties)			
	> 2.0	2% (6 properties)			
	Summary	Approx. 40% of dwellings have a low capital to site value and are prime for redevelopment.			
Discussion/Recommendation	Only approximately 25% of the locality is within a 200 metre distance of a bus route, and the locality is not well serviced by an activity centre.				
	The relatively steep gradient of the locality may make redevelopment at higher densities problematic. Given the above, the locality is not considered appropriate for development at higher densities.				
	It is recommended that the locality not be considered for increased housing diversity and dwelling densities remain as per the current Hills Policy Area 11.				



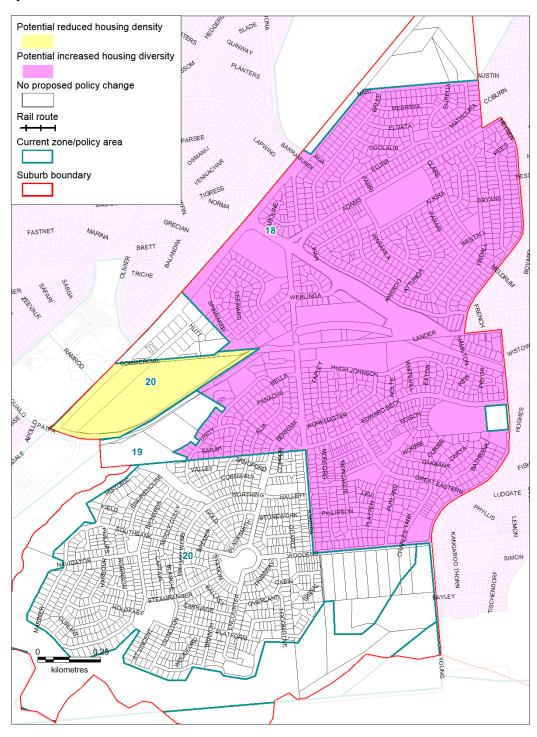




4 properties identified for potential reduced housing density 1481 properties identified for potential increased housing diversity

Areas identified for change of density

by Elected Members in November 2015



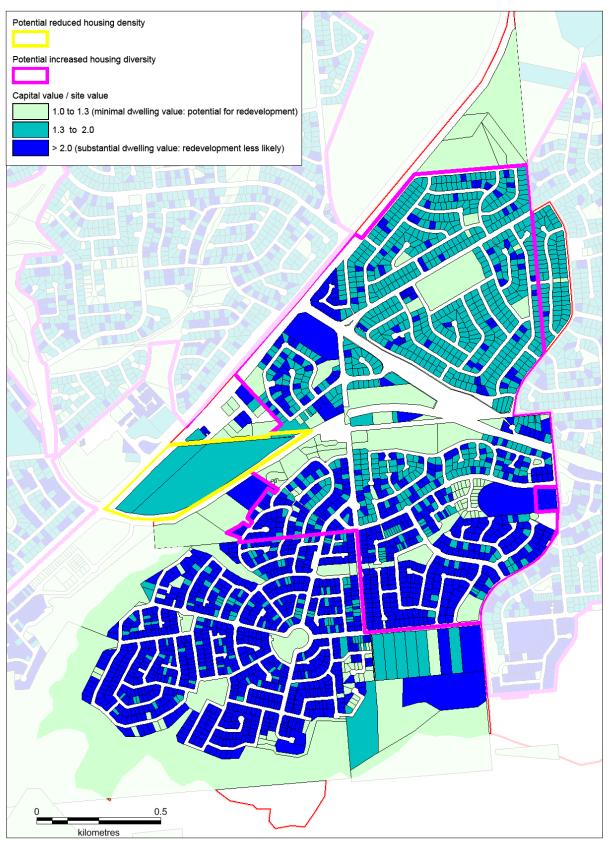


Dwelling Age

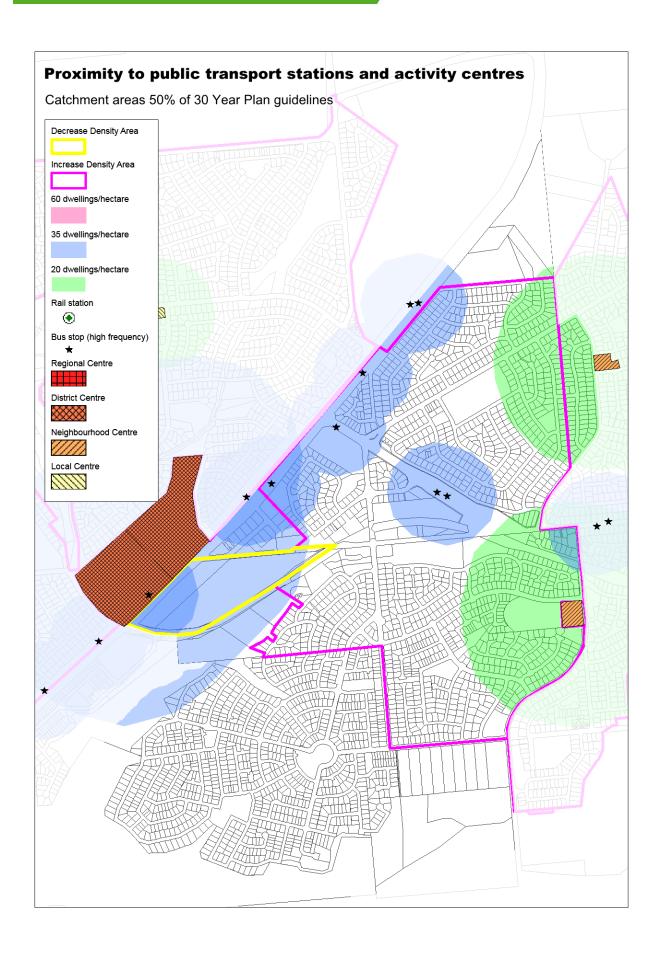




Capital value / site value ratio



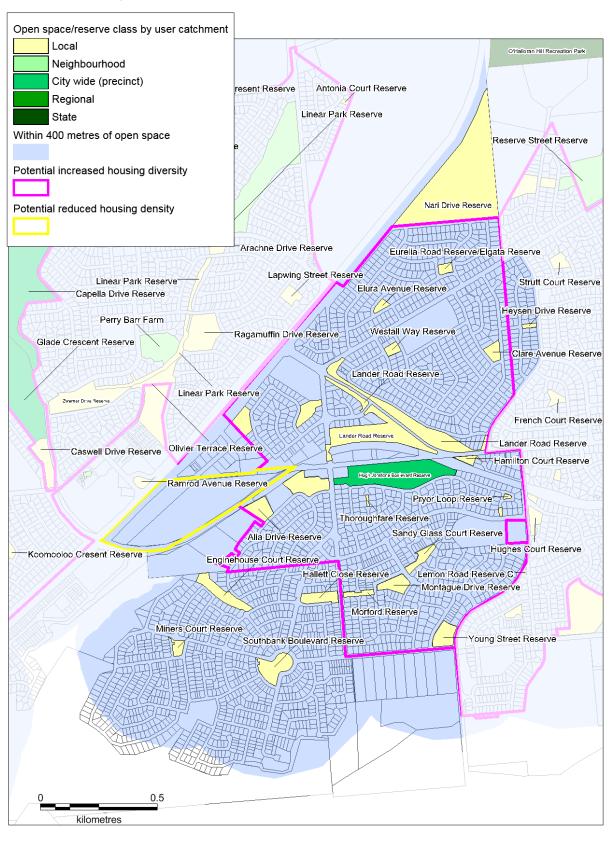






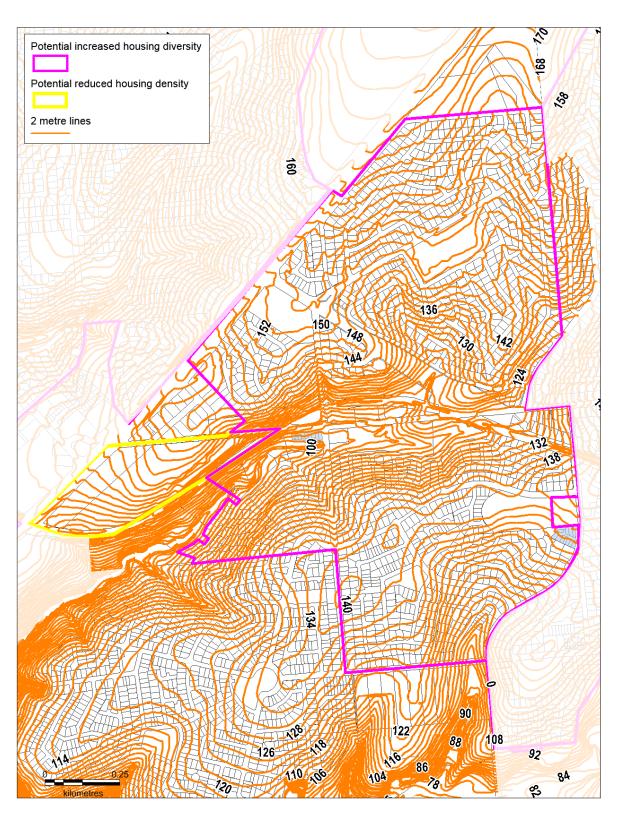


Proximity to public open space





Land Gradient





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Suburb						
Suburb size		367 hectares, containing 2366 dwellings				
Current density	Gross residential density	6.4 dwellings/hectare (du/ha)				
	Population density	17.1 persons/hectare				
Demographic trends (2011)	Age	There was a higher proportion of people aged 0 to 17 years (28.3% compared with 19.8% for City of Marion) and a lower proportion of people aged over 60 years (8.2% compared to 22.4% in CoM).				
	Households	14% of households in Sheidow Park contained only one person, compared with 30% in City of Marion, with the most dominant household size being 2 persons per household.				
	Dwellings	2.2% of households were in dwellings with 2 bedrooms or less (compared with 24.2% in CoM), and 41.7% were 4 or more bedroom dwellings (compared with 18.4% in CoM).				
Heritage Items	Local	-				
-	State	-				
Topography		Significant gradient throughout suburb				
Movement barriers/constraints		Gradient of suburb. Cul-de-sac pattern of streets in newer parts of the suburb (southern areas) elongates walking distance to destinations.				
Recent development activity		2400				
		2350 2,366 2,366 2,366 2,341 2,366 2,341 2279 2258 2210 2150				
		Jun-10 Oct-11 Jun-12 Jun-12 Jun-13 Oct-14 Jun-14 Jun-15 Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14				

Adjoining council areas South: City of Onkaparinga: Mineral Extraction, Open Space, Industry and Residential Zones

Comparison of Minimum Site Dimensions

City of Marion: Southern Policy Area 18 City of Onkaparinga: Residential Zone

Dwelling Type	Site Area Marion	Site Area Onkas	Frontage Marion	Frontage Onkas
Detached	420	300	14	9
Semi-detached	350	300	12	8
Group dwelling	300	250	20	18
Residential flat building	250-300	250	20	18
Row dwelling	280	210	8	7

Locality 1: Potential reduced housing density area (yellow)

Locality commentary

The locality includes vacant land immediately east of Lonsdale Road, owned by Craven Group and which has a current application proposing 165 new allotments



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Current Policy Areas	Worthing Mine Policy Area 20 (allowing approximately 16.5 du/ha)	
Locality size	13.2 hectares, containing 4 properties	
Current density	0.3 dwellings/hectare	
-	(or 16.0 du/ha as proposed in the current land division application)	
Topography	There is a fall of approximately 30 metres from north-to-south which equals a	
	gradient of approximately 6%. However, the gradient steepens in the eastern	
	corner of the locality where it exceeds 10%. The locality is located within 400 metres of the District Centre Zone and high	
Proximity to public transport	The locality is located within 400 metres of the District Centre Zone and high	
and activity centres	frequency bus routes along Lonsdale Road, warranting density of 35	
	dwellings/hectare.	
Age of dwelling stock	No dwellings in the locality	
Capital to site value ratio	No dwellings in the locality	
Streetscape characteristics	No streets in the locality	
Recommendation	The locality is located immediately adjacent to the Hallett Cove District Centre and bus routes along Lonsdale Road, and therefore warrants densities of 35 du/ha under the 30 Year Plan.	
	However, it is noted that there may be adverse amenity impacts to this site given that Lonsdale Highway is a majority arterial road with 80 km/hour speed limit, and a Commercial Zone to the north incorporates activities which may cause adverse noise impacts.	
	The locality is currently zoned Worthing Mine Policy Area 20, which envisages overall average gross density of 16.5 du/ha. However, the Desired Character Statement of this policy area specifies that "The relatively flat land in close proximity to Hallett Cove District Centre is suited to medium-density accommodation for older persons. A more intense form of development than prevalent elsewhere in the policy area is appropriate in this location to take advantage of the better access to District Centre facilities."	
	While the site may be suitable for increased density, this can be appropriately considered within assessment of the relevant development application, taking into consideration amenity impacts of the locality, and the land gradient. Given that a land division application is presently being assessed by Council's Planning Department, the density of the site is considered best dealt with through the merits of the planning application; not through a future Development Plan Amendment.	
	It is recommended that this locality is excluded from consideration and maintained as Worthing Mine Policy Area 20.	

Locality 2: Potential incre	ased housing diversity area (pink)	
Locality commentary	The locality comprises the established areas of Sheidow Park (excluding the southern portion of the suburb developed in the early 2000s.	
Current Policy Areas	Southern Policy Area 18 (allowing approximately 21 du/ha)	
Locality size	166.4 hectares, containing 1481 properties	
Current density	8.9 dwellings/hectare	
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	The western portion of the locality is located in proximity to the Hallett Cove District Centre, warranting 35 du/ha pursuant to the 30 Year Plan. The north-western strip of the locality is located in proximity to high frequency bus routes along Lonsdale Road, also recommended for 35 du/ha. Small portion of land at the centre of the locality is located within 200 metres of a bus stop on Lander Road.	



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	Western portions of the locality are located in proximity of Neighbourhood Centre		
	Zones, warranting density of 20 du/ha.		
Topography	Gradient is most severe at the centre of the locality, where the Field River runs through the suburb. The north-western and southern areas of the locality maintain the least gradient.		
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	0% (0 properties)	
	1940-1960	0% (0 properties)	
	1960 – 1990	44% (649 properties)	
	> 1990	48% (711 properties)	
	Other	8% (data not available)	
	Summary	Approximately $\frac{1}{2}$ of properties constructed between 1960 and 1990, and the other $\frac{1}{2}$ constructed after 1990	
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	6% (95 properties)	
•	1.3 - 2.0	55% (817 properties)	
	> 2.0	37% (552 properties)	
	Other	2% (data not available)	
	Summary	Only 6% of the locality is prime for redevelopment with low dwelling to site value ratios.	

Discussion / Recommendation

Dwellings in the subject locality are of a relatively young age, as half of all properties were constructed within the past 25 years, and the remainder were constructed between 1960 and 1990. The dwelling stock is still in reasonably good condition, which is demonstrated by moderate capital to site value ratios. Only 6% of properties in the locality have low ratios (less than 1.3), which indicates that further redevelopment is currently unlikely.

The locality is currently zoned Southern Policy Area 18, which envisages an average gross density of 21 du/ha. This is important to note given that the current density of the locality is only 8.9 du/ha. This discrepancy is likely due to the following two factors:

- a) There is a considerable proportion of open space in the locality; and
- b) The relatively high capital to site value ratios naturally deter further development throughout the locality at the present stage.

It is important to acknowledge that, when dwelling values fall in the future, redevelopment at appropriate densities should be allowed to occur under the current zoning. However, it is noted that the prescribed frontage widths in Policy Area 18 are quite generous compared with similar Policy Areas of the Marion Council. As such, whilst no increase in density is considered appropriate, frontage widths in the Southern Policy Area 18 should be reviewed as part of the proposed Housing Diversity DPA.

A small strip of land on the western periphery of the locality is located within 400 metres of the District Centre. The *30 Year Plan* would suggest that this area is suitable for gross densities of 35 du/ha, however rezoning of this land is considered inappropriate given that:

- a) Access to the District Centre is restricted by the intervening Lonsdale Road, and there is not a nearby pedestrian crossing.
- b) The land maintains a considerable land gradient.
- c) The dwelling stock was generally constructed between 1985-1995, and therefore is not suitable for redevelopment in the near future.

It is not considered appropriate to include all properties located within 200 metres of Lonsdale Road considering that:

- a) Access to bus stops on Lonsdale Road is restricted by an embankment.
- b) Lonsdale Roads provides only infrequent bus stops, and operates as a high speed motorway rather than a main road with associated



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facilities/amenities.

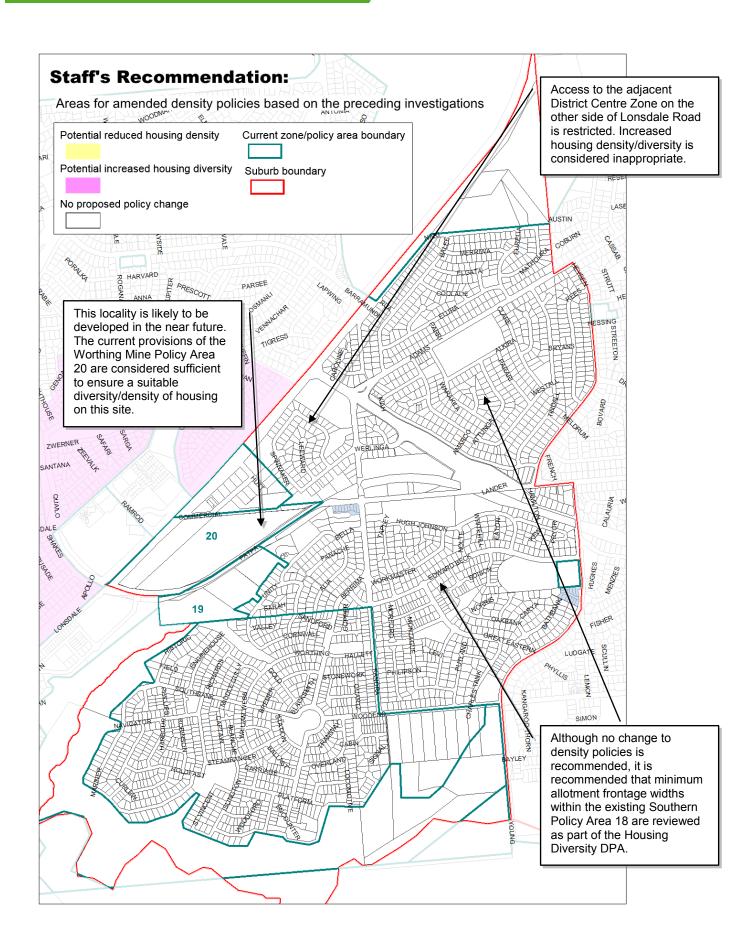
The eastern areas of the locality are located within 200 metres of neighbourhood centres, warranting 20 du/ha. Given that this is similar to the current provisions of the Southern Policy Area 18, further amendment to density policies is not appropriate for these areas.

The remaining areas of the locality are not located in convenient proximity to public transport or activity centres, and therefore are not considered suitable for amended policies encouraging increased housing diversity.

It is recommended that the locality is excluded from the increased housing diversity area, but that frontage widths in the Southern Policy Area 18 are subject to review.



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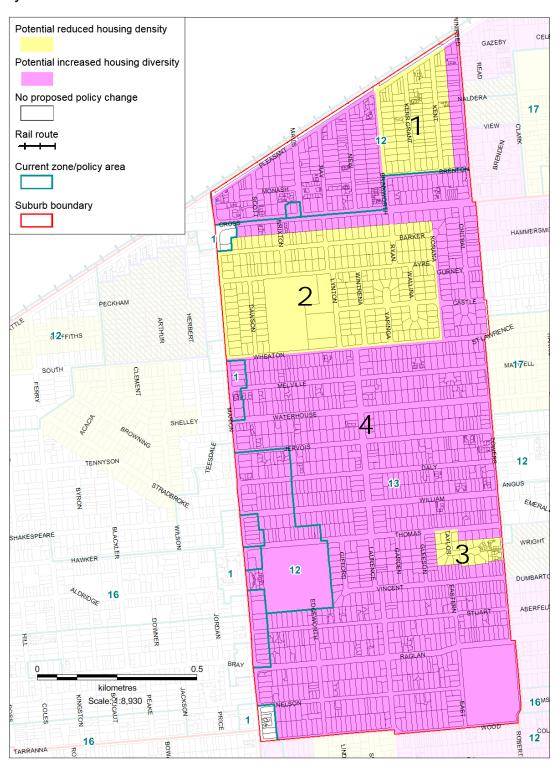


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501 properties identified for potential reduced housing density 1774 properties identified for potential increased housing diversity

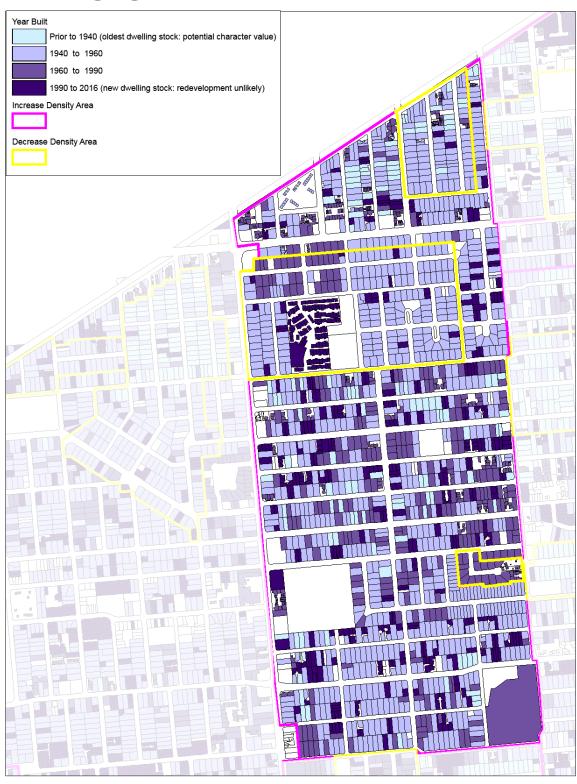
Areas identified for change of density

by Elected Members in November 2015



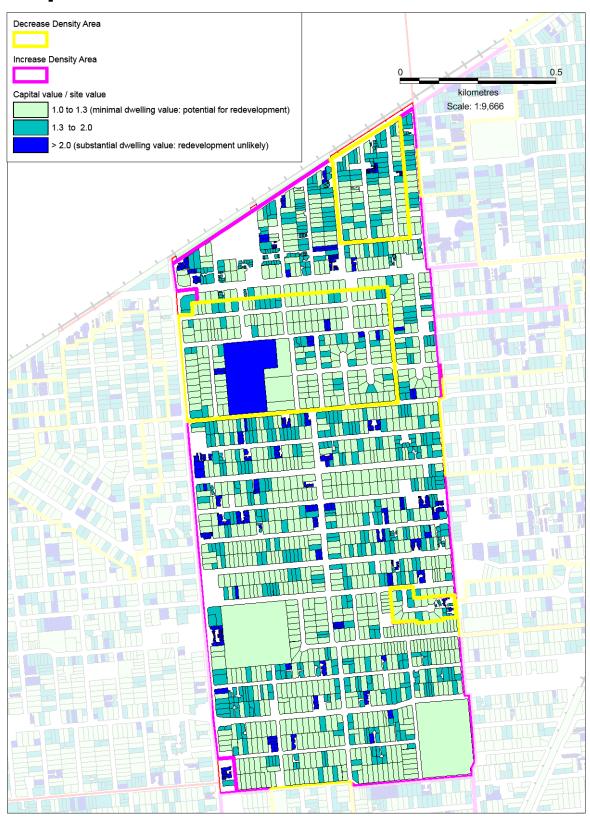


Dwelling Age

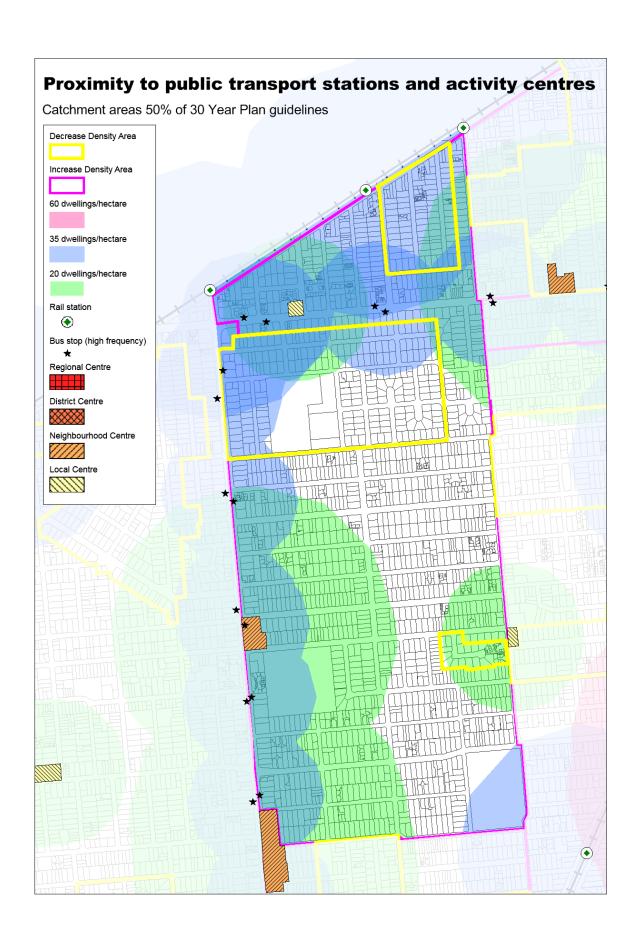




Capital value / site value ratio

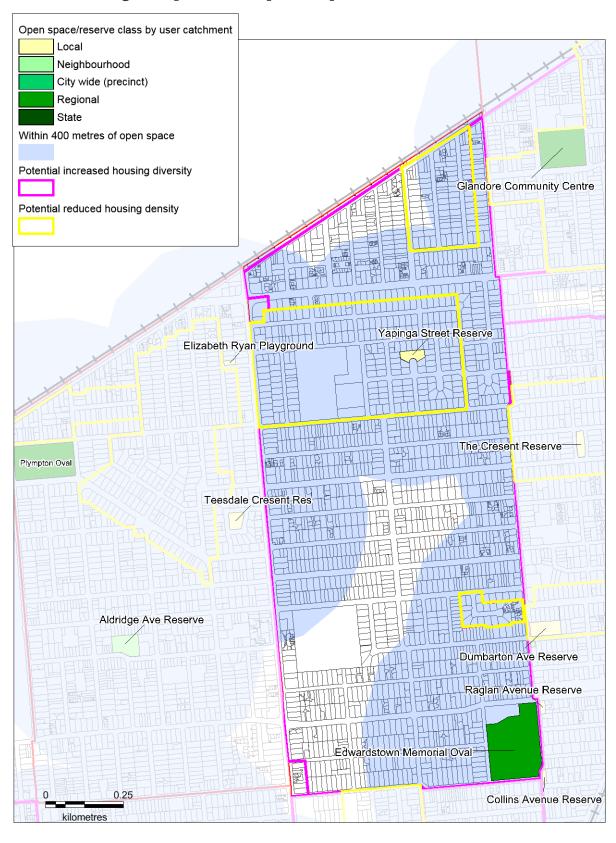








Proximity to public open space





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Suburb		
Suburb size Current density	Gross residential	158 hectares 1979 dwellings (in 2016) 4019 residents (in 2011) 12.5 dwellings per hectare
	density Population density	25.4 persons per hectare
Demographic trends (2011)	Age	Higher proportions of pre-schoolers (0 to 4) and persons at post- retirement age (85 and over).
, ,	Households	41% of households in dwellings with 2 bedrooms or less, compared to 24% for City of Marion.
Topography		< 1:10, negligible gradient
Movement barriers/constraints		None identified
Recent development activity		Number 1980 1.979 1.9
Adjoining council areas		North: West Torrens Council: Medium Density Policy Area 1

Adjoining council areas

North: West Torrens Council: Medium Density Policy Area 18

Comparison of Minimum Site Dimensions

City of West Torrens: Medium Density Policy Area 18 and City of Marion: Medium Density Policy Area 12

•	•			
Dwelling Type	Site Area West Torrens	Site Area Marion	Frontage West Torrens	Frontage Marion
Detached	250*	300	9	10
Semi-detached	200*	270	9	9
Group dwelling	150^	250	7	18
Residential flat building	150^	250	15	18
Row dwelling	150^	210	5	7
*150 m² for affordable housing				

^{*150} m² for affordable housing ^100 m² for affordable housing



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Locality commentary	Located adjacent the tramline, containing Brinkworth, Kerr Grant and Kent streets		
Current Policy Areas	Medium Densit	y Policy Area 12	
		x. 26 dwellings/hectare)	
Locality size		ontaining 137 properties	
Current density	18.5 dwellings	per hectare	
Proximity to public transport	Approximately	100% of locality located within 400 metres of tramline, warranting	
and activity centres		dwellings per hectare.	
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	17%	
	1940-1960	59%	
	1960 – 1990	22%	
	> 1990	2%	
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	40%	
-	1.3 - 2.0	40%	
	> 2.0	20%	
	Summary	Moderate potential for redevelopment, with 40% of properties falling below a ratio of 1.3.	
Streetscape characteristics	Mature street tree plantings along Brinkworth Street and Kerr Grant Terrace. Front setbacks are generally consistent.		
Recommendation	mature and cor	intains characteristics that would warrant preservation, such as assistent street tree plantings, consistent setbacks, 17% of structed prior to 1940, and a total of 76% constructed prior to	
	It is acknowledged that the area is ideally located near the tramline, satis' DPTI's recommendation for dwellings at 35 dwellings per hectare (gross) current density of the locality is 18.5 dwellings per hectare, and the area is zoned Medium Density Policy Area 12, which envisages appropriately 26 dwellings per hectare.		
	whether the lo	nded that further investigations are undertaken to determine scality maintains sufficient character value to warrant and/or different density criteria.	

Locality 2: Potential reduc	zea nousing a	ensity area (yellow)	
Locality commentary	Located south of Cross Road and north of Wheaton Street, including Vermont Estate aged care units and Emmaus Christian College		
Current Policy Areas	Northern Policy Area 13 (allowing approx. 21 dwellings/hectare)		
Locality size	25.1 hectares, c	ontaining 237 properties	
Current density	9.4 dwellings/hectare		
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	Approximately 50% of locality (northern and western portion) located within 400 metres of tram station and/or 200 metres of bus stops, warranting densities of 35 dwellings/hectare.		
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	5%	
	1940-1960	51%	
	1960 – 1990 9%		
	> 1990	35%	
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 - 1.3	55%	



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	1.3 – 2.0	13%
	> 2.0	32%
	Summary	Majority of properties (55%) maintain a ratio less than 1.3, therefore there is high potential for redevelopment.
Streetscape characteristics		ees are common in the locality, but sporadically located. aracter varies due to examples of infill development and varied
Recommendation	by Barker, Kora	south of Cross Road may warrant preservation, which is bounded na, Wheaton and Lynton streets. This area predominantly lings constructed prior to 1960, and maintains limited recent
	 The remaining half of this area, closest to Marion Road, is not considered to warrant preservation given that: a) Approximately 95% of dwellings were constructed post 1940, and therefore the majority of the locality does not maintain character value. b) A large portion of the locality comprises aged care units (former school redevelopment) constructed approximately 20 years ago. As such, furth redevelopment of this area is unlikely. c) This area is within 400 metres of tram and bus stations, warranting densities at 35 dwellings per hectare. 	
	to Marion Road	ded that the locality is modified to exclude the portion closest d, and that further investigations are undertaken of the a to determine whether it displays sufficient characteristics to

warrant character preservation and/or different density criteria.

It is recommended that this locality is excluded from consideration.

Locality	v 3: Potentia	I reduced housing	density area	(vellow)

Locality commentary	Locality comprises properties in Taylor Court		
Current Policy Areas	Northern Policy Area 13 (allowing approx. 21 dwellings/hectare)		
Locality size	1.8 hectares, containing 30 properties		
Current density	16.7 dwellings per hed	tare	
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	Approximately 90% of locality located within 200m of a Local Centre, warranting densities of 20 dwellings/hectare.		
Approximate age of dwelling stock	100% of properties constructed between 1960-1990.		
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	23%	
	1.3 - 2.0	62%	
	> 2.0	15%	
	Summary	Minor portion (23%) of properties fall below a ratio of 1.3, therefore potential for redevelopment is relatively low.	
Streetscape characteristics	No consistent street tree planting. Setbacks are similar, but pattern of dwellings is not consistent due to shape of cul de sac.		
Recommendation	It is considered inappropriate to decrease housing density provisions in Taylor Court given that: a) Properties in Taylor Court were predominantly constructed in the 1960's, and therefore the built form has limited character value. b) It is poor practice to rezone such a small locality.		



Road, and therefore warrants increased densities to 35 du/ha. (Certain properties fronting Marion Road are currently zoned Commercial, and therefore are not

It is recommended that this locality is reduced in size to include only the

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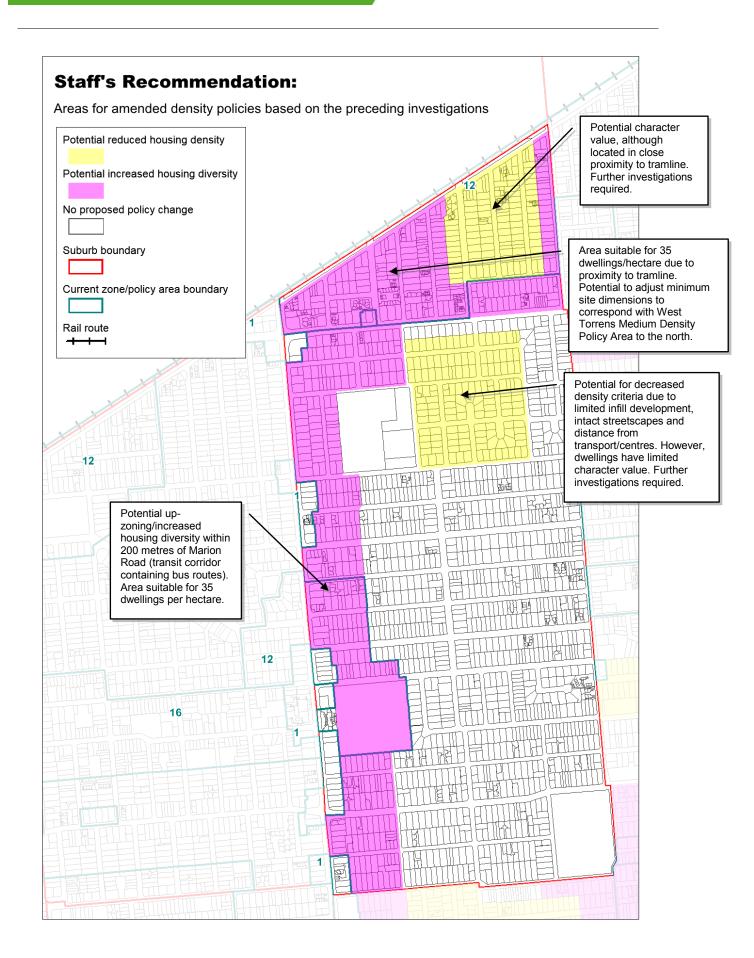
Locality commentary	This locality comprises the remainder of the suburb.		
Current Policy Areas	Medium Density Policy Area 12 (allowing approx. 26 dwellings/hectare) Northern Policy Area 13 (allowing approx. 21 dwellings/hectare)		
Locality size	121.3 hectares, containing 1774 properties		
Current density	14.6 dwellings per hectare (gross)		
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	Northern and western portions of suburb are located within 400 metres of tram station and 200 metres of bus routes, warranting densities of 35 dwellings per hectare. Central areas of suburb are located in proximity to local and neighbourhood centres, warranting densities of 20 dwellings per hectare (similar to the densities permitted in the current zoning as Northern Policy Area 13).		
Age of dwelling stock	<1940 14%		
	1940-1960 40%		
	1960 – 1990 28%		
	> 1990 18%		
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3 47%		
	1.3 - 2.0 36% > 2.0 17%		
	> 2.0 17% Summary Moderate potential for redevelopment, as almost half of the locality falls below a ratio of 1.3.	ıe	
Recommendation	The northern end of the suburb is located within 400 metres of the tramline, 200 metres of bus stops on Marion Road and Cross Road, partly within 200 metres of a Local Centre, and partly within 400 metres of a Neighbourhood Centre. As such, this area is capable of providing gross density of 35 dwelling per hectare. This area is currently zoned Medium Density Policy Area 12, what anticipates site areas of 210-300 square metres. Assuming an average site of 255 square metres, this equates to a net density of 39.2 dwellings per hectare a gross density of 26.2 dwellings per hectare. As such, there is scope to increase density in this area. Densities could be increased to achieve consist with the Medium Density Area 18 of the City of West Torrens, to the north.	ngs hich area ctare,	
	The centre of the suburb is not located in proximity to train/tram/bus stations District Centre, but is within proximity of a Neighbourhood Centre and Local Centre, which warrants densities of only 20 du/ha. This area is currently zon Northern Policy Area 13, which anticipates site areas of 250-375 square me Assuming an average site area of 312.5 square metres, this equates to a nedensity of 32 dwellings per hectare, or a gross density of 21.4 dwellings per hectare. Given that the current density standards are similar to the 30 Year I guidelines, it is recommended that density guidelines are retained as per the current Development Plan.	ned etres. et	
	The western side of the locality is located in proximity to bus routes along M. Road, and therefore warrants increased densities to 35 du/hg. (Cortain prop		

within the ambit of this residential DPA.)

northern and western portions of the suburb.



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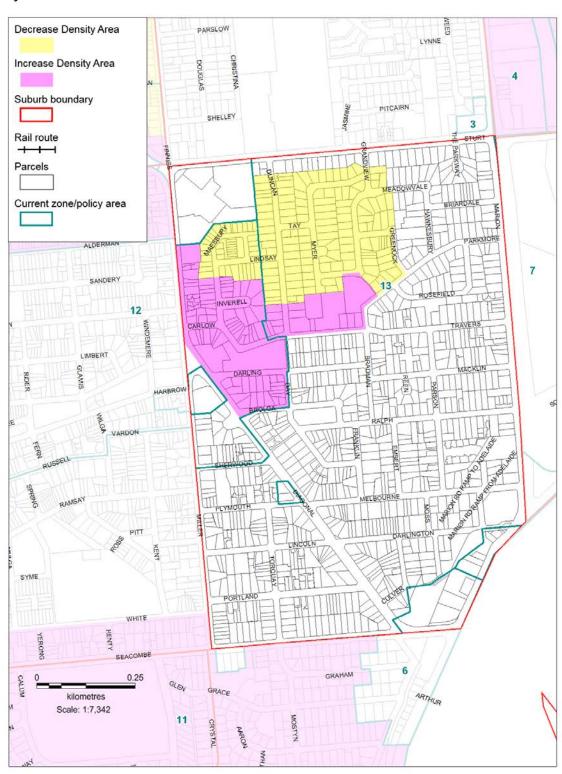


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173 properties identified for potential reduced housing density 103 properties identified for potential increased housing diversity

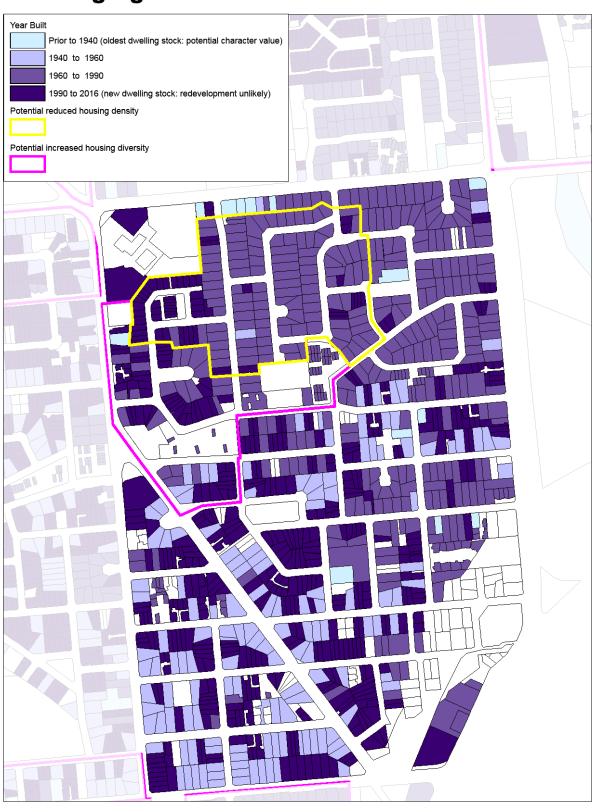
Areas identified for change of density

by Elected Members in November 2015



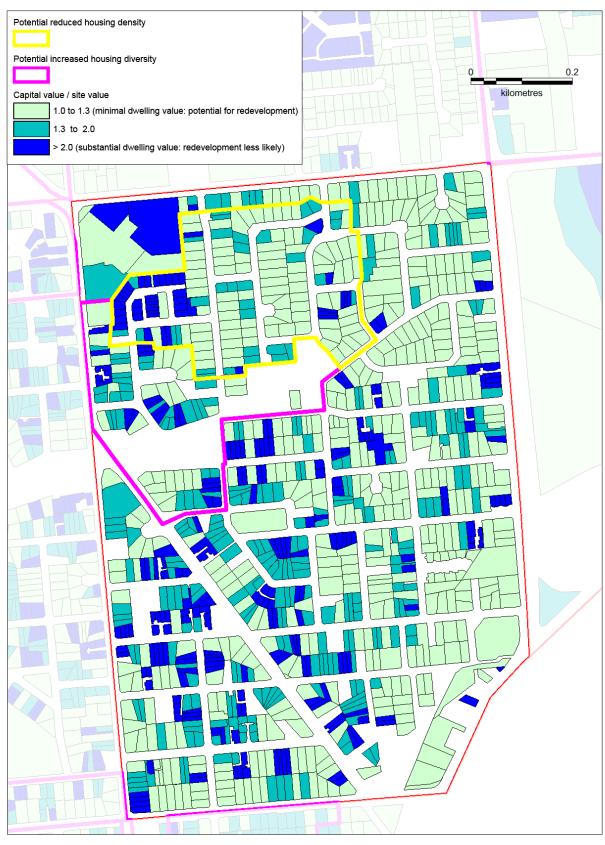


Dwelling Age



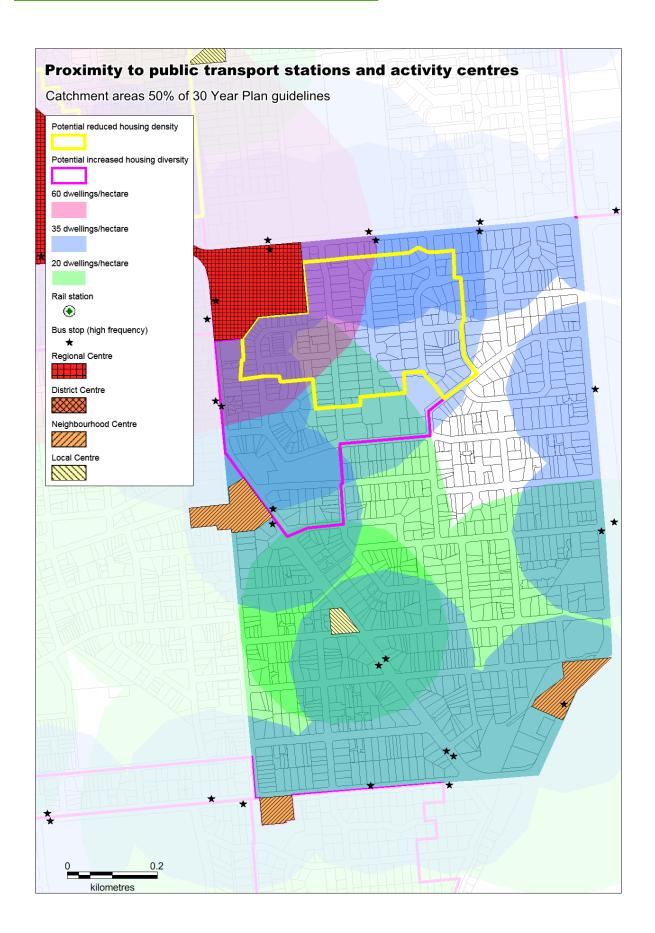


Capital value / site value ratio



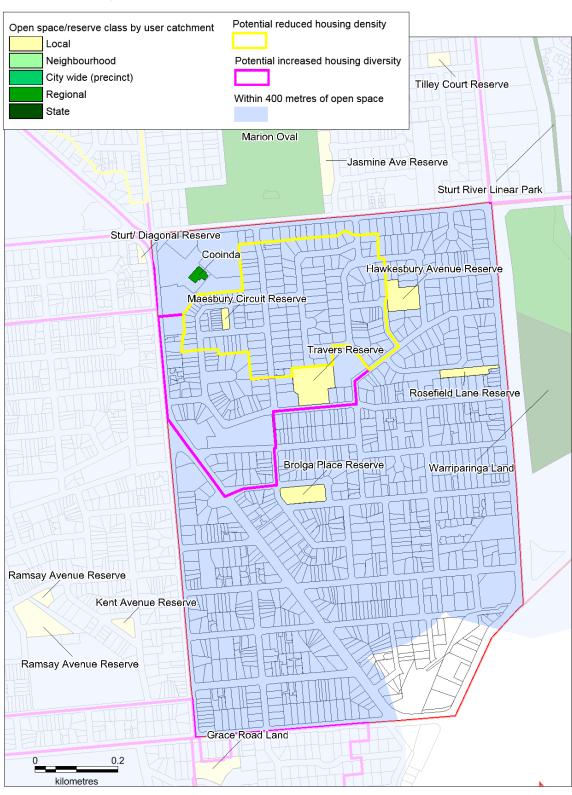


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Proximity to public open space





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Suburb		
Suburb size		99 hectares 1027 dwellings (in 2016) 2295 residents (in 2011)
Current density	Gross residential density	10.4 dwellings/hectare
	Population density	23.1 persons/hectare
Demographic trends (2011)	Age	Lower proportion of children (0 to 11) and a higher proportion of persons at post retirement age (60 to 84) than City of Marion in 2011.
	Households	2.23 average household size Higher proportion of 3 bedrooms dwellings (64% compared to 54% in CoM) and lower proportion of 2 bedroom dwellings (13% compared to 21% in CoM).
Heritage Items	Local	5 Hawkesbury Avenue (Dwelling and Stable) 257 Sturt Road (Dwelling) 269 Sturt Road (Shop and Dwelling) 14 Travers Street (Dwelling)
	State	Sturt Triangle (Warriparinga, including Fairford House, Coach House and Grounds)
Topography	< 1:10	Minor gradient throughout suburb
Movement barriers/constraints		None identified
Recent development activity		Number of residential 1000 September 1000 Per of 1000 Per of 1000 Number of residential 1000 Number of residential 1000 Number of residential 1000 Per of 1000 Number of residential 1000 Num

Adjoining council areas

South-east: City of Onkaparinga: Residential Zone

Comparison of Minimum Site Dimensions

City of Marion: Northern Policy Area 13 City of Onkaparinga: Residential Zone

Dwelling Type	Site Area Marion	Site Area Onkas	Frontage Marion	Frontage Onkas
Detached	375	300	12	9
Semi-detached	320	300	9	8
Group dwelling	300	250	20	18
Residential flat building	300	250	20	18
Row dwelling	250	210	7	7



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Locality commentary	The locality i	s situated in the north-western corner of the suburb, south of Sturt				
Looding commentary		outh-east of the Marion Council Administration Centre grounds.				
Current Policy Areas	Medium Der	nsity Policy Area 12				
	Northern Po					
Locality size	12.7 hectares, containing 173 properties					
Current density		gs/hectare (du/ha)				
Proximity to public transport and activity centres		cality is located within 400 metres of the Regional Centre Zone arion) and therefore warrants densities of 35-60 du/ha.				
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	0% (0 properties)				
	1940-1960	1% (1 properties)				
	1960 – 1990	63% (109 properties)				
	> 1990	33% (57 properties)				
	Other	3% (data not available)				
	Summary	Majority of dwellings (63%) constructed between 1960 and 1990, and a further 33% constructed after 1990, therefore character				
O	1.0 – 1.3	value is limited.				
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 - 1.3	53% (92 properties)				
	> 2.0	20% (34 properties)				
	Other	25% (43 properties)				
		2% (data not available)				
	Summary	Majority of properties (53%) maintain minimal dwelling value compared to land value, and are therefore suitable for redevelopment				
Streetscape characteristics		ong Duncan and Meyer roads are relatively consistent, with limited				
	•	recent development. Street trees are common, but a cohesive antings does not exist.				
Discussion / Recommendation	Dwellings in the subject locality were predominantly constructed between 1960 and 1990, while another 1/3 of dwellings were constructed within the past 25 years (post-1990). Given the lack of dwellings constructed prior to 1960, and the relatively high proportion of recent development, the locality does not demonstrate "character" value which would warrant preservation.					
	While Duncan and Meyer roads demonstrate consistency in street setbac limited examples of recent development, these roads are located within 4 metres of the Regional Centre Zone. It is not considered appropriate to in reduced housing density in this key location for increased housing density/diversity.					
	than 1.3), wh	properties in the locality maintain a low capital to site value ratio (less nich indicates that a majority of dwellings maintain minimal value land value, and are therefore prime for redevelopment.				
	The locality is located entirely within 400 metres of the Regional Centre Zone (although noting that the locality is located a minimum 1.5 kilometres walking distance from the Oaklands Railway Station). As such, the <i>30 Year Plan</i> would suggest that the locality is suitable for residential density of 35 dwellings/hectare (du/ha). The locality is currently zoned Medium Density Policy Area 12 and Northern Policy Area 13, which envisage average gross densities of 26 and 22 du/ha, respectively. As such, the locality warrants increased density policies, not reduced.					
	It is also not	ed the Residential Zone of the City of Onkaparinga, located to the				



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south-east of Sturt, prescribes lesser minimum site dimensions than Marion Council's Northern Policy Area 13 (as detailed in the Comparison Table above). Therefore, to seek a further reduction in housing density would increase the inconsistency with the density policies of the adjoining council area. Increasing housing density would be more appropriate to achieve a transition in density away from the Marion Regional Centre.

It is recommended that the locality is excluded from consideration for decreased density, and instead is identified for increased housing diversity.

Potential increased hous	ing diversity	area (pink)				
Locality commentary	•	The locality is situated south-east of the Marion Regional Centre, and includes properties on the eastern side of Diagonal Road.				
Current Policy Areas		Medium Density Policy Area 12 Northern Policy Area 13				
Locality size	10.1 hectares	10.1 hectares, containing 103 properties				
Current density	10.2 dwellings/hectare (du/ha)					
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	The north-western portion of the locality is located within 400 metres of the Regional Centre Zone (Westfield Marion) and therefore warrants densities of 35-60 du/ha. The remaining part of the locality is located adjacent bus routes along Diagonal Road, and therefore warrants densities of 35 du/ha.					
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	1% (1 properties)				
	1940-1960	3% (5 properties)				
	1960 – 1990	50% (91 properties)				
	> 1990	30% (54 properties)				
	Summary	80% of dwellings were constructed after 1960				
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	27% (28 properties)				
	1.3 - 2.0	29% (30 properties)				
	> 2.0	27% (28 properties)				
	Other	17% (data not available)				
	Summary	27% of properties maintain a ratio less than 1.3, indicating relatively low dwelling value and suitability for redevelopment.				

Discussion / Recommendation

Most dwellings in the subject locality were constructed after 1960, as 50% were constructed between 1960 and 1990, while a further 30% were constructed after 1990. The relatively young age of the dwelling stock influences capital values, as only 27% of the dwelling stock is fit for redevelopment with a ratio less than 1.3.

In order for this area to provide a meaningful contribution to increased housing diversity, it is recommended that the area is increased to include areas located in proximity of high frequency bus routes along Marion Road, Sturt Road, Diagonal Road and Seacombe Roads. Additionally, areas located within 400 metres of the Regional Centre Zone are suitable for increased housing diversity.

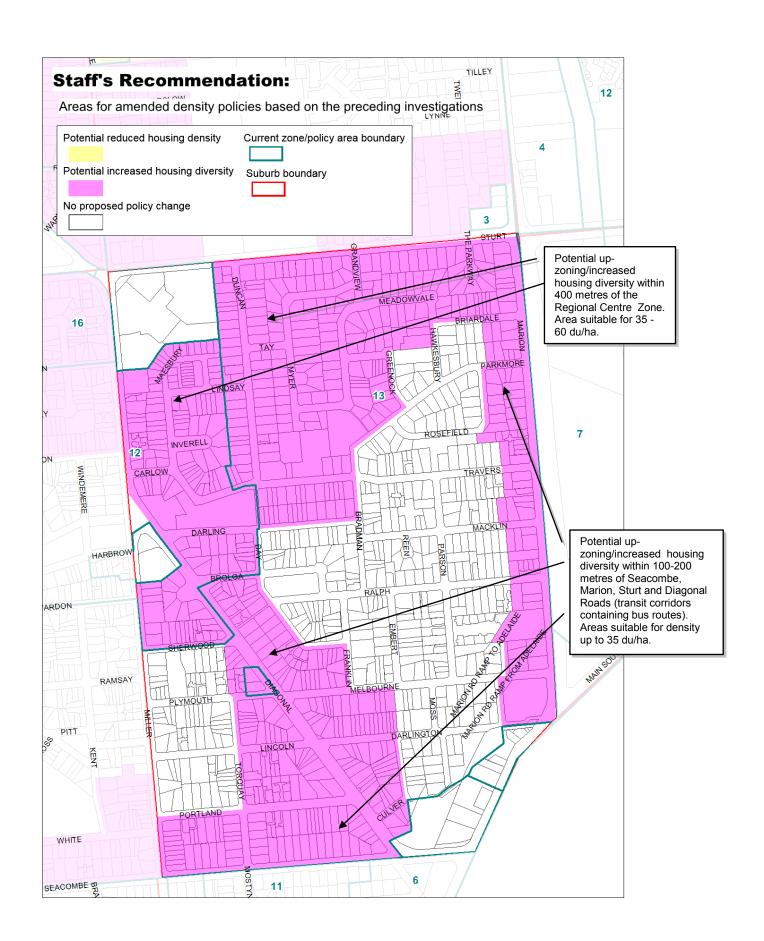
The 30 Year Plan recommends gross densities of 35 dwellings/hectare (du/ha) in the above-described areas. The subject locality is currently zoned Medium Density Policy Area 12 and Northern Policy Area 13, which envisage average gross densities of 26 and 22 du/ha, respectively. As such, there is scope to increase housing density/diversity policies in this area.

It is recommended that the locality is increased in size to include:

- a) Areas within 400 metres of the Regional Centre Zone
- b) Areas within 100-200 metres of high frequency bus routes along Diagonal, Sturt, Marion and Seacombe Roads.



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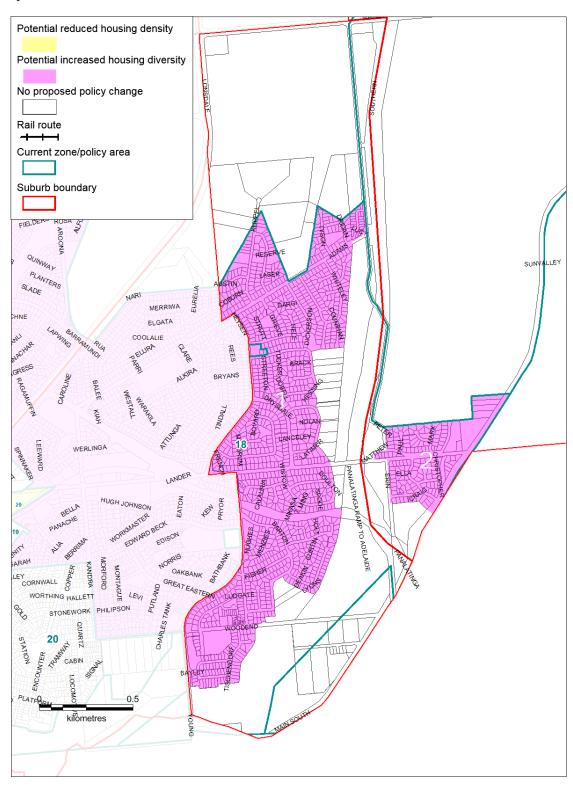
APPENDIX 21

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Trott Park (1): 1277 properties identified for potential increased housing diversity O'Halloran Hill (2): 147 properties identified for potential increased housing diversity

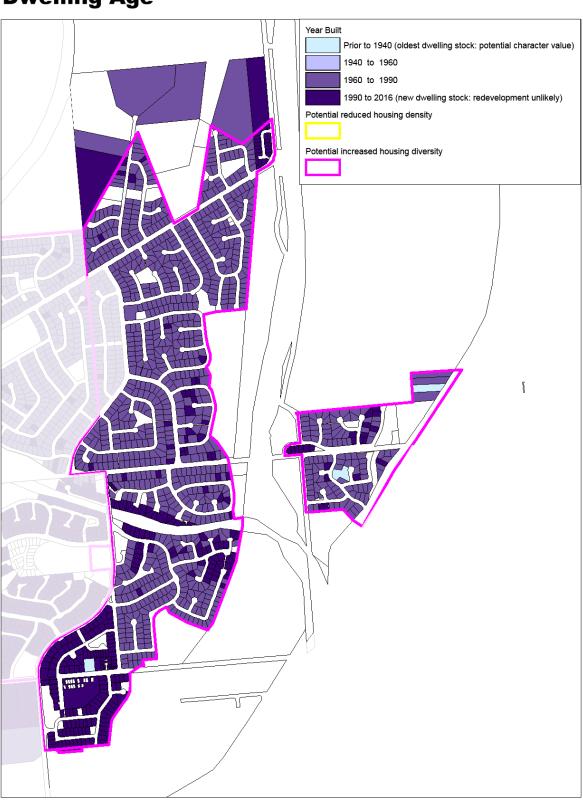
Areas identified for change of density

by Elected Members in November 2015



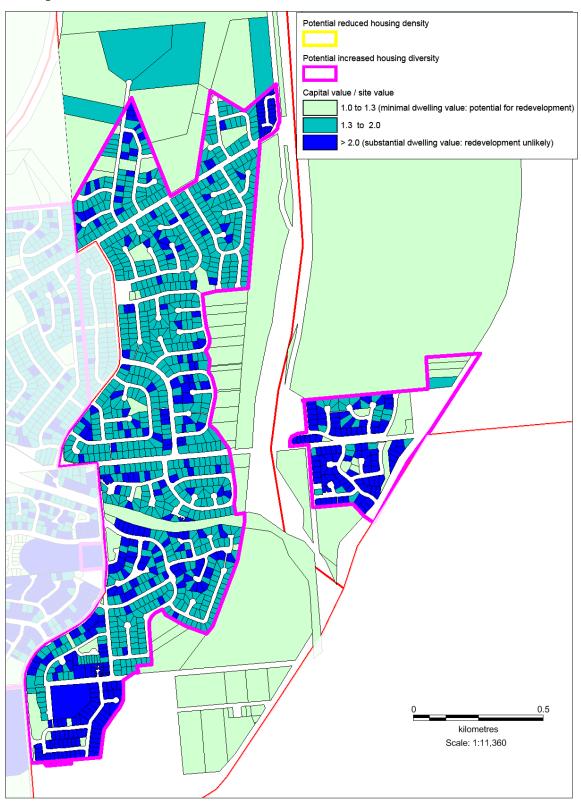


Dwelling Age

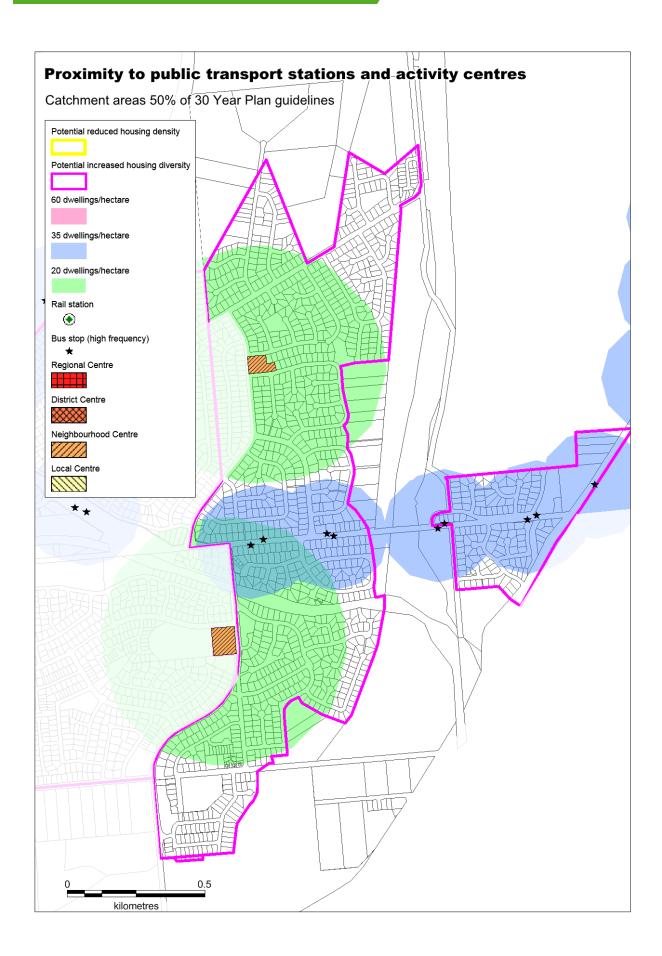




Capital value / site value ratio

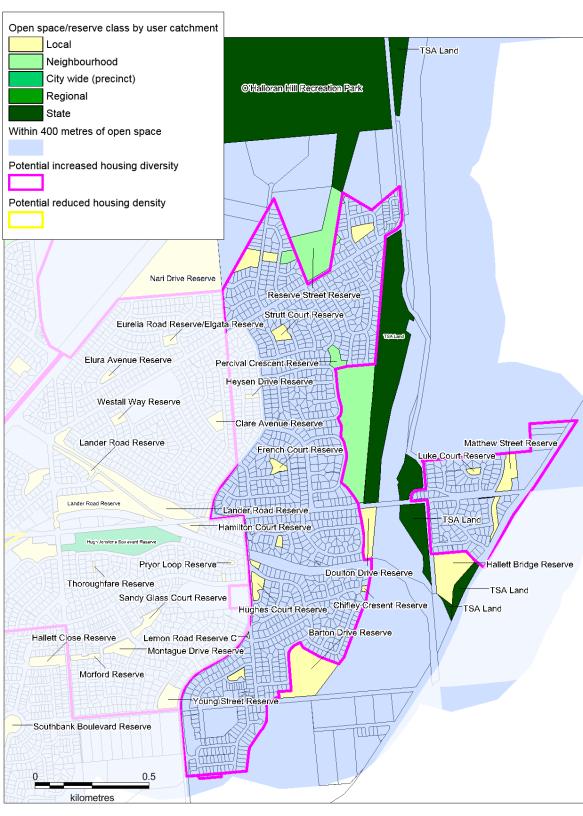






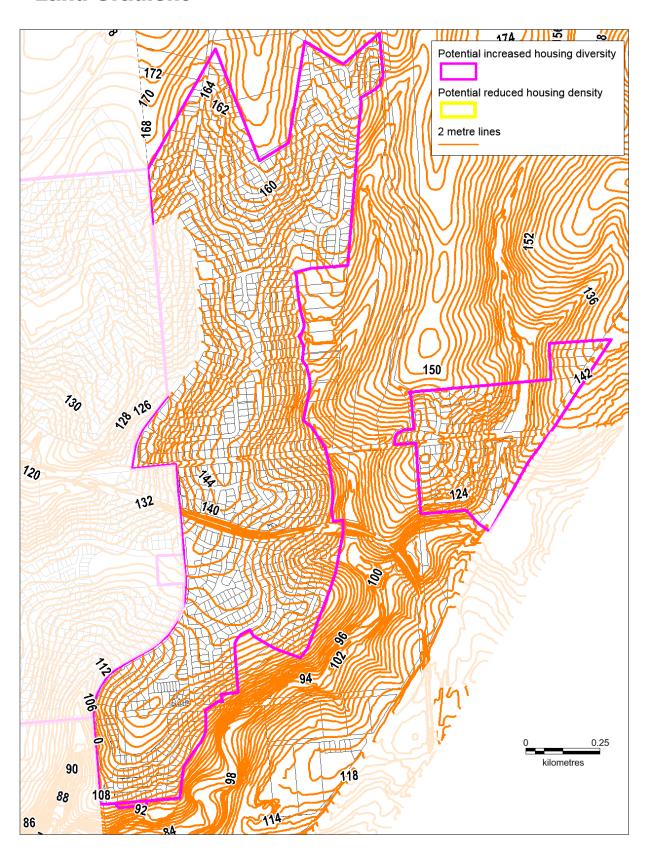


Proximity to public open space





Land Gradient



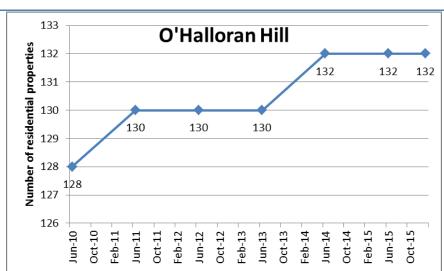


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Suburb						
Suburb size		Trott Park: 312 hectares, containing 1173 dwellings O'Halloran Hill: 704.5 hectares, containing 132 dwellings 3283 residents in 2011 (combined suburb count)				
Current density	Gross residential density	Trott Park: 3.8 dwellings/hectare O'Halloran Hill: 0.2 dwellings/hectare (due to high proportion of open space)				
	Population density	3.95 persons/hectare				
Demographic trends (2011)	Age	Trott Park - O'Halloran Hill had a similar proportion of pre-schoolers and a lower proportion of persons at post retirement age than City of Marion in 2011.				
	Households	Average household size of 2.67 persons.				
	Dwelling types	The major differences between the number of bedrooms per dwelling of Trott Park - O'Halloran Hill and City of Marion were: •A larger percentage of 3 bedroom dwellings (68.2% compared to 53.7%) •A larger percentage of 4 bedroom dwellings (24.4% compared to 15.9%) •A smaller percentage of 2 bedroom dwellings (3.4% compared to 20.8%)				
		•A smaller percentage of dwellings with 1 or no bedrooms (0.3% compared to 3.4%)				
Heritage Items	Local	8 Ella Crescent (dwelling) Section 127 Main South Road (pea farm) 1708 - 1710 Main South Road (Christ Church and Cemetery) Majors Road (Dwelling (Weblyn))				
	State	1708 Main South Road (Christ Church Anglican Church) Main South Road O'HALLORAN HILL (Hallett Bridge) 2 Majors Road (Former 'Lizard Lodge' Coachhouse)				
Topography		The locality undulates considerably throughout				
Movement		Land gradients, and collector roads and old rail corridor split the				
barriers/constraints		suburbs				
Recent development activity		Trott Park 1180 1180 1180 1180 1160 1160 1160 11100 1100 1080 1094 1094 1000 1000 980 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4,				
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Locality 1 (Trott Park): Po	otential incre	ased h	ou	sin	g div	ers	ity	are	a (pinl	k)					
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Locality Commentary	south of Woo															Just
	Southern Exp						aa		ug	00	.01.10			or a.		
Current Policy Areas	Southern Poli					1 dv	vellir	ıgs/l	hec	tare	gross	s de	ensi	ty)		
Locality size				`										•		
Locality Size	123.8 hectare	es, conta	inin	ıg 11	73 dw	/ellin	ngs									
Current density	9.5 dwellings	/hectare														
Topography	The locality is															
	south. The gr															
	1:14 and app			It in s	slopes	s of a	arou	nd 2	2 me	etres	acro	oss	a co	onsic	dera	ble
	number of all															
Proximity to public transport	Bus route alo	_								,	,			•		,
and activity centres		properties 200m north and south (suitable for 35 du/ha). Remainder is not well serviced by public transport. 2 Neighbourhood Centres located at western end of														
	locality north 60% of the lo										metre	es c	от ар	prox	kıma	itely
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940			prope		illes	OI Z	. U U	u/II	a.						
Age of dwelling stock	1940-1960	0%		prope	51 LY <i>)</i>											
	1960 – 1990			51 n	roper	tios)										
	> 1990		•		roper											
	Other	217	/o (Z	.73 p	roper	ues)										
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Discussion /	The locality is	not wel	l se	rvice	d by p	oubli	ic tra	nsp	ort	but i	s rea	sor	nabl	y sei	rvice	ed by
Recommendation	shopping cen															
stock still holds relatively high dwelling values. These suggest that					dwell	ling v	valu	es. ¯	The	se si	ugge	st t	hat t	the l	ocal	ity



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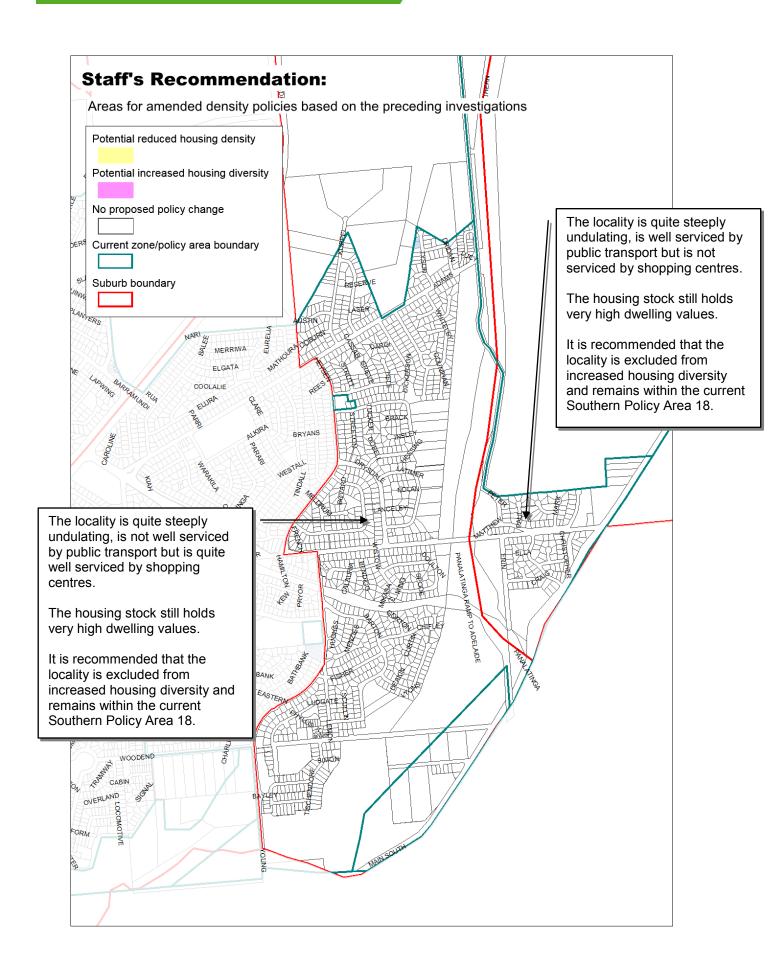
maintains minimal potential for further redevelopment so should not be considered for increased housing diversity. This being said, the current zoning (Southern Policy Area 18) currently allows a diversity of dwelling types and allotments sizes between 250m² and 420m². If there is market demand and appropriate design merit, higher density housing development may be suitable under the current policies.

It is recommended that the locality is excluded from increased housing diversity and remains within the current Southern Policy Area 18.

Lacality 2 (O'Hallaran Hil	I). Detential	increased housing diversity eres (nink)					
Locality 2 (O Halloran Hil	i): Potentiai i	increased housing diversity area (pink)					
Locality commentary	and Main Śo	The locality straddles Lander Road and is bounded by the Southern Expressway and Main South Road.					
Current Policy Areas	Southern Pol	icy Area 18 (approx. 21 dwellings/hectare gross density)					
Locality size	20.7 hectares	s, containing 147 properties					
Current density	7.1 dwellings	/hectare					
Topography		The locality is quite steeply undulating. The gradient averages approx. 1:9 and appears to result in falls of between 2 metres and 6 metres across individual					
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	The locality is	s generally well covered by the 200 metre bus catchment. There are ntres within a reasonable distance of the locality.					
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	1% (2 properties)					
	1940-1960	0%					
	1960 – 1990	75% (108 properties)					
	> 1990	16% (23 properties)					
	Other	8% (data not available)					
	Summary	3/4 of dwellings constructed between 1960-90					
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	9% (19 properties)					
	1.3 - 2.0	19% (26 properties)					
	> 2.0	72% (101 properties)					
	Summary	3/4 of properties have a capital/site value ratio exceeding 2.0, which means that dwelling values are substantial and redevelopment is unlikely.					
Discussion / Recommendation	centres. The holds very high potential for fousing diversity allowed and 420m². It housing developments to be seen the comment of the comment	s well serviced by public transport but is not serviced by shopping gradient across the locality is relatively steep. The housing stock still gh dwelling values. These suggest that the locality maintains minima urther redevelopment so should not be considered for increased resity. This being said, the current zoning (Southern Policy Area 18) was a diversity of dwelling types and allotments sizes between 250m ² of there is market demand and appropriate design merit, higher density elopment may be suitable under the current policies. The serviced by public transport but is not serviced by shopping stock still be considered for increased housing the serviced by shopping stock still be considered by shopping stock still be considered for increased housing the current southern Policy Area 18.					



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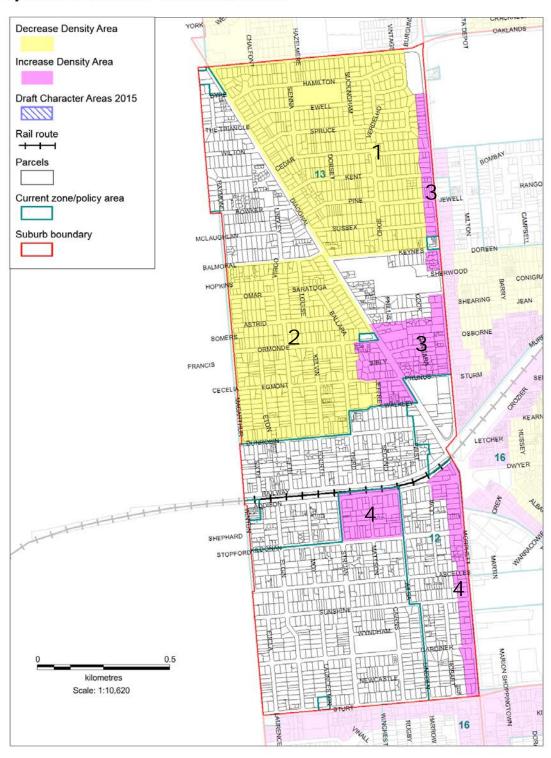


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931 properties identified for potential reduced housing density 300 properties identified for potential increased housing diversity

Areas identified for change of density

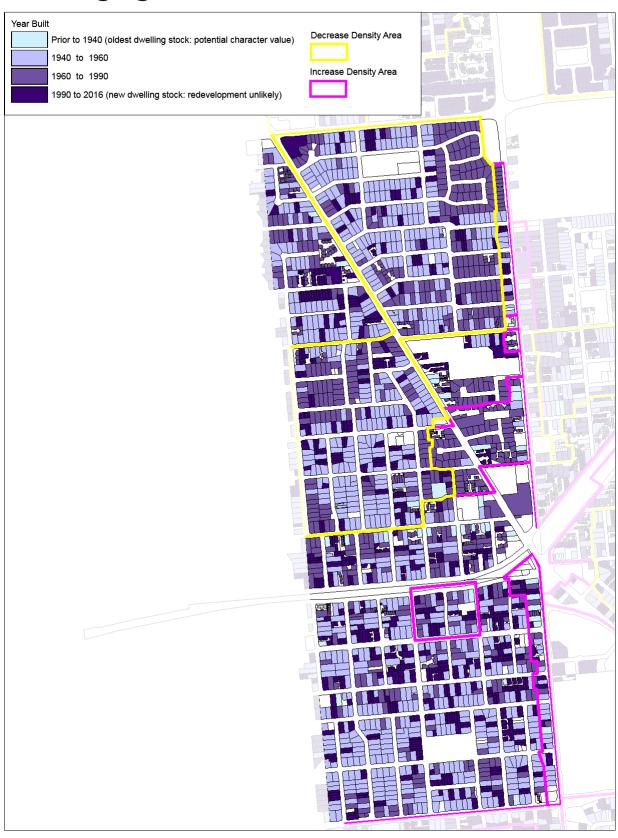
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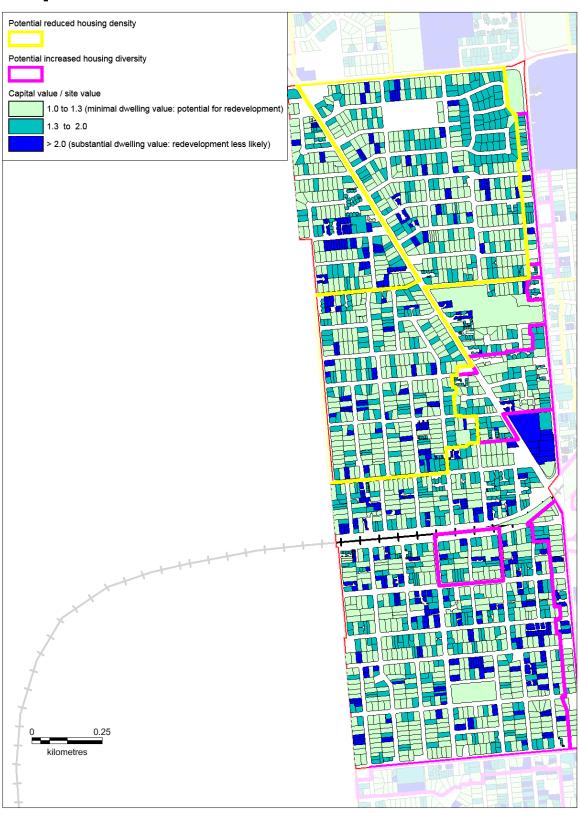
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Dwelling Age

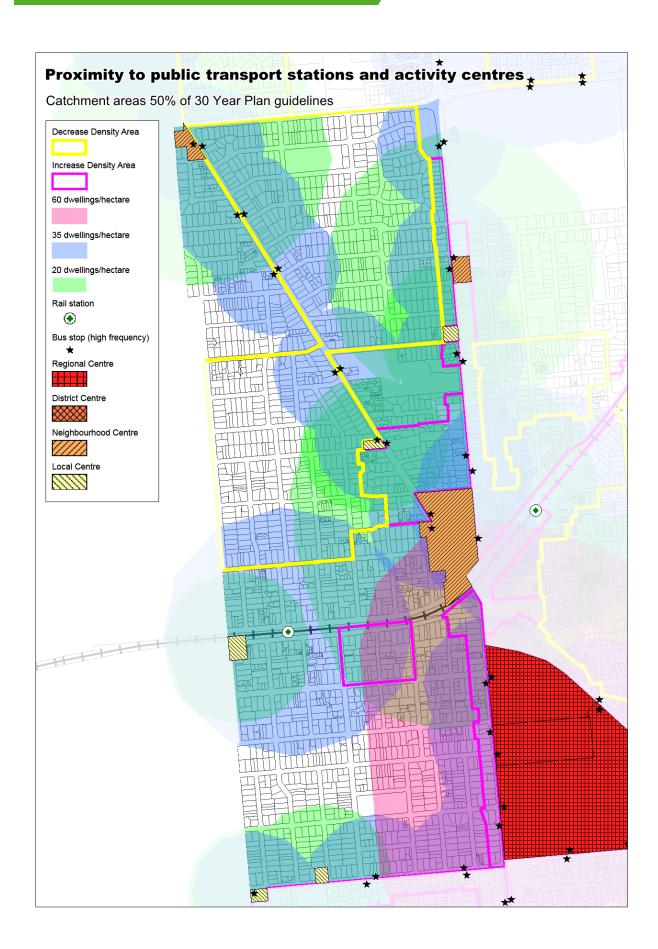




Capital value / site value ratio

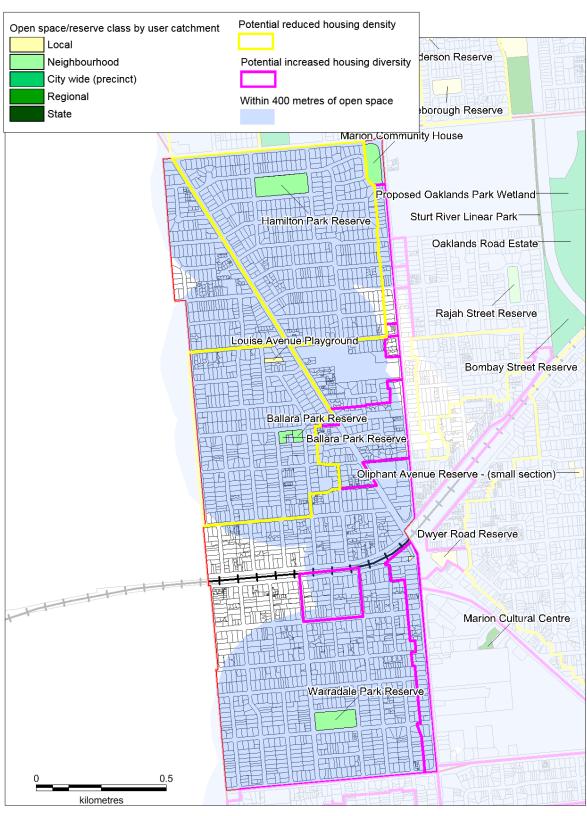








Proximity to public open space





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Suburb								
Suburb size		200.5 hectares 2363 dwellings (in 2016) 4695 residents (in 2011)						
Current density	Gross residential density	11.8 dwellings/hectare (du/ha)						
	Population density	23.4 persons/hectare						
Demographic trends (2011)	Age	Lower proportion of people in the younger age groups (0 to 17 years) and a higher proportion of people in the older age groups (60+ years) than City of Marion (CoM).						
	Households	2.24 average household size A larger percentage of households with 2 persons (37.0% compared to 34.7% in CoM) and larger percentage of households with 1 person (31.9% compared to 29.9% in CoM)						
	Dwellings	A larger percentage of 3 bedroom dwellings (57.6% compared to 53.7% in CoM)						
Heritage Items	Local	376 Morphett Road 175 Oaklands Road 11 to 13 Walkley Avenue						
	State	-						
Topography	< 1:10	Minor gradient throughout suburb						
Movement barriers/constraints		Diagonal Road and train line intercepts suburb						
Recent development activity		2400 2350 2350 2250 2268 2299 2299 2200 2150 2150 2150 2166 2100 2050 2150 2166 217 217 217 217 217 217 21						

Adjoining council areas

City of Holdfast Bay: Residential Zone (no policy area) adjoins majority of boundary, with exception to properties facing the railway line which are located in the Medium Density

Policy Area 5.

рє	erties facing the railway line which are located in the Medium Dens
	Comparison of Minimum Site Dimensions
	City of Marion: Medium Density Policy Area 12

City of Holdfast Bay: Medium Density Policy Area 5						
Dwelling Type	Site Area Marion	Site Area Holdfast	Frontage Marion	Frontage Holdfast		
Detached	300	250	10	9		
Semi-detached	270	200	9	9		
Group dwelling	250	200	18	7		
Residential flat building	250	200	18	7		
Row dwelling	210	200, or 150 if access from rear of allotment/common driveway/collector	7	7		



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	ro	oad		
City of Holdfast City of Marion: No				
Dwelling Type	Site Area Marion	Site Area Holdfast	Frontage Marion	Frontage Holdfast
Detached	375	400	12	12
Semi-detached	320	350	9	12
Group dwelling	300	350	20	12
Residential flat building	300	350	20	12
Row dwelling	250	350	7	10

Locality 1: Potential reduc	ed housing de	nsity area (yellow)			
Locality commentary	The locality is located on the eastern side of Diagonal Road, extending from Keynes Avenue in the south to Oaklands Road to the north.				
Current Policy Areas	Northern Policy	Area 13			
Locality size	43.0 hectares, c	ontaining 512 properties			
Current density	11.9 dwellings/h	ectare (du/ha)			
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	Approximately half of the locality is within 200 metres of high frequency bus routes on Morphett and Diagonal Roads, suitable for 35 du/ha. Approximately ¾ of the locality is within 400 metres of a Neighbourhood Centre suitable for 20 du/ha.				
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	0% (0 properties)			
	1940-1960	41%(209 properties)			
	1960 – 1990	39% (200 properties)			
	> 1990	14% (73 properties)			
	Other	6% (data not available)			
	Summary	Approximately 80% of the dwelling stock is between 25 and 75 years old			
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	47% (242 properties)			
	1.3 - 2.0	38% (197 properties)			
	> 2.0	11% (56 properties)			
	Other	4% (data not available)			
	Summary	Almost half of the properties in the locality are suitable for redevelopment due to minimal dwelling value compared to land value			
Streetscape characteristics	and Pine Avenu trees, which pos Setbacks are ge incorporate less	ation of street trees vary throughout the locality. Kent Avenue e feature a reasonably consistent avenue of large mature street sitively contribute to streetscape amenity. Enerally consistent, but sites subject to infill development typically er setbacks that the original dwelling stock. Examples of infill escattered infrequently throughout the locality.			
Discussion / Recommendation	(40% is greater relatively low ca land) suggesting The area is currebetween 250m²	nousing stock is predominantly between 25 and 75 years old than 55 years old). Approximately half of the properties have pital to site value (minimal dwelling value in comparison to the g it is primed for redevelopment. ently zoned Northern Policy Area 13 which anticipated site areas and 375m². Assuming an average site area 309m² this equates ty of 21.7 du/ha, which is nearly twice the current density (11.9)			



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Approximately 50% of the locality is within 200 metres of a high frequency bus route suitable for densities of up to 35 du/ha and approximately 75% is located within 400 metres of a Neighbourhood Centre suitable for 20 du/ha, which is similar to the density envisaged by the existing Northern Policy Area 13.

- Further investigations are undertaken to determine whether land within 200 metres of Morphett Road and Diagonal Road are suitable for increased densities of up to 35 dwellings/hectare, and
- The remainder of the locality is retained for potential reduced housing density, and that further investigations are undertaken to determine whether dwellings/streetscapes maintain sufficient value/amenity to warrant preservation and/or different density criteria.

Locality 2: Potential reduc	ed housing d	ensity area (yellow)				
Locality commentary	Area is located on the western side of Diagonal Road, extending from Dunrobin Road in the south to Balmoral Avenue in the north.					
Current Policy Areas	Northern Polic	y Area 13				
Locality size	31.7 hectares,	containing 419 properties				
Current density	13.2 du/ha					
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	Approx. 25% of properties are within 200 metres of a high frequency bus route on Diagonal Road, and 20% are within 400 metres of a rail station so are suitable for 35 du/ha. Approx. 1/3 of the locality is within 400m of a Neighbourhood Centre, suitable for 20 du/ha. Properties on the western side of the locality do not fall within these catchment areas.					
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	0% (2 properties)				
	1940-1960	38% (160 properties)				
	1960 – 1990	29% (121 properties)				
	> 1990	23% (96 properties)				
	Other	10% (data not available)				
	Summary	Approx. 2/3 of the housing stock is between 25 and 75 years old (38% greater than 55 years old)				
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	49% (205 properties)				
	1.3 - 2.0	32% (135 properties)				
	> 2.0	15% (62 properties)				
	Other	4% (data not available)				
	Summary	Half of the properties have minimal dwelling value compared to land value and are prime for redevelopment				
Streetscape characteristics		ocation of street trees vary throughout the locality. Mix of setbacks ets comprising common setbacks whilst others differ due to recent				
Discussion/Recommendation	Approx. 2/3 of the housing stock is between 25 and 75 years old (38% is greater than 55 years old). Approximately half of the properties have relatively low capital to site value (minimal dwelling value in comparison to the land) suggesting it is primed for redevelopment.					
	Infill development is evident throughout the locality, as approximately 1/4 of dwellings were constructed within the past 25 years.					
	Approximately 25% of the locality is within 200 metres of a high frequency bus route and 20% is within 400 metres of a rail station, suitable for densities of 35 dwellings/hectare.					



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The area is currently zoned Northern Policy Area 13 which anticipated site areas between 250m² and 375m². Assuming an average site area 309m² this equates to a gross density of 21.7 dwellings/hectare.

The northern and western sides of the locality are not well serviced by public transport or activity centres.

- Land within 200 metres of Diagonal Road and 400 metres of the rail station be considered for rezoning to allow for increased housing diversity, with density up to 35 du/ha.
- The remainder of the locality is retained for potential reduced housing density, and that further investigations are undertaken to determine whether dwellings/streetscapes maintain sufficient value/amenity to warrant preservation and/or different density criteria.

Locality 3: Potential incre	ased housin	g diversity area (pink)	
Locality commentary	Area is located on both sides of Diagonal Road, surrounding the Oaklands Park Neighbourhood Centre, north of the trainline, and along the western side of Morphett Road.		
Current Policy Areas	Northern Policy Area 13		
Locality size	11.7 hectares, containing 211 properties		
Current density	18 dwellings/hectare		
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	Entire locality is within 200 metres of high frequency bus routes along Morphett and Diagonal Roads and within 400 metres of activity centres so is suitable for 35 dwellings/hectare.		
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940	2% (4 properties)	
	1940-1960	7% (15 properties)	
	1960 – 1990	61% (129 properties)	
	> 1990	8% (17 properties)	
	Other	22% (data not available)	
	Summary	Housing stock is predominantly 25 to 50 years old. Road layout suggests that much was undertaken around the late 1960's early 1970's?	
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	30% (64 properties)	
	1.3 - 2.0	52% (110 properties)	
	> 2.0	6% (12 properties)	
	Other	12% (data not available)	
	Summary	About 1/3 of the properties have relatively low capital to site value (minimal dwelling value in comparison to the land) suggesting those properties have prime redevelopment potential.	
Discussion / Recommendation	The properties in the locality are between 25 and 75 years old. Of these, approximately 50% have a low capital to site value, suggesting they have prime redevelopment potential. Due to the proximity of the rail line it is suggested that the southern section of the designated locality (3b) be extended to include an area bounded by Egmont in the north, the rail line in the south and the Council boundary to the west. At 50% of the 30 Year Plan guidelines, all properties in the extended area are		
	within 400 metres of the rail station and/or 200 metres of a high frequency bus route; being appropriate for densities of 35 dwellings/hectare.		



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It is noted that the eastern portion of the locality (bounded by Warradale Primary School, Morphett Road, Diagonal Road and Prunus Street) has been identified as a "high density mixed use node" on Draft Strategic Structure Plans prepared by the Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure (DPTI). The area is described as being targeted for "high intensity mixed uses, including multi storey residential, contributing to a mid-south CBD and supported by improved public space and pedestrian connections."

The Draft Structure Plans prepared by DPTI will be available for viewing by Committee Members at the meeting of the Urban Planning Committee held on 5 April 2016.

The northern part of the locality fronting Morphett Road (3a) is in close proximity to a high frequency bus route therefore being suitable for densities of 35 duh/a. The 30 Year Plan guidelines (50% of) suggest that properties within 200 metres of the bus route should be developed at a density of 35 du/ha (as mentioned in Locality 1 above). The appropriate allotment depth for taller/higher density development will require further investigation.

- The southern section of the locality be extended to include an area bounded by Egmont in the north, the rail line in the south and the Council boundary to the west.
- This extended area allow for increased densities of up to 35 du/ha.
- The northern section fronting Morphett Road be rezoned to allow for increased densities of up to 35 dwellings/hectare.
- Further investigations be undertaken to ascertain the appropriate allotment depth (may be dependent on whether area is to be rezoned 'Urban Corridor' – seeking taller/higher densities, or up-zoned to a medium density form of development).

Locality 4: Potential incre	ased housin	g diversity area (pink)
Locality commentary	Area is located on the southern side of the trainline, including Struan, Mattson and Alisa Streets, and properties facing Morphett Road	
Current Policy Areas	Northern Policy Area 13	
Locality size	9.5 hectares,	containing 119 properties
Current density	12.5 dwellings	s/hectare
Proximity to public transport and activity centres	The defined locality, and in fact, the entire area between the rail line, Sturt Road, Morphett Road and the Council boundary to the east, is very well located in relation to both public transport (train station, high frequency bus routes), Marion Regional Centre and two smaller local centres. Densities of between 35 and 60 dwellings/hectare are suitable in a majority of this extended location.	
Age of dwelling stock	< 1940 1940-1960	6% (7 properties) 27% (32 properties)
	1960 – 1990	23% (27 properties)
	> 1990	29% (35 properties)
	Other	15% (data not available)
	Summary	There is an even distribution of age throughout this small locality, with 50% of dwellings greater than 25 years old and nearly 30% built in the last 25 years.
Capital to site value ratio	1.0 – 1.3	46% (55 properties)
	1.3 - 2.0	25% (30 properties)
	> 2.0	20% (24 properties)

<u>Warradale</u>



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Other	9% (data not available)
Summary	Nearly half of the properties within this locality have relatively low capital to site value (minimal dwelling value in comparison to the land) suggesting those properties have prime redevelopment potential.

Discussion/Recommendation

Due to the excellent proximity to public transport and the regional centre of the entire area between the rail line, Sturt Road, Morphett Road and the Council boundary to the east, it is suggested that the designated locality be extended to include this entire area.

At 50% of the 30 Year Plan guidelines, almost half of the properties in the extended area are within 400 metres of the regional centre, being appropriate for densities of 60 dwellings/hectare. Over 60% of the extended locality is within 400 metres of the rail station or 200 metres of a high frequency bus route; being appropriate for densities of 35 dwellings/hectare. Only a small portion of this extended locality (centrally located on the western side) is outside any form of catchment (using the 50% of 30 Year Plan Guidelines)

Apart from dwellings that have been constructed in the last 15 years, a majority of housing stock is at least 55 years old and has a low capital to site value; suggesting they have prime redevelopment potential.

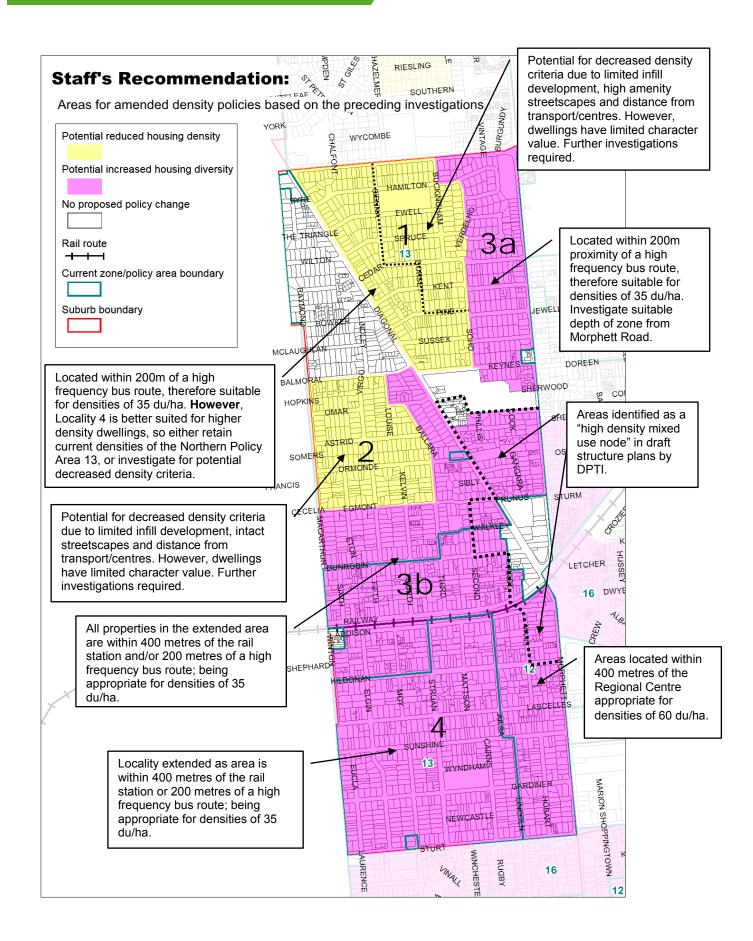
It is noted that the areas surrounding Oaklands Station have been identified as a "high density mixed use node" on Draft Strategic Structure Plans prepared by the Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure (DPTI). The area is described as being targeted for "high intensity mixed uses, including multi storey residential, contributing to a mid-south CBD and supported by improved public space and pedestrian connections." Properties fronting Morphett Road have been identified as "Corridor (Mixed Infill)".

The Draft Structure Plans prepared by DPTI will be available for viewing by Committee Members at the meeting of the Urban Planning Committee held on 5 April 2016.

- The locality is extended to include the entire area between the rail line, Sturt Road, Morphett Road and the Council boundary to the east.
- That part of the locality within 400 metres of Morphett Road allow for increased densities up to 60 dwellings/hectare.
- The remainder of the locality allow for increased densities up to 35 dwellings/hectare.



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26 April 2016

Honourable John Rau MP Minister for Planning GPO Box 464 ADELAIDE SA 5001

Dear Minister Rau

Re: City of Marion Housing Diversity Development Plan Amendment (DPA)

The City of Marion intends to undertake a "Housing Diversity" Development Plan Amendment (DPA).

Council was initially considering undertaking a number of residential DPAs (as outlined in Marion's Strategic Directions Report of 2013), including:

- Facilitating greater housing diversity and densities in appropriate locations along transit corridors and near activity centres (reflecting the directions of the 30 Year Plan for Greater Adelaide);
- Increasing opportunities for greater housing diversity and medium-high densities in appropriate areas in the southern portion of the Council area;
- Incorporation of additional areas within the Residential Character Policy Area 17, as proposed in Council's Residential Character DPA of 2013 (which is still on hold before DPTI awaiting the results of the "Southern Transit Corridor" Structure Planning):
- Retaining areas which are not in proximity to activity centres or public transport, and which demonstrate an established streetscape character, by minimising potential for infill development; and
- Investigating areas for mixed use development along higher order roads.

More recently, Council and DPTI have been discussing the option of creating a single DPA that covers the various strategic aims in one document - providing opportunity for a better managed, coordinated and balanced approach for growth in the Council area (known as the "Housing Diversity DPA").

Council is currently undertaking investigations regarding the existing nature of suburbs within the City of Marion. The analyses consider the suburb's characteristics (including proximity to public transport stations, activity centres, public open space, age of dwelling stock, capital/site values, key demographics, current density, recent development activity, topography, streetscape characteristics, etc.) to assess suitability for increased housing diversity. Please find enclosed a copy of a draft suburb analysis for Plympton Park. Council's Administration staff has completed a similar analysis for each suburb within the City of Marion.

Once this information has been reviewed by Council's Urban Planning Committee, Council

intends to submit a Statement of Intent (SOI) to the Minister.

Council understands that the State Government is currently reviewing *The 30-Year Plan for Greater Adelaide*, and is preparing a *Planning, Development and Infrastructure Bill*, which will become the *Planning, Development and Infrastructure Act 2015.*

Given the relevance of these upcoming legislative changes, Council seeks advice whether Council's proposed Housing Diversity DPA is consistent with the State Government's future directions.

Council requests guidance from the Minister at this stage of the DPA (prior to preparing and submitting a SOI) in order to ensure that the investigations, information and directions within the SOI are relevant to and consistent with future State legislation.

It would be appreciated if you could advise of your position as soon as possible to enable Council to continue with preparation of the Statement of Intent (SOI).

Please do not hesitate to contact me on the details below if you have any questions in relation to this matter.

Yours sincerely

Adrian Skull

Chief Executive Officer – City of Marion